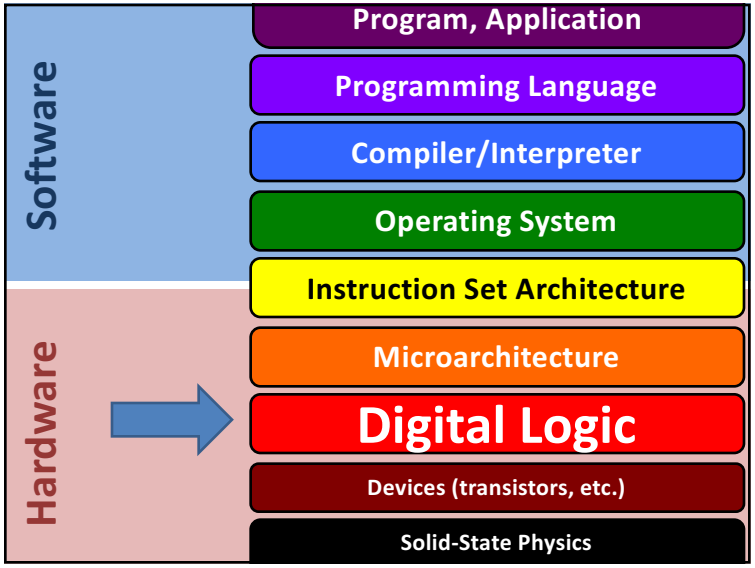
Digital Logic

*Gate*way to computer science



Digital data/computation = Boolean

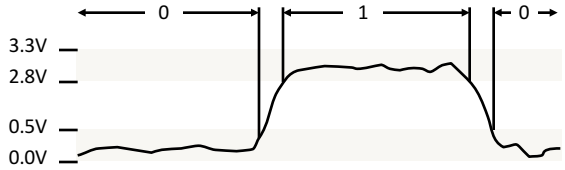
Abstraction!

Boolean value (*bit*): 0 or 1

Boolean functions (AND, OR, NOT, …)

Electronically:

bit = high voltage vs. low voltage



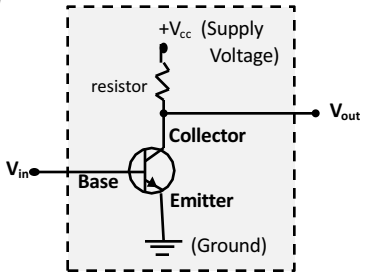
Boolean functions = logic gates, built from transistors

4

Transistors (more in lab)

If *Base* voltage is high:
Current may flow freely from *Collector* to *Emitter*.

If *Base* voltage is low:
Current may not flow from *Collector* to *Emitter*.



Truth table

V_{in}	V_{out}		in	out		in	out
low	high	=	0	1	=	F	T
high	low		1	0		T	F

NOT gate

Abstraction!

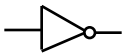
Digital Logic Gates

Abstraction!

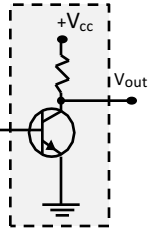
ex

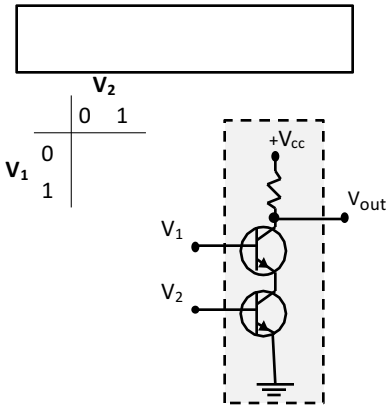
Tiny electronic devices that compute basic Boolean functions.

NOT



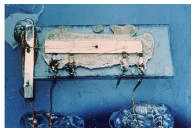
V_{in}	V_{out}
0	1
1	0



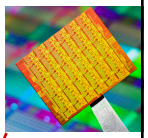


Integrated Circuits (1950s -)

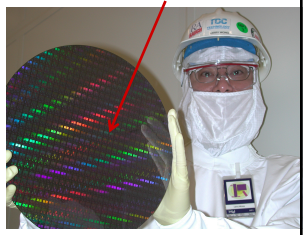
Early (first?) **transistor**



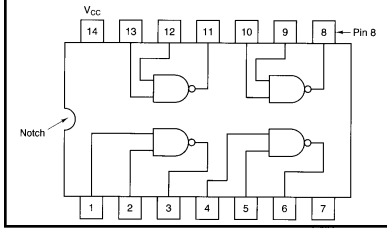
Chip



Wafer



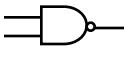
Small integrated circuit



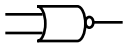
Five basic gates: define with truth tables

ex

NOT	
0	1
1	0

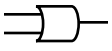


NAND	0	1
0	1	1
1	1	0



NOR	0	1
0		
1		

AND	0	1
0		
1		

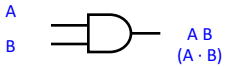


OR	0	1
0		
1		

Boolean Algebra

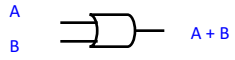
for combinational logic

inputs = variables
wires = expressions
gates = operators/functions
circuits = functions



