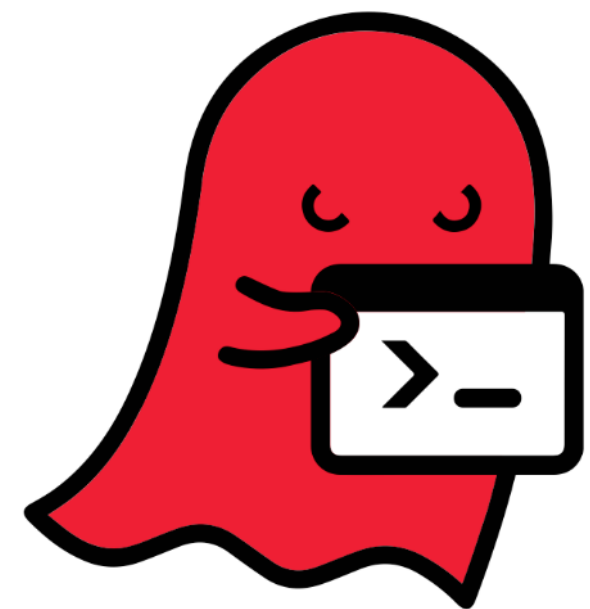




Buffer Overflows



Address space layout,
the stack discipline,
+ C's lack of bounds-checking
= HUGE PROBLEM



FEBRUARY 26, 2024

Statements of Support for Software Measurability and Memory Safety



▶ ONCD

▶ BRIEFING ROOM

▶ PRESS RELEASE

Read the full report [here](#)

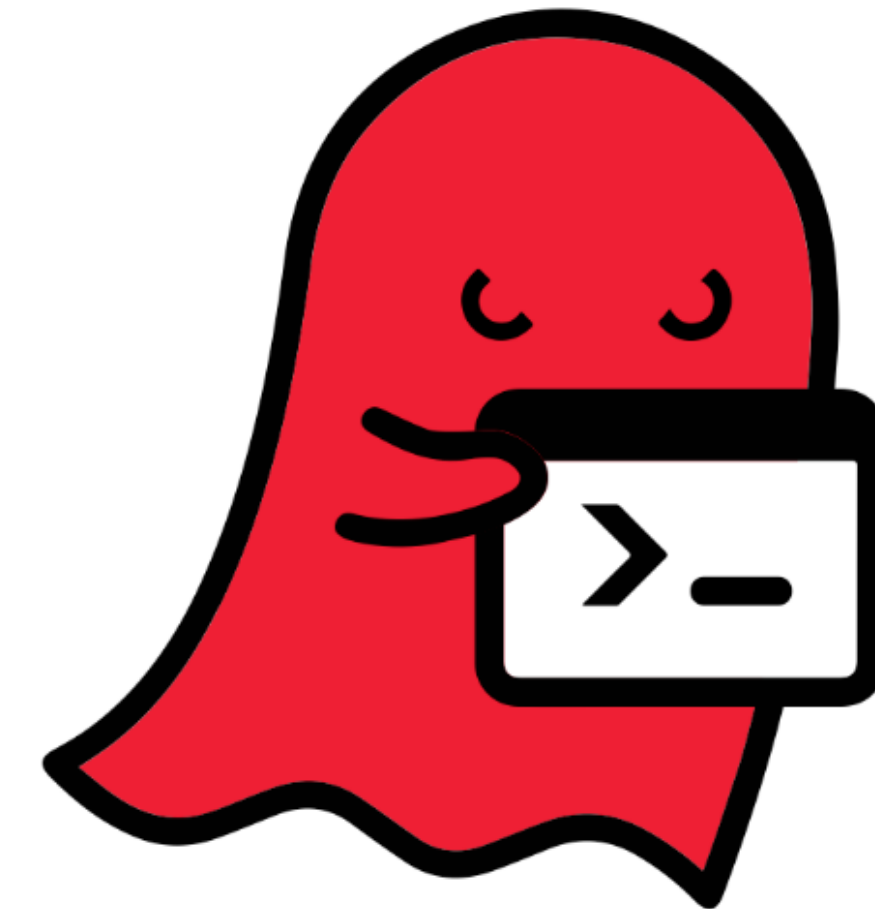
Read the fact sheet [here](#)

Today, the Office of the National Cyber Director released a new Technical Report titled [“Back to the Building Blocks: A Path Toward Secure and Measurable Software.”](#) This report builds upon the President’s National Cybersecurity Strategy, addressing the technical community to tackle undiscovered vulnerabilities that malicious actors can exploit.

Outline

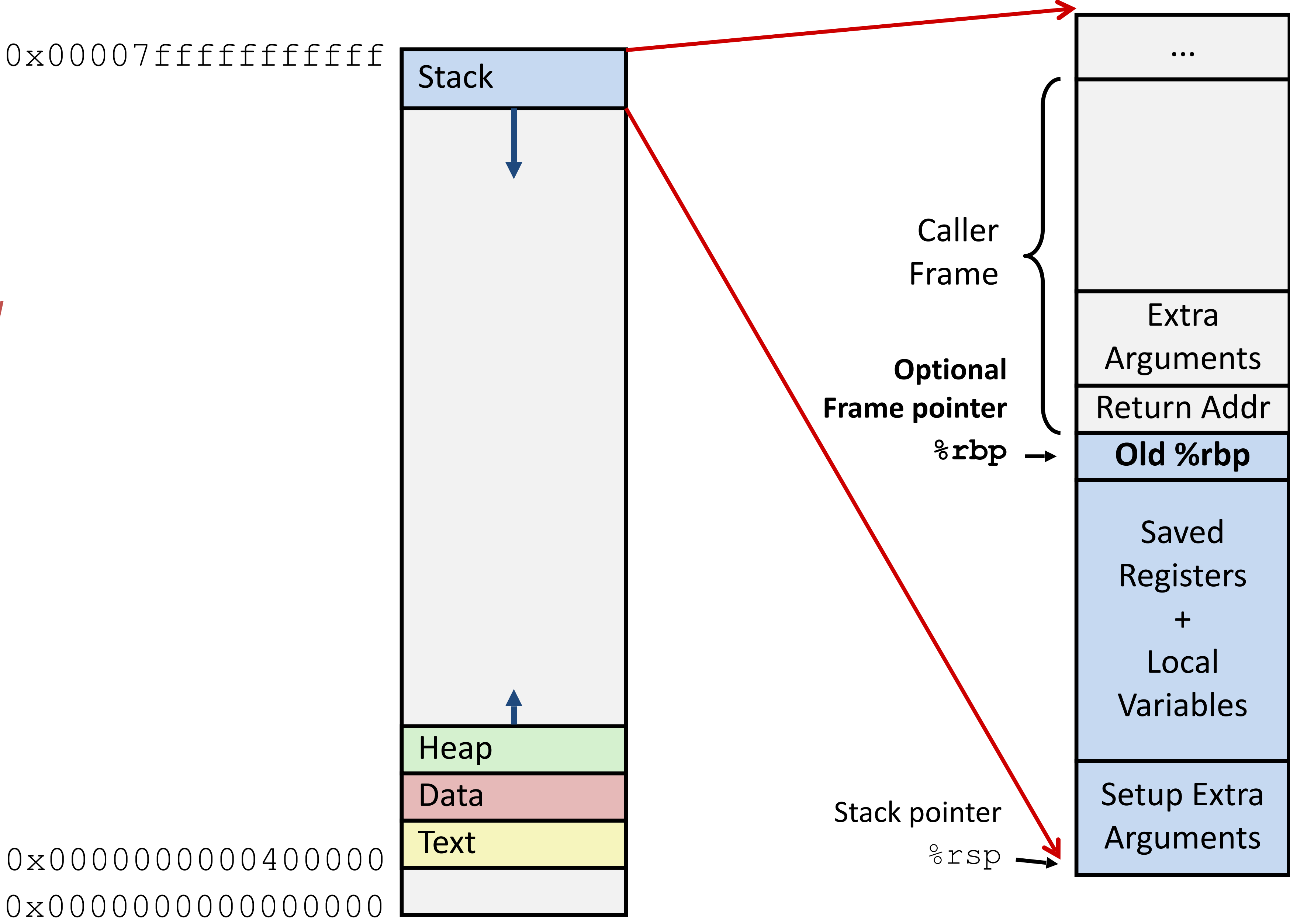
Goal: how the stack + lack of bounds checking make C program vulnerable to a certain (serious!) type of **security vulnerability**

- Understanding buffer overflows
 - Refresher on memory layout
 - C library function: `gets`
 - `gets` + `echo` buffer overflow example
 - You: simplified security exploit example
- Buffer overflows in the wild
 - When this is a problem
 - Real-world implications



x86-64 Linux memory layout

Not drawn to scale!



C: String library code

C standard library function `gets()`

```
/* Get string from stdin */
char* gets(char* dest) {
    int c = getchar();
    char* p = dest;
    while (c != EOF && c != '\n') {
        *p++ = c;
        c = getchar();
    }
    *p = '\0';
    return dest;
}
```

pointer to start of an array

Read a character from standard input

same as:

```
*p = c;
p = p + 1;
```

What could go wrong when **using** this code?

C: String library code

C standard library function **gets** ()

```
/* Get string from stdin */
char* gets(char* dest) {
    int c = getchar();
    char* p = dest;
    while (c != EOF && c != '\n') {
        *p++ = c;
        c = getchar();
    }
    *p = '\0';
    return dest;
}
```

pointer to start of an array

Read a character from standard input

same as:

```
*p = c;
p = p + 1;
```

What could go wrong when **using** this code?

