CS251 Programming Languages Prof. Lyn Turbak Wellesley College Handout # 31 April 10, 2001

#### SML Exercises

This handout contains some simple exercises to familiarize you with using and programming in SML.

### 1 Preliminaries

Here are the steps you need to follow to use SML:

- 1. In a shell in the ~/cs251 directory, perform a cvs update -d to grab all relevant files.
- 2. Configure your ~/.emacs file to interface properly with SML by adding the code in Figure 1. You need not type in the code; you can find it in ~/cs251/sml/emacs.txt. You only need to update your ~/.emacs file once, not every time you want to run SML.

Once you have added the above lines to your ~/.emacs file, exit Emacs and relaunch it so that your changes will take effect. You will need to relaunch Emacs before going on to step 3.

- 3. Start SMLNJ within Emacs by typing M-x sml Enter.
- 4. Go to the SMLNJ interpreter buffer via C-x b \*sml\* ENTER.
- 5. In Emacs, change the default directory used by sml by typing M-x sml-cd ENTER dir, where dir is the name of the directory you wish to be the default directory for finding SML files. For this exercise, you dir to be ~/cs251/sml/test.

#### 2 The HOFL evaluator

Follow the steps below to use the SML implementation of the HOFL evaluator:

1. To install the HOFL evaluator, compile and load the SML implementation of the HOFL evaluator by evaluating the following use command in the SML interpreter:

```
use("loadHoflEval.sml");
```

Executing the above expressions will cause many lines of text to appear on the screen. Although some of the lines seem to indicate some sort of error, you can ignore these. Here's an example of something you can safely ignore:

```
[checking ../sml/hoflemt/CM/x86-unix/Pretty.cm.stable ... not usable]
```

You know that everything has compiled OK if the lines of text generated after use ends with the following:

```
(setq load-path
(append '("/usr/share/emacs/20.3/lisp/sml-mode-3.3"
           "/usr/share/emacs/site-lisp/sml-mode-3.3")
         load-path))
(require 'sml-site)
(add-hook 'sml-load-hook '(lambda () (require 'sml-font)))
(setq auto-mode-alist
     (append auto-mode-alist
                ("\.itx$" . scheme-mode) ;; INTEX
               ("\.bdx$" . scheme-mode) ;; BINDEX
                ("\.ibx$" . scheme-mode) ;; IBEX
                ("\.ffl$" . scheme-mode) ;; FOFL
               ("\.fbs$" . scheme-mode) ;; FOBS
                ("\.hfl$" . scheme-mode) ;; HOFL
               ("\.hem$" . scheme-mode) ;; HOFLEMT
               ("\.him$" . scheme-mode) ;; HOFLIMT
               ("\.hep$" . scheme-mode) ;; HOFLEPT
                ("\.hip$" . scheme-mode) ;; HOFLIPT
               )))
(put 'program 'scheme-indent-hook 1)
(put 'abs 'scheme-indent-hook 1)
(put 'bind 'scheme-indent-hook 2)
(put 'bindpar 'scheme-indent-hook 1)
(put 'bindseq 'scheme-indent-hook 1)
(put 'bindrec 'scheme-indent-hook 1)
(put 'funrec 'scheme-indent-hook 1)
(put 'prepend 'scheme-indent-hook 1)
```

Figure 1: Code to add to your .emacs file for SML.

```
val it = () : unit
```

2. Try evaluating a simple HOFL program using Eval.runString, as shown below:

```
Eval.runString "(program (a b) (div (+ a b) 2))" [3,5];
```

3. For larger programs, it is more convenient to write them in a file, and use Eval.runFile to evaluate them. Write a simple HOFL program named hofl-test.hfl in the directory ~/cs251/sml/test, and evaluate it as follows:

```
Eval.runFile "hofl-test.hfl" args;
```

where args is an appropriate argument list for your program.

## 3 The HOFLEMT evaluator

Follow the steps below to use the SML implementation of the HOFLEMT type checker:

1. To install the HOFL type checker, evaluate the following in the SML interpreter:

```
use("loadHoflemtTypeCheck.sml");
```

2. Try type checking a simple HOFL program using TypeCheck.checkString, as shown below:

```
TypeCheck.checkString "(program (x) (+ x 1))";
TypeCheck.checkString "(program (x) (if x 1 2))";
```

The second example should give a type checking error because x (assumed to be an integer since it's a program parameter) is used as the boolean test expression in an if.

3. For larger programs, it is more convenient to write them in a file, and use Eval.checkFile to evaluate them. Write a simple HOFLEMT program named hoflemt-test.hem in the directory ~/cs251/sml/test, and type check it as follows:

```
TypeCheck.checkFile "hoflemt-test.hem";
```

# 4 Writing and Compiling SML code

1. Create a file named ~/cs251/sml/test/insert.sml that contains the definition of SML function insert that takes two arguments (curried): (1) an integer and (2) a list of integers. Assume the second argument is sorted from low to high. The insert function should insert the first argument into the correct position within the sorted list and return the new list.

2. Create a configuration file named ~/cs251/sml/test/insert.cm that contains the following lines:

Group is

insert.sml

3. Compile your insert function by executing the following:

```
CM.make'("insert.cm");
```

Fix any errors that are reported by the SML type checker.

4. Test your insert function in the SML interpreter on appropriate arguments.