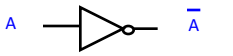
AND = Boolean product

·	0	1
0	0	0
1	0	1



OR = Boolean sum

+	0	1
0	0	1
1	1	1



NOT = inverse or complement

0	1
1	0

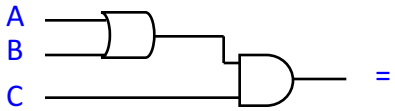
wire = identity

0	0
1	1

Circuits

ex

Connect inputs and outputs of gates with wires.
Crossed wires touch ***only if*** there is a dot.



What is the output if A=1, B=0, C=1?
What is the truth table of this circuit?
What is an equivalent Boolean expression?

Translation

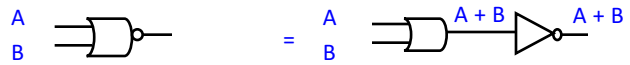
ex

Connect gates to implement these functions. Check with truth tables.
Use a direct translation -- it is straightforward and bidirectional.

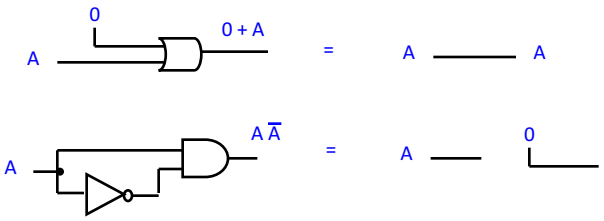
$F = (A\overline{B} + C)D$

$Z = \overline{W} + (X + \overline{WY})$

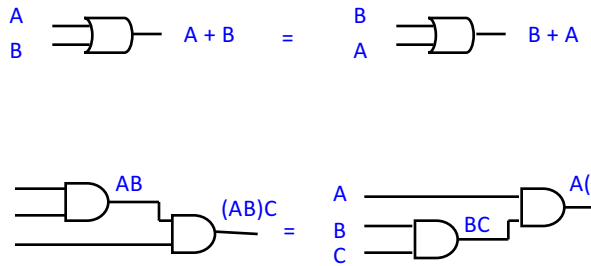
Note on notation: bubble = inverse/complement



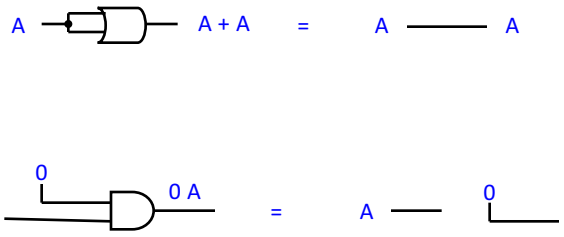
Identity law, inverse law



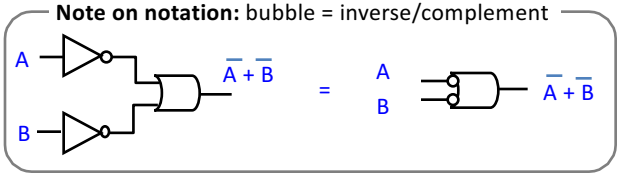
Commutativity, Associativity



Idempotent law, Null/Zero law

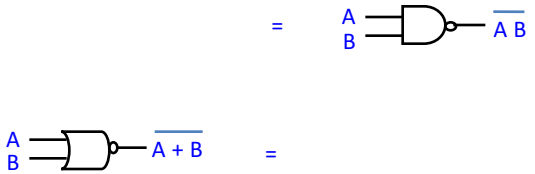


Note on notation: bubble = inverse/complement



DeMorgan's Law

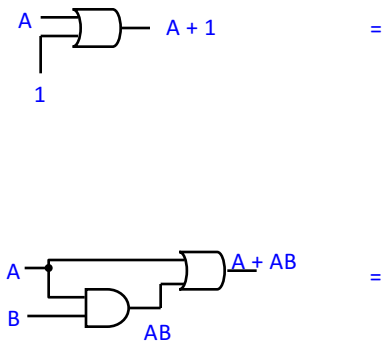
(**double bubble**, toil and trouble, in Randy's words...)



One law, Absorption law

ex

Write truth tables. Do they correspond to simpler circuits?