Same problem in many C library functions:

strcpy: Copies string of arbitrary length

scanf, **fscanf**, **sscanf**, when given **%s** conversion specification

C: Vulnerable buffer code using gets (...)

```
/* Echo Line */  
void echo() {  
    char buf[4]; /* Way too small! */  
    gets(buf);  
    puts(buf);  
}
```

These two lines of code introduce a vulnerability!

print a string to standard output

```
int main() {  
    printf("Type a string:");  
    echo();  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
$ ./bufdemo  
Type a string:123  
123
```

```
$ ./bufdemo  
Type a string: 012345678901234567890123  
012345678901234567890123
```

```
$ ./bufdemo  
Type a string: 0123456789012345678901234  
Segmentation Fault
```

Vulnerable buffer code using gets : disassembled x86

echo code

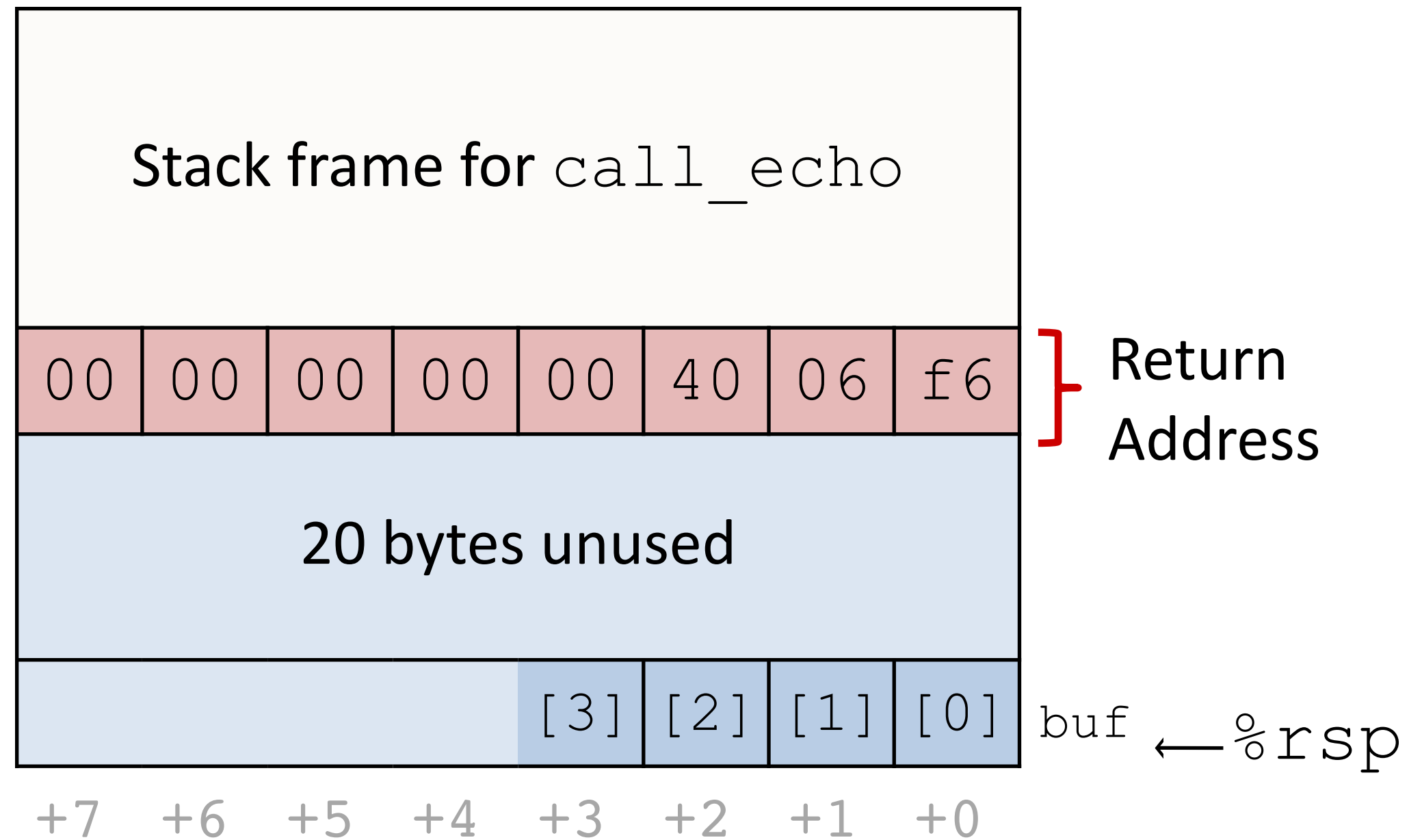
```
00000000004006cf <echo>:
4006cf:  48 83 ec 18          sub    $24,%rsp
4006d3:  48 89 e7            mov    %rsp,%rdi
4006d6:  e8 a5 ff ff ff     callq 400680 <gets>
4006db:  48 89 e7            mov    %rsp,%rdi
4006de:  e8 3d fe ff ff     callq 400520 <puts@plt>
4006e3:  48 83 c4 18        add    $24,%rsp
4006e7:  c3                retq
```

caller code

```
4006e8:  48 83 ec 08        sub    $0x8,%rsp
4006ec:  b8 00 00 00 00     mov    $0x0,%eax
4006f1:  e8 d9 ff ff ff     callq 4006cf <echo>
4006f6:  48 83 c4 08        add    $0x8,%rsp
4006fa:  c3                retq
```


Buffer overflow example: before input

Before call to gets



```
void echo() {  
    char buf[4];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
}
```

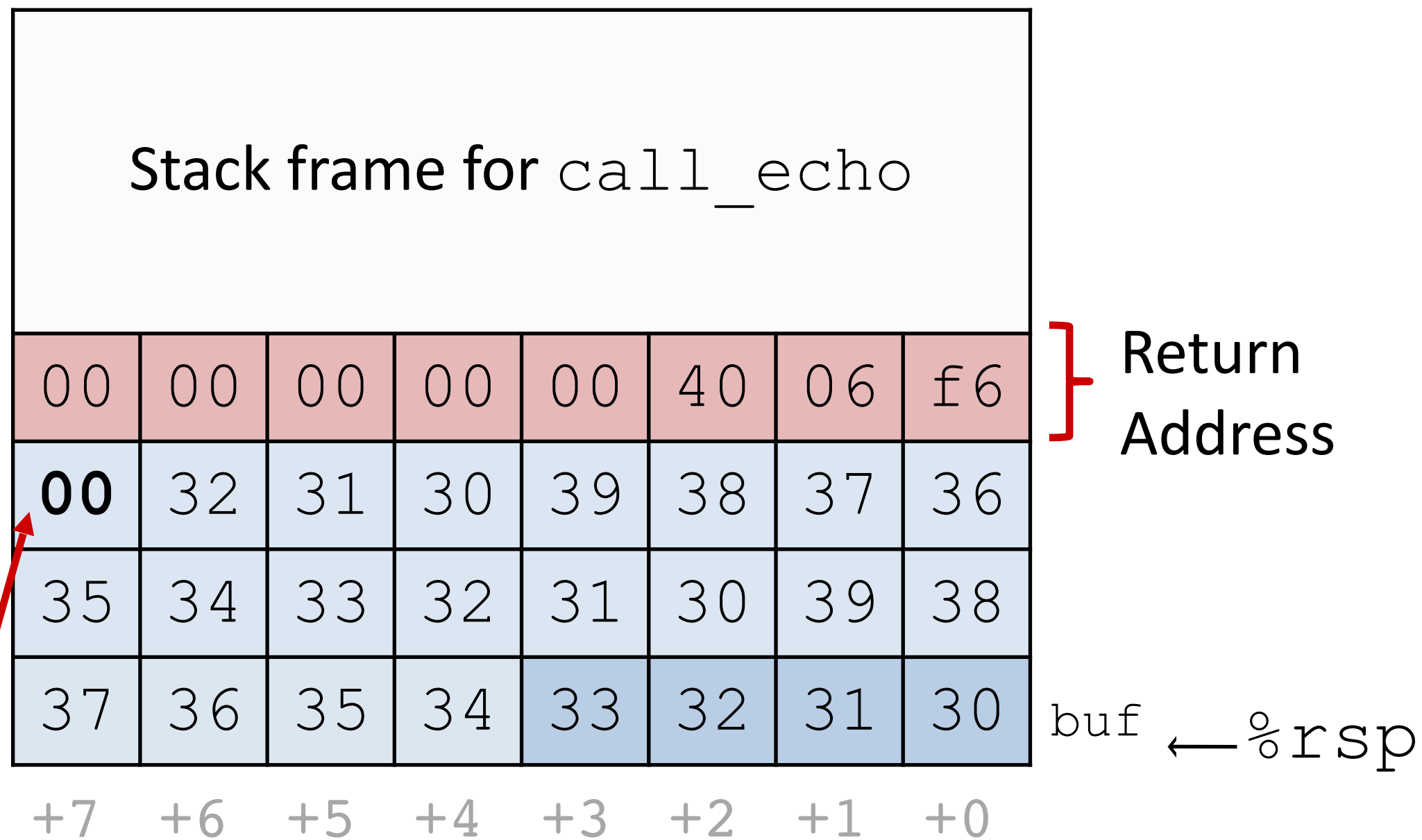
```
echo:  
    subq    $24, %rsp  
    movq    %rsp, %rdi  
    call   gets  
    . . .
```

call_echo:

```
. . .  
4006f1:    callq   4006cf <echo>  
4006f6:    add     $0x8,%rsp  
. . .
```

Buffer overflow example: input #1

After call to gets



```
void echo() {
    char buf[4];
    gets(buf);
    ...
}
echo:
    subq $24, %rsp
    movq %rsp, %rdi
    call gets
    . . .
```

call_echo:

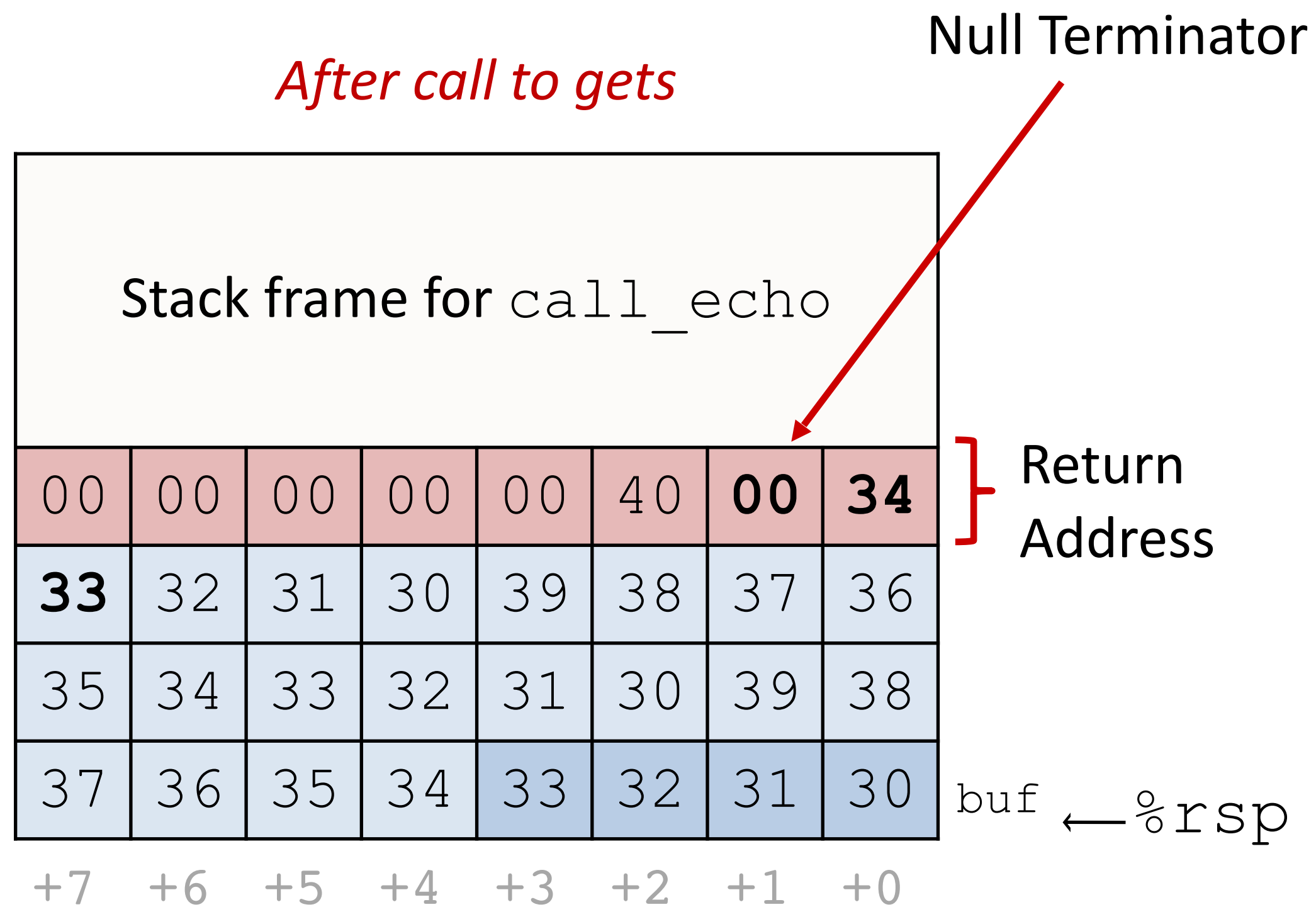
```
. . .
4006f1: callq 4006cf <echo>
4006f6: add $0x8,%rsp
. . .
```

```
$ ./bufdemo
Type a string: 01234567890123456789012
01234567890123456789012
```

Overflowed buffer, but did not corrupt state

Null Terminator

Buffer overflow example: input #2



```
void echo() {
    char buf[4];
    gets(buf);
    ...
}

echo:
    subq    $24, %rsp
    movq    %rsp, %rdi
    call   gets
    . . .
```

call_echo:

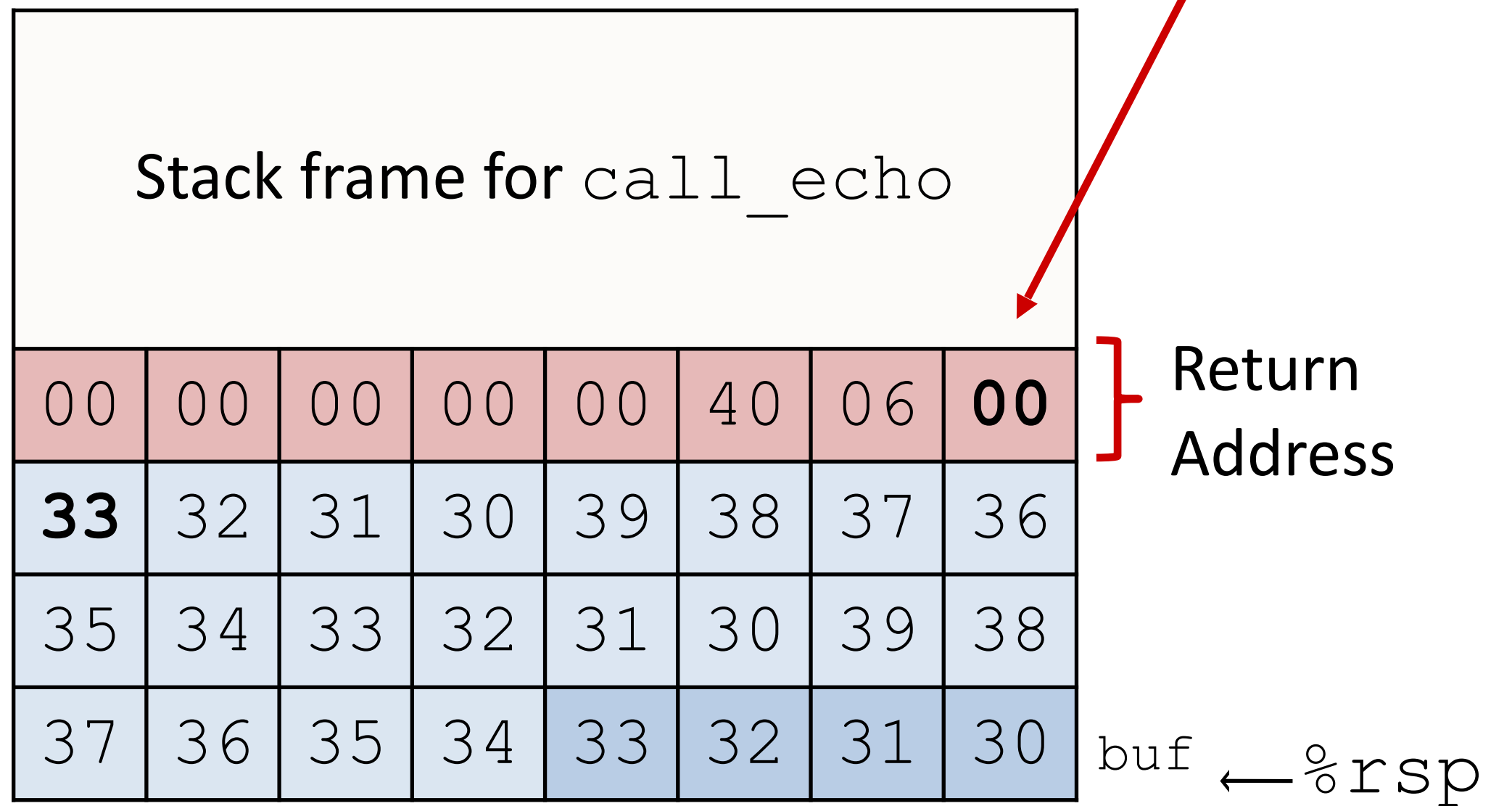
```
. . .
4006f1:    callq   4006cf <echo>
4006f6:    add     $0x8,%rsp
. . .
```

```
unix> ./bufdemo
Type a string: 0123456789012345678901234
Segmentation Fault
```

Overflowed buffer and corrupted return pointer

Buffer overflow example: input #3

After call to gets



```
void echo() {
    char buf[4];
    gets(buf);
    ...
}

echo:
    subq    $24, %rsp
    movq   %rsp, %rdi
    call  gets
    . . .
```

