CS305 Exercise 8

Task 1: Clustering

In some cases, feature scaling is important and in other cases it is not. True or False: feature scaling is important prior to clustering.

- True
- False

True or False: if the hierarchical clustering algorithm is re-run, it will necessarily yield the same clustering result.

- True
- False

True or False: if the k-means clustering algorithm is re-run, it will necessarily yield the same clustering result.

- True
- False

Which one of the following might be an appropriate application of clustering?

- We wish to classify labeled data where each example corresponds to one of k different classes. We have reason to believe that our data are normally distributed rather than linear.
- As a music company, we want to recommend new songs to our users. For a given user, we plan to find the k most similar other users and make song recommendations based on the music preferences of these k similar customers.
- We have data that are labeled not with a discrete number of classes but with continuous values and we wish to predict labels for new data as they become available to us.
- We have a classification problem but there are a large number of similar features and our classification algorithm is taking a long time to execute. To speed up the classification algorithm, we combine similar features into meta-feature groups and execute our classification algorithm on the new smaller set of meta-features where each meta-feature corresponds to one of the groups.
First, launch the Enthought Canopy application on your computer. Then download the Jupyter Notebook for Exercise 8 from the course website. Open the Notebook in your web browser and work through it. As you work through the Notebook, answer the following questions.

**Task 2: Image Compression**

Exactly how many unique colors are in the panda image?

Do you observe a significant difference in the quality of the image when 256 colors are used rather than ~100,000?

In the new image that uses a reduced number of colors, calculate exactly how many different colors occur in the image, as you did for the original image. Exactly how many unique colors are in the “reduced colors” panda image?

Do you observe a significant difference in the quality of the image when 10 colors are used rather than ~100,000?
First, launch the Enthought Canopy application on your computer. Then download the Jupyter Notebook for Exercise 8 from the course website. Open the Notebook in your web browser and work through it. As you work through the Notebook, answer the following questions.

**Task 3: Choosing Clustering Parameter \( k \)**

Looking at the elbow plot you created, what is the elbow point, i.e., what might be a good value to try for parameter \( k \) when clustering the data?
In the TIME column, please estimate the time you spent on this exercise. Please try to be as accurate as possible; this information will help us to design future exercises.

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