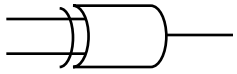
NAND is *universal*.

ex

All Boolean functions can be implemented using only NANDs.
Build NOT, AND, OR, NOR, using only NAND gates.

ex

XOR: Exclusive OR



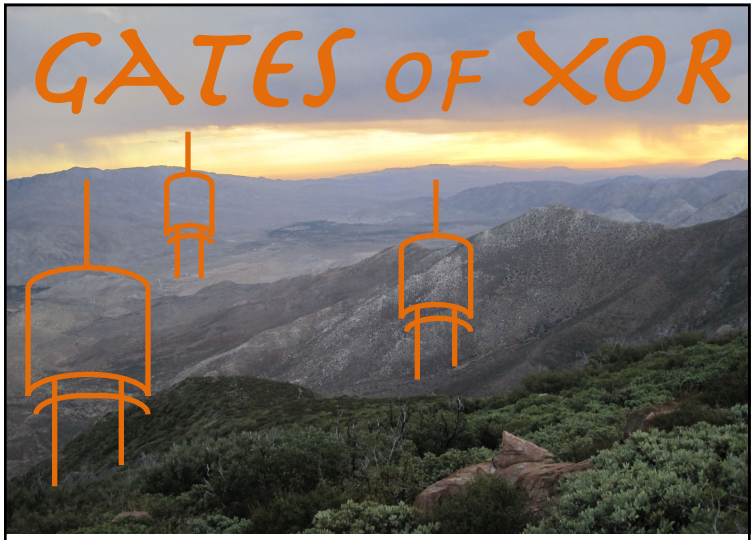
Output = 1 if exactly one input = 1.

Truth table:

Build from earlier gates:

Often used as a one-bit comparator.

Video game designers, Halloween costumers extraordinaire, sci-fi/fantasy screenwriters, I have an idea…

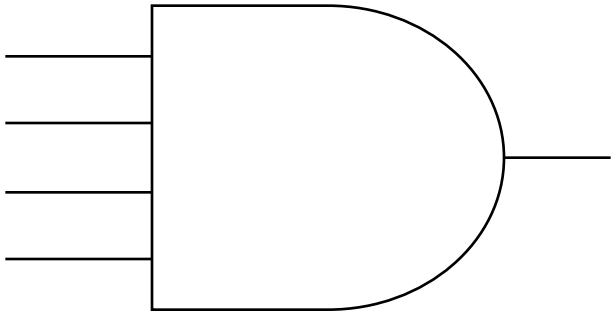


© 2015 Ben Wood *Exclusive preview or something.*

ex

Larger gates

Build a 4-input AND gate using any number of 2-input gates.

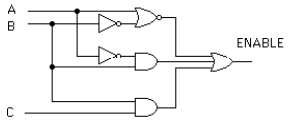


Why simplify?

ex

Circuit simplification

Is there a simpler circuit that performs the same function?



Start with an equivalent Boolean expression, then simplify with algebra.

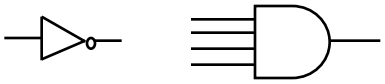
F(A, B, C) =

Check the answer with a truth table.

Circuit derivation: ***code detectors***

ex

AND gate + NOT gates = code detector, recognizes exactly one input code.



Design a 4-input code detector to output 1 if ABCD = 1001, and 0 otherwise.

Design a 4-input code detector to accept two codes (ABCD=1001, ABCD=1111) and reject all others. (accept = 1, reject = 0)

Circuit derivation: ***sum-of-products*** form

ex

logical sum (OR)
of products (AND)
of inputs or their complements (NOT)

Draw the truth table and **design a sum-of-products circuit** for a 4-input code detector to accept two codes (ABCD=1001, ABCD=1111) and reject all others.
How are the truth table and the sum-of-products circuit related?

Voting machines

ex

A **majority circuit** outputs 1 if and only if a majority of its inputs equal 1.
Design a majority circuit for three inputs. **Use a sum of products.**

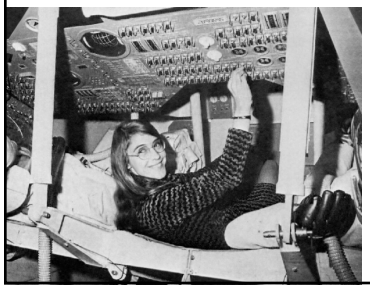
A	B	C	Majority
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

Triply redundant computers in spacecraft

- Space program also hastened Integrated Circuits.

Margaret Hamilton *(speaking of space and reliability)*

Led software team for **Apollo 11** Guidance Computer.
Developed software engineering