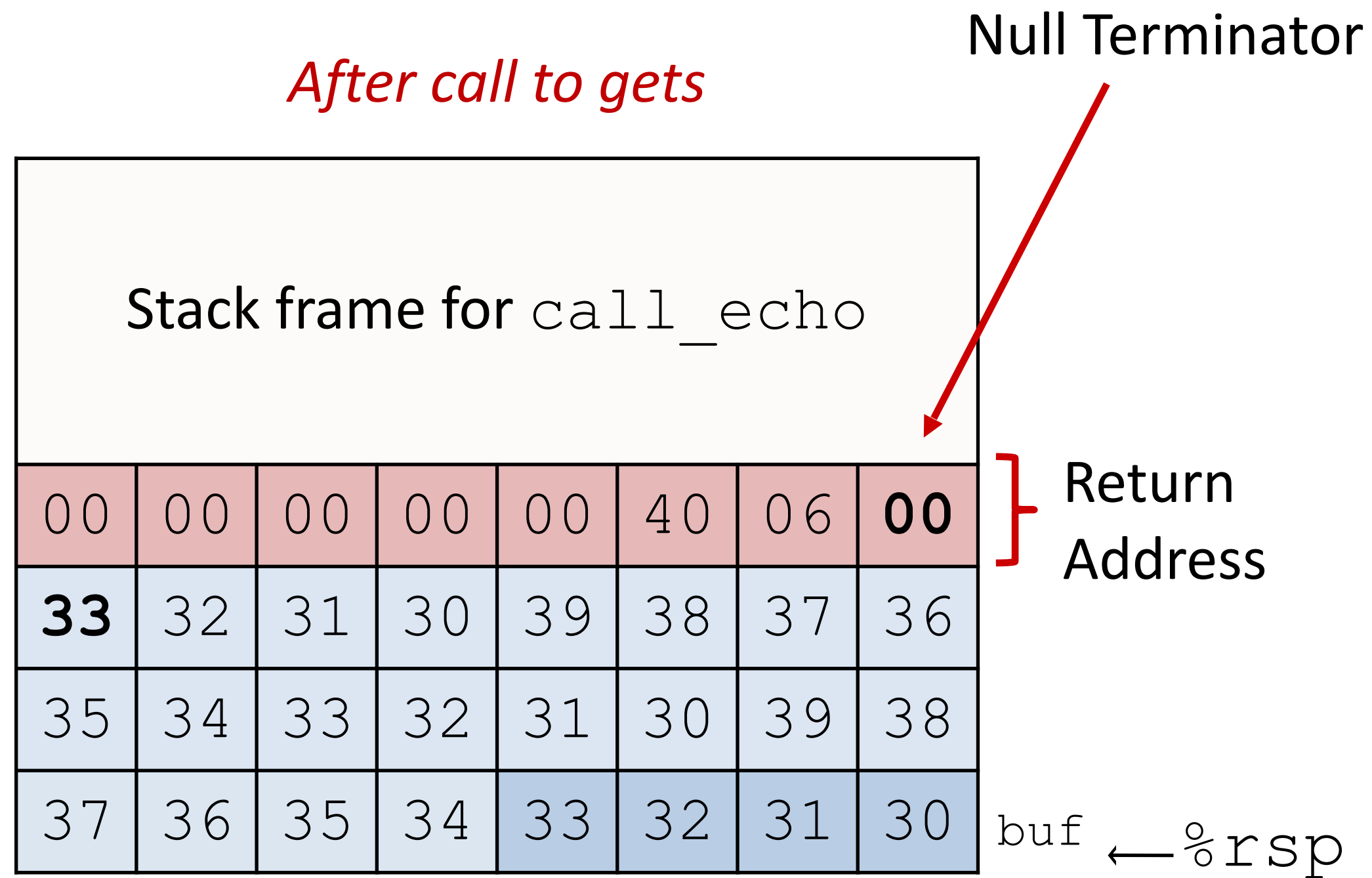
call_echo:

```
. . .
4006f1: callq 4006cf <echo>
4006f6: add    $0x8,%rsp
. . .
```

```
unix> ./bufdemo-nsp
Type a string: 012345678901234567890123
012345678901234567890123
```

Overflowed buffer, corrupted return pointer, but program seems to work?!

Buffer overflow example: input #3



Some other place in `.text`

```
. . .
400600:  mov    %rsp,%rbp
400603:  mov    %rax,%rdx
400606:  shr   $0x3f,%rdx
40060a:  add   %rdx,%rax
40060d:  sar   %rax
400610:  jne   400614
400612:  pop   %rbp
400613:  retq
```

Works because: “Returns” to unrelated code, despite what the C code had!
Lots of things happen, without modifying critical state
Eventually executes `retq` back to `main`

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

```
#include <stdio.h>

void delete_all_files() {
    // ... users shouldn't be able to call this
}

void read_input() {
    char buf[8];
    gets(buf);
}

int main() {
    read_input();
}
```

```
read_input:
401126: subq    $8, %rsp
40112a: leaq   (%rsp), %rdi
40112f: movl   $0, %eax
401134: call   gets
401139: addq   $24, %rsp
40113d: ret
```

```
delete_all_files:
40003e: call   evil
    ...
```

```
main:
    ...
400048: call   read_input
40004d: addq   $8, %rsp
400051: ret
```

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

read_input:

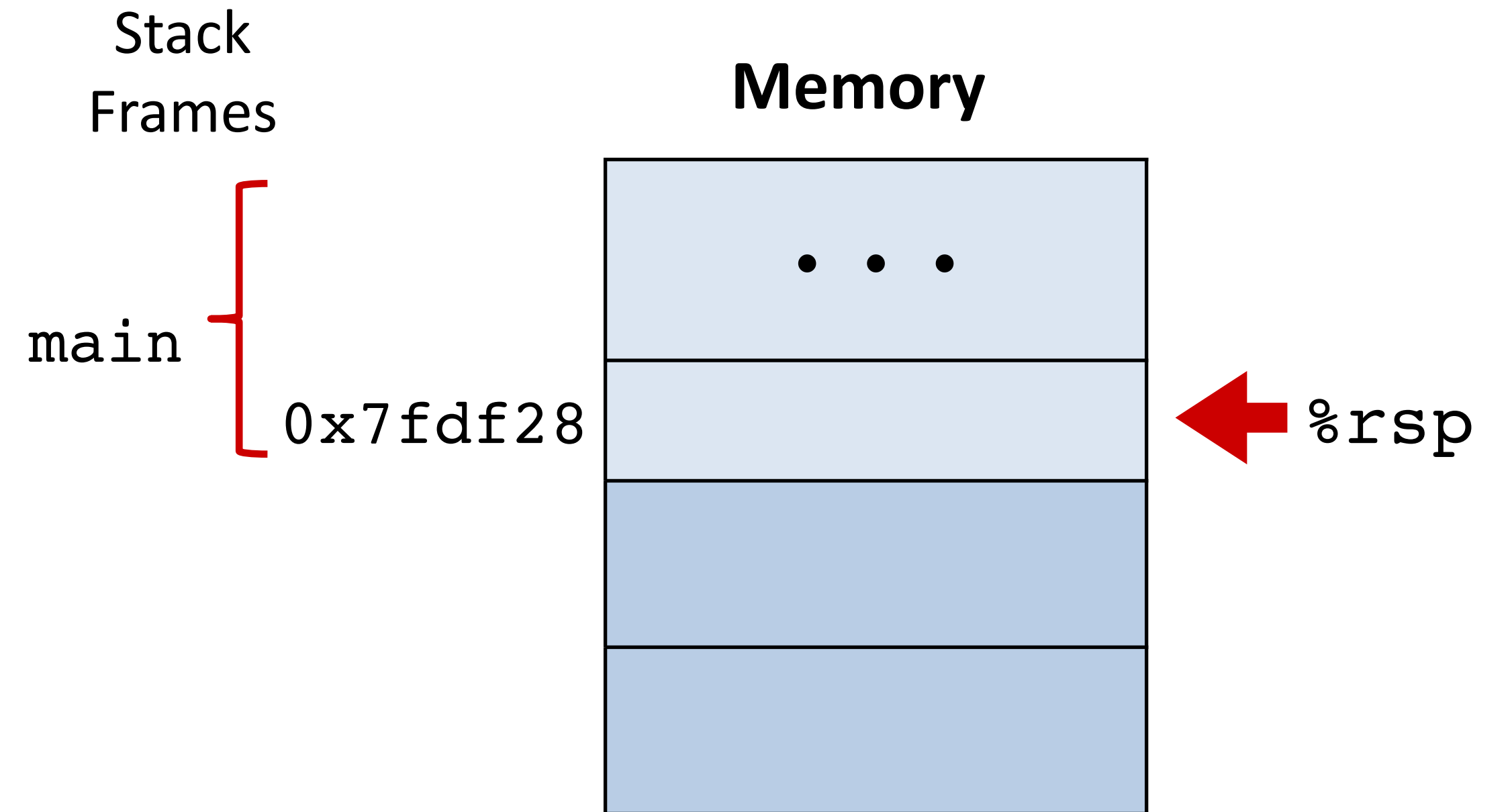
```
401126: subq    $8, %rsp
40112a: leaq   (%rsp), %rdi
40112f: movl   $0, %eax
401134: call   gets
401139: addq   $24, %rsp
40113d: ret
```

delete_all_files:

```
40003e: call   evil
...
```

main:

```
...
400048: call   read_input
40004d: addq   $8, %rsp
400051: ret
```



Update the stack and registers diagram to the state at the red line

%rdi

%rsp

%rip

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

read_input:

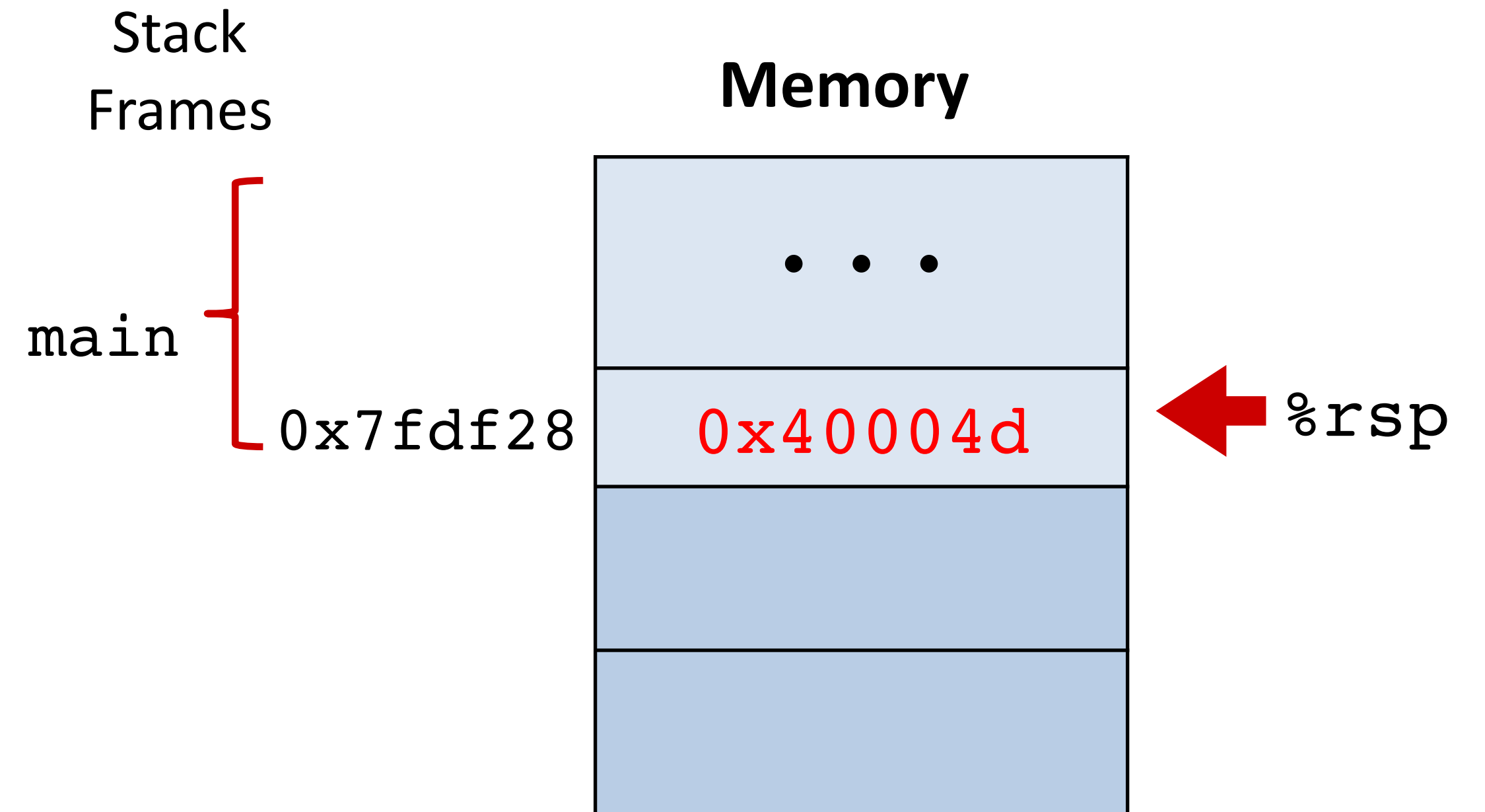
```
401126: subq    $8, %rsp
40112a: leaq   (%rsp), %rdi
40112f: movl   $0, %eax
401134: call   gets
401139: addq   $24, %rsp
40113d: ret
```

delete_all_files:

```
40003e: call   evil
...
```

main:

```
...
400048: call   read_input
40004d: addq   $8, %rsp
400051: ret
```



Update the stack and registers diagram to the state at the red line

%rdi



%rsp



%rip

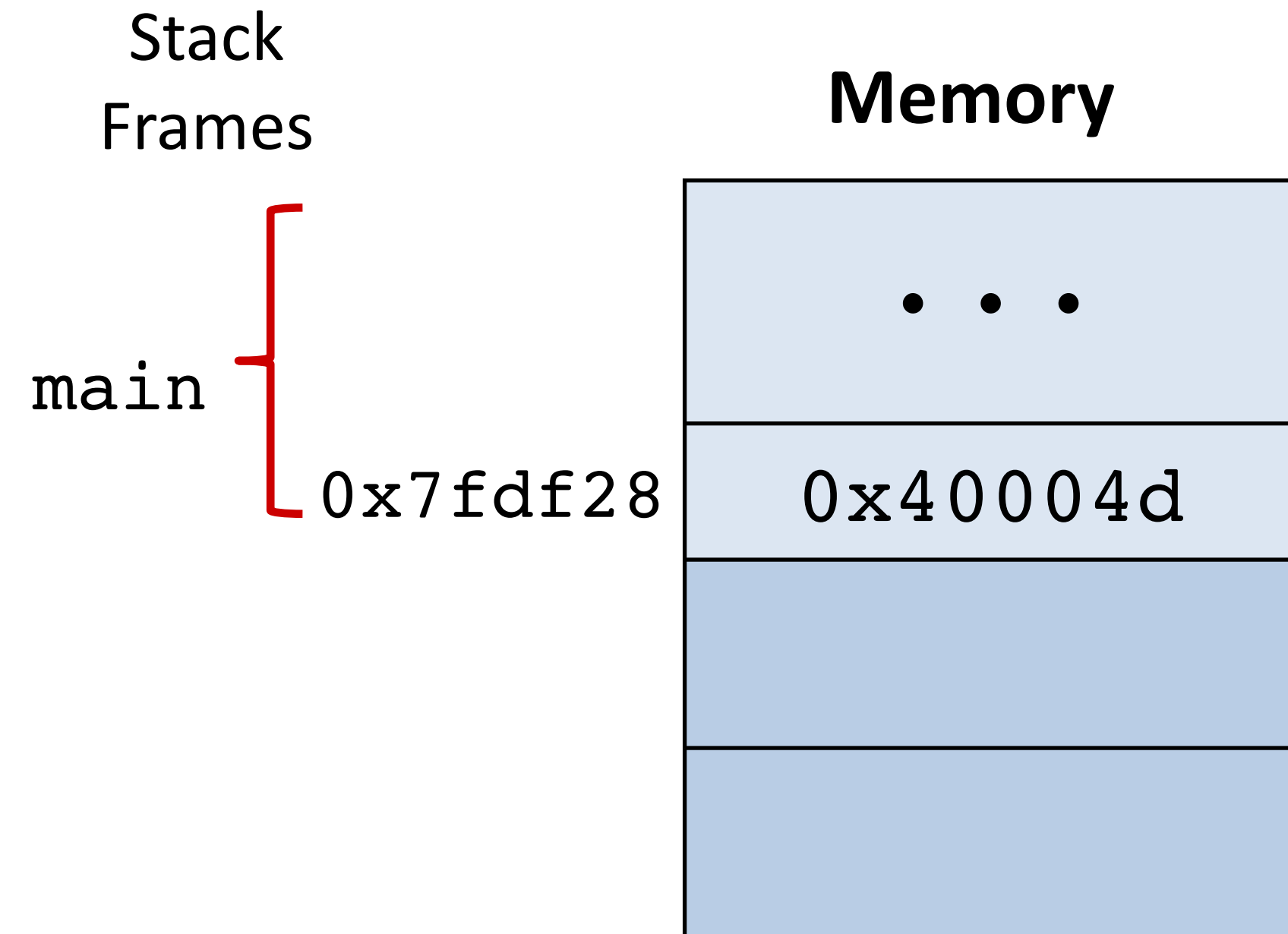


Simplified exploit example (no padding)

```
read_input:  
401126: subq    $8, %rsp  
40112a: leaq   (%rsp), %rdi  
40112f: movl   $0, %eax  
401134: call   gets  
401139: addq   $24, %rsp  
40113d: ret
```

```
delete_all_files:  
40003e: call   evil  
...
```

```
main:  
...  
400048: call   read_input  
40004d: addq   $8, %rsp  
400051: ret
```



Update the stack and registers diagram to the state at the red line

%rdi

%rsp

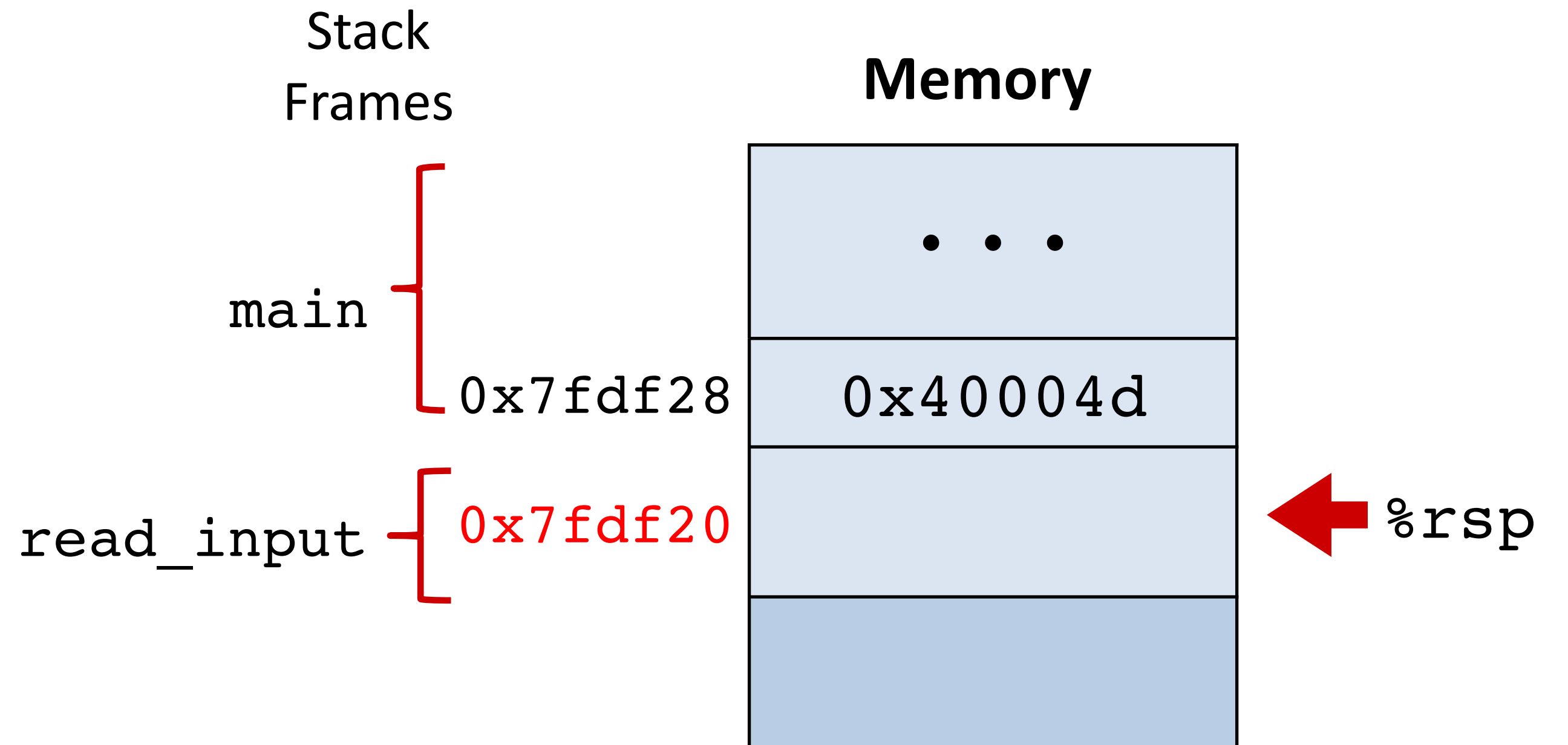
%rip

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

```
read_input:  
401126: subq    $8, %rsp  
40112a: leaq   (%rsp), %rdi  
40112f: movl   $0, %eax  
401134: call   gets  
401139: addq   $24, %rsp  
40113d: ret
```

```
delete_all_files:  
40003e: call   evil  
...
```

```
main:  
...  
400048: call   read_input  
40004d: addq   $8, %rsp  
400051: ret
```



Update the stack and registers diagram to the state at the red line

%rdi

0x7fdf20

%rsp

0x7fdf20

%rip

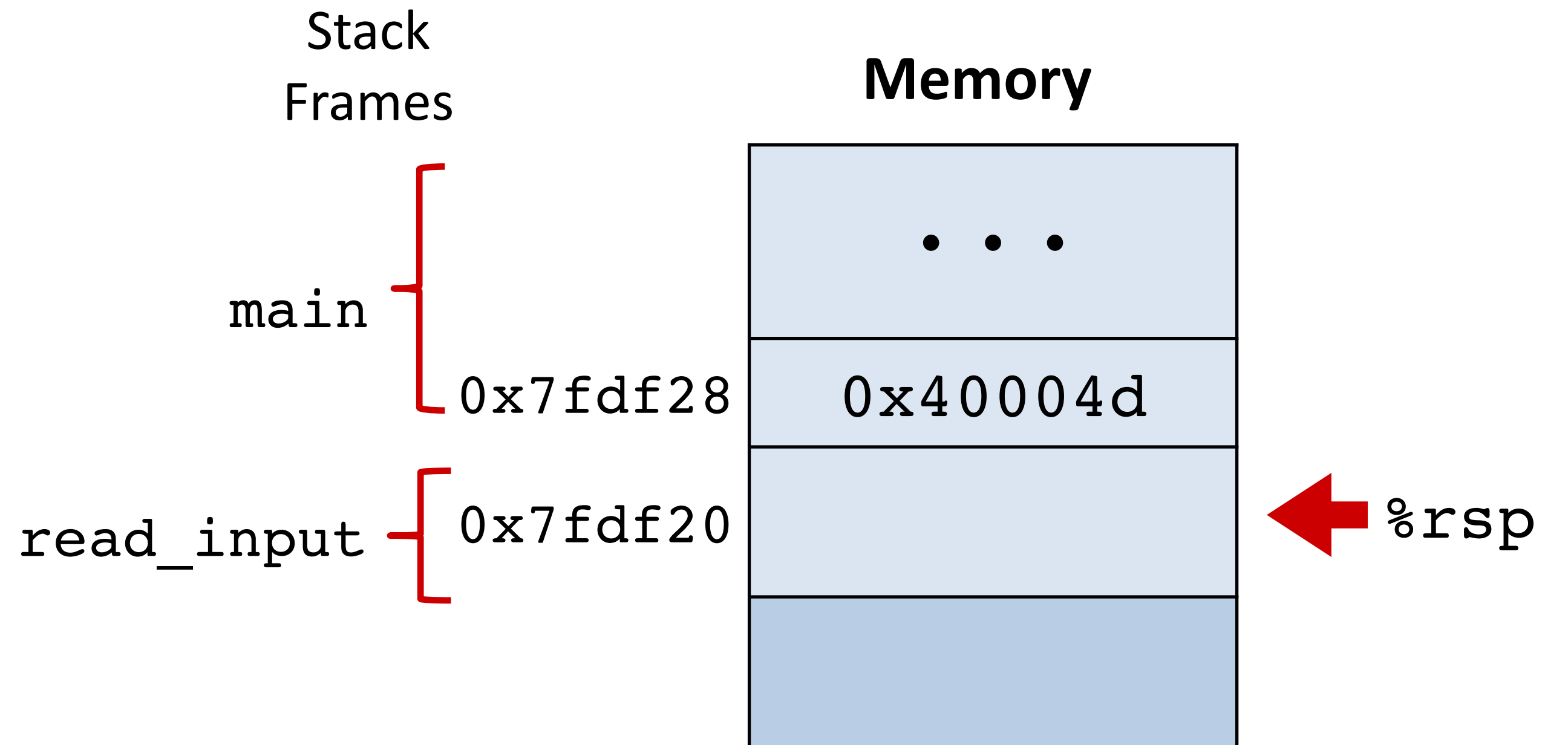
0x40112f

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

```
read_input:  
401126: subq    $8, %rsp  
40112a: leaq   (%rsp), %rdi  
40112f: movl   $0, %eax  
401134: call   gets  
401139: addq   $8, %rsp  
40113d: ret
```

```
delete_all_files:  
40003e: call   evil  
...
```

```
main:  
...  
400048: call   read_input  
40004d: addq   $8, %rsp  
400051: ret
```



Discuss: what address would we want to appear, and where, to have our exploit delete all files?

Draw out the bytes (in hex) of the exploit string.

%rdi

0x7fdf20

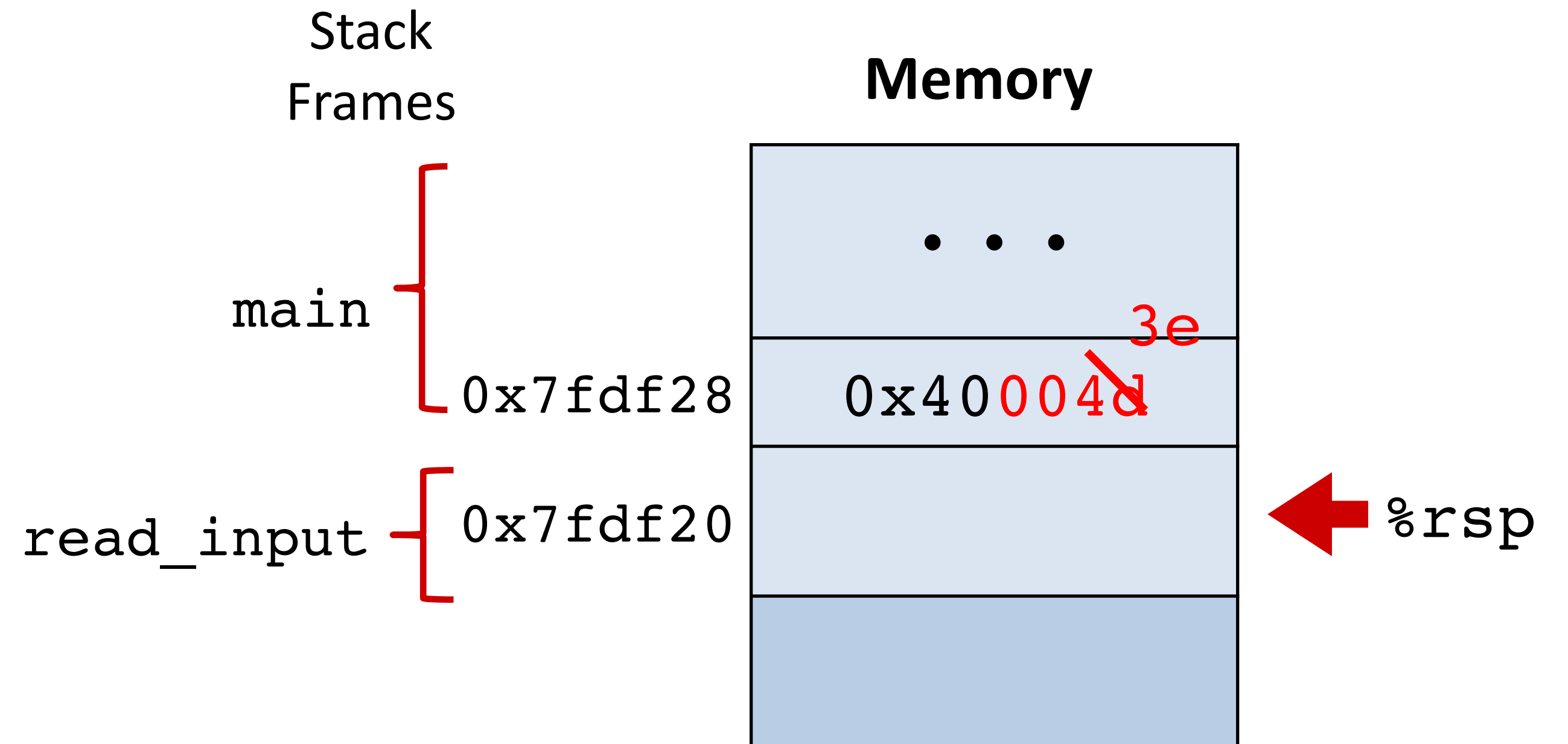
arg to gets is 0x7fdf20

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

```
read_input:  
401126: subq    $8, %rsp  
40112a: leaq   (%rsp), %rdi  
40112f: movl   $0, %eax  
401134: call   gets  
401139: addq   $8, %rsp  
40113d: ret
```

```
delete_all_files:  
40003e: call   evil  
...
```

```
main:  
...  
400048: call   read_input  
40004d: addq   $8, %rsp  
400051: ret
```



Discuss: what address would we want to appear, and where, to have our exploit delete all files?

Draw out the bytes (in hex) of the exploit string.

9 bytes, since we only need to overwrite part of the address

input:

any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	any	3e
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----

we could also write 16 bytes (2 words) to go to any address!

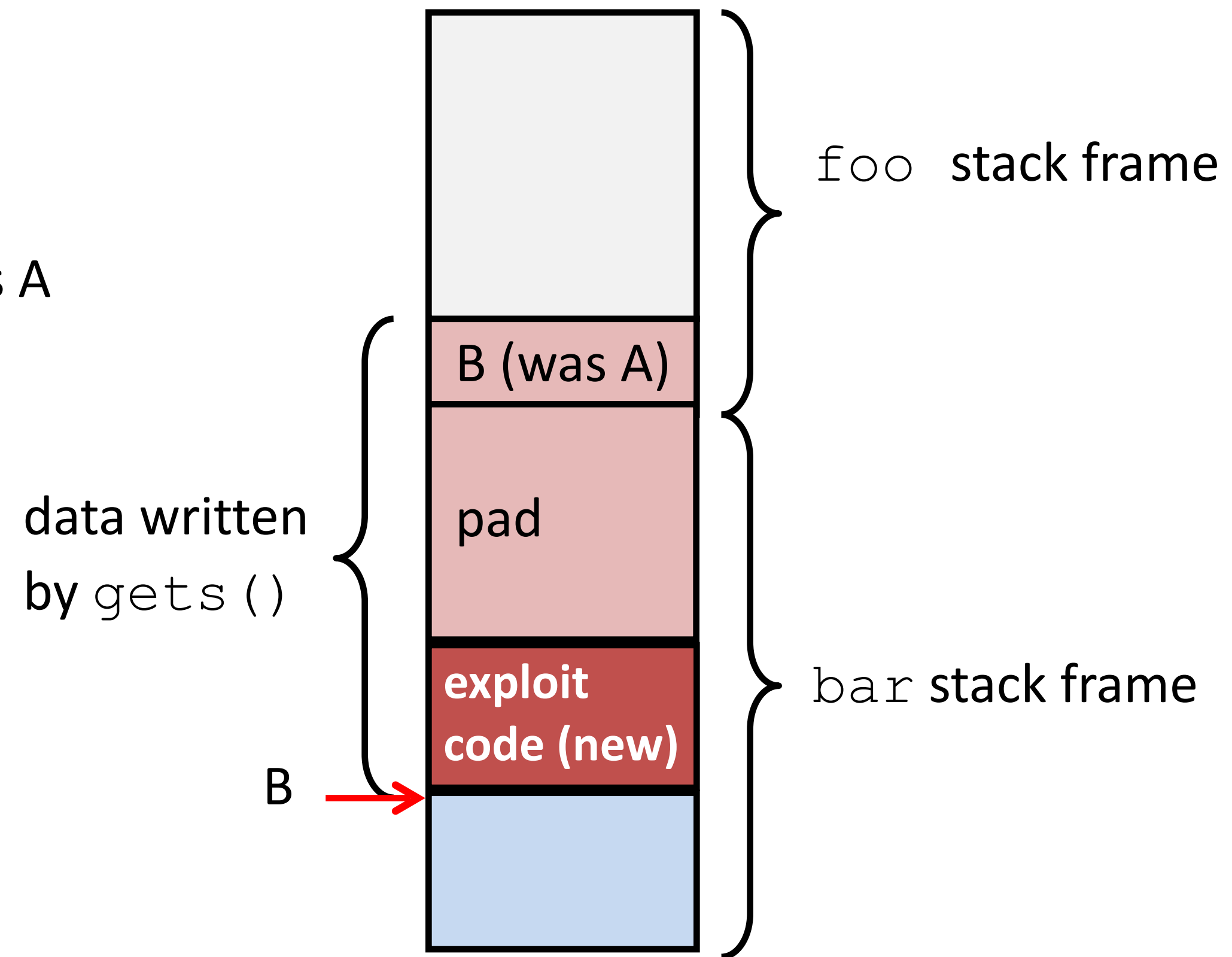
Exploiting buffer overflows: arbitrary code

```
void foo() {  
    bar();  
    ...  
}
```

return address A

```
int bar() {  
    char buf[64];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
    return ...;  
}
```

Stack after call to gets ()



Exploiting buffer overflows: when is this a problem?

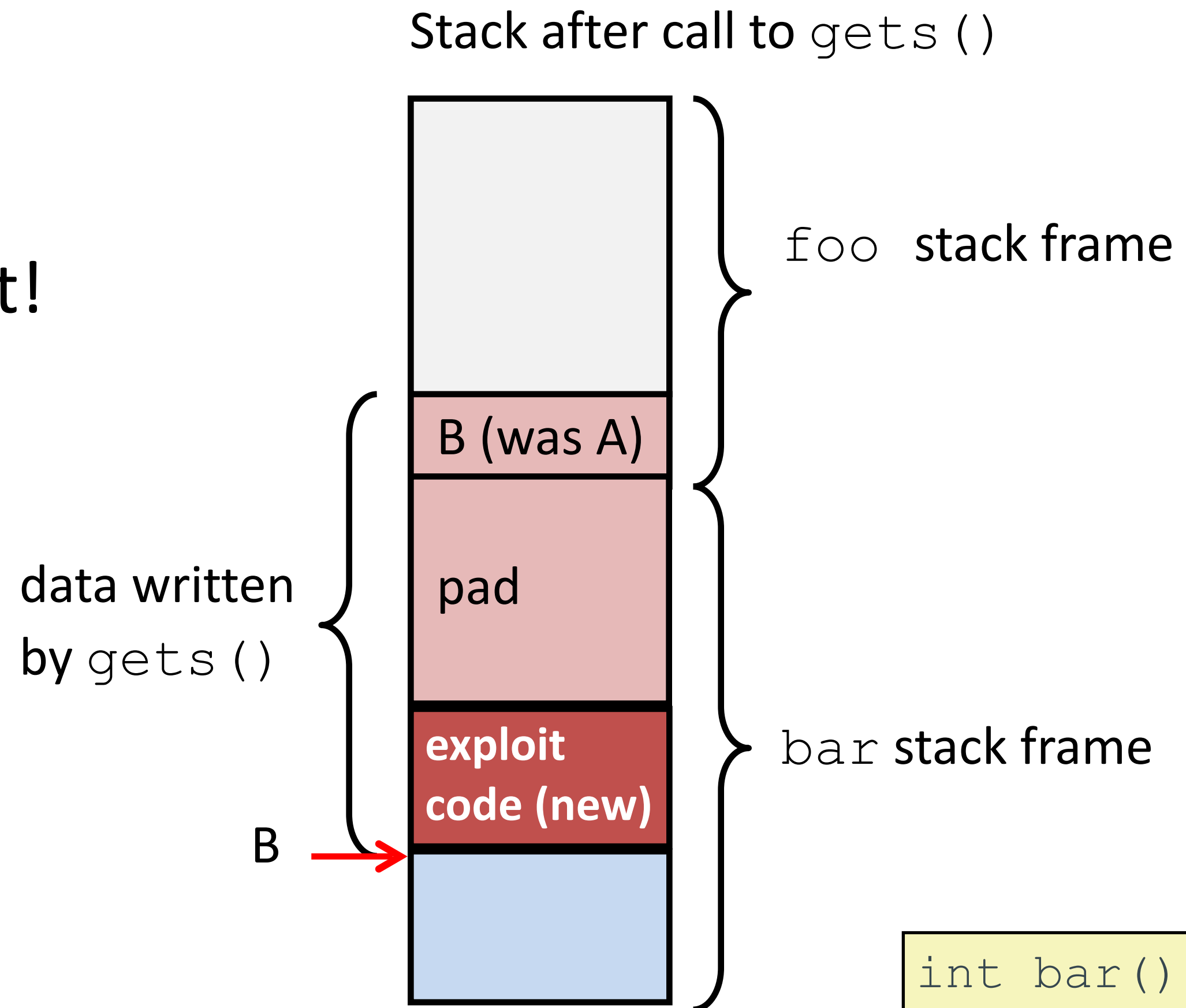
We could construct x86 code to mess up our own programs call stack

But, we trust our own code to not!

The problem: allowing **user input (untrusted source)** to potentially corrupt the stack

Combination of: untrusted input, code that does not enforce bounds

gets(input); strcpy(input, ...); scanf(input, ...); etc



```
int bar() {  
    char buf[64];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
    return ...;  
}
```

Exploits in the wild

Buffer overflow bugs allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code on machines running vulnerable software.

1988: Internet worm

Early versions of the finger server daemon (fingerd) used `gets ()` to read the argument sent by the client:

```
finger somebody@cs.wellesley.edu
```

 *commandline facebook of the 80s!*

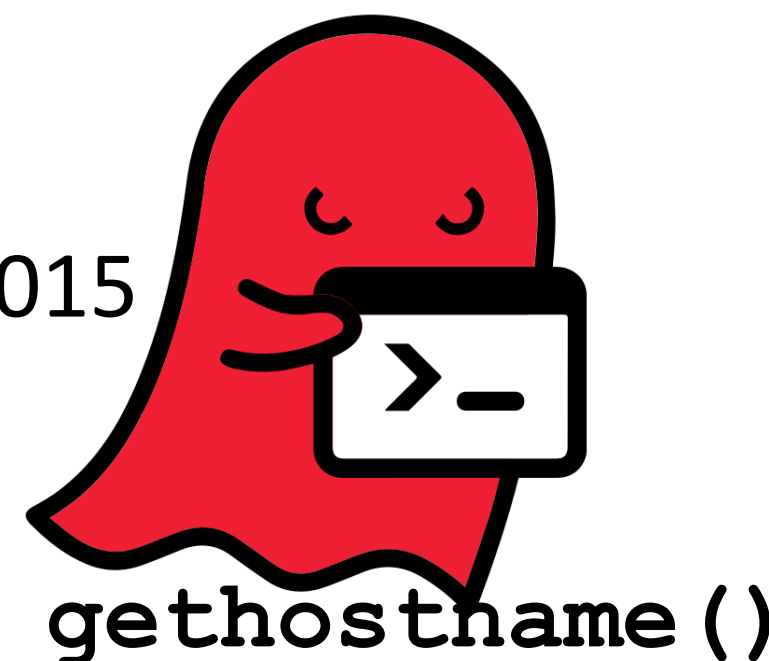
Attack by sending phony argument:

```
finger "exploit-code padding new-return-address"
```

...

Still happening

"Ghost:" 2015



`getaddrinfo ()`
Feb. 2016

Heartbleed (2014)

optional

Buffer over-read in OpenSSL

Widely used encryption library (https)

“Heartbeat” packet

Specifies length of message

Server echoes that much back

Library just “trusted” this length

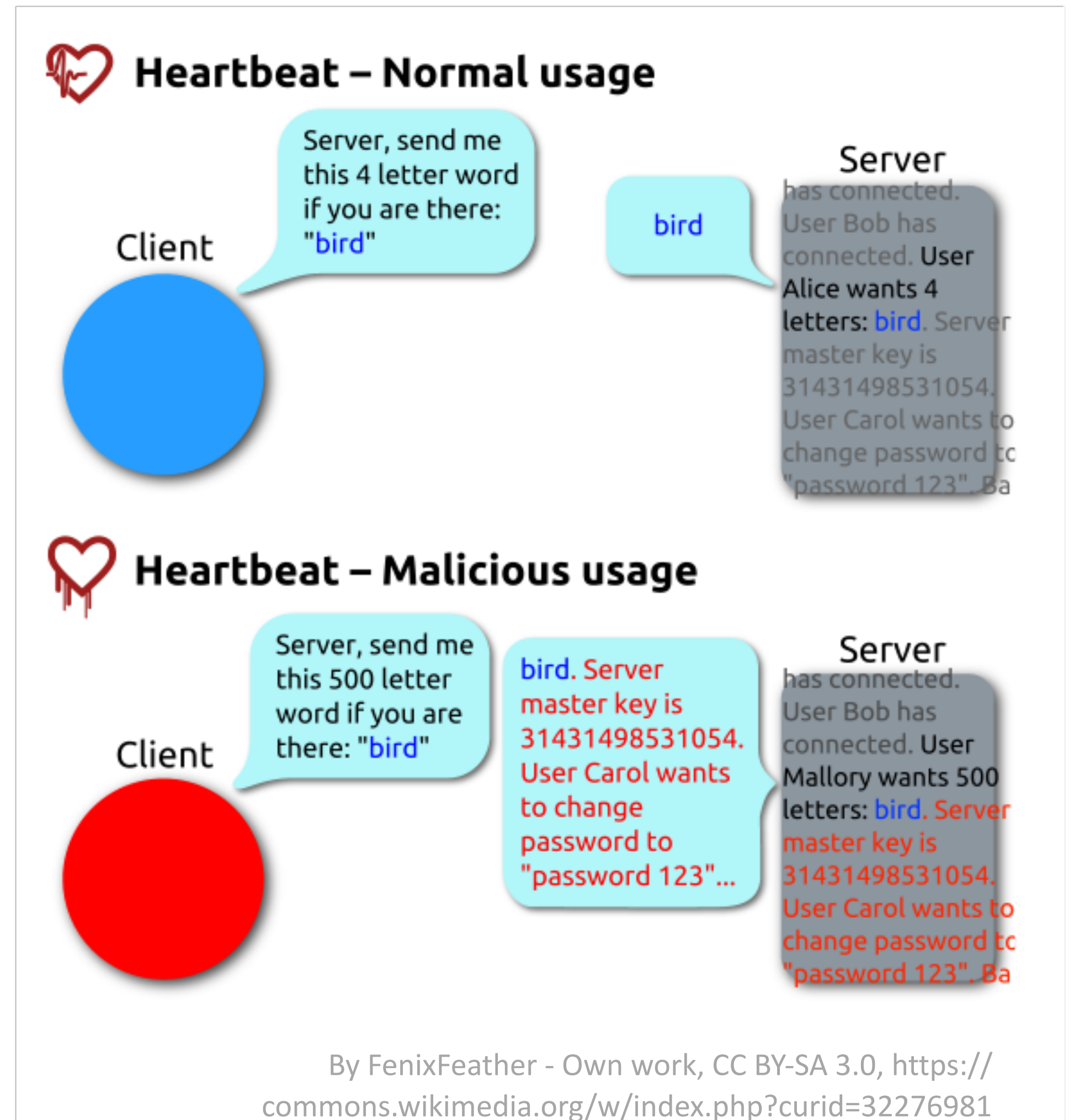
Allowed attackers to read contents of memory anywhere they wanted

~17% of Internet affected

“Catastrophic”

Github, Yahoo,

Stack Overflow, Amazon AWS, ...



Buffer Overflow in a nutshell

Many classic Unix/Linux/C functions do not check argument sizes.

C does not check array bounds.

Allows overflowing (writing past the end of) buffers (arrays)

Overflows of buffers on the stack overwrite interesting data.

Attackers just choose the right inputs.

Common type of security vulnerability

Avoiding overrun vulnerabilities

1. Use a memory-safe language (not C)!
2. If you have to use C, use library functions that limit string lengths.
fgets instead of **gets**

```
/* Echo Line */  
void echo() {  
    char buf[4]; /* Way too small! */  
    fgets(buf, 4, stdin);  
    puts(buf);  
}
```

strncpy instead of **strcpy**

Don't use **scanf** with **%s** conversion specification

Use **fgets** to read the string

Or use **%ns** where **n** is a suitable integer

Other ideas?

System-level protections

Available in modern OSs/compilers/hardware

(We disabled these for buffer assignment.)

1. Randomize stack base, maybe frame padding
2. Detect stack corruption
save and check stack "canary" values
3. Non-executable memory segments
stack, heap, data, ... everything except text
hardware support

Helpful, not foolproof!

Return-oriented programming, over-reads, etc.

not drawn to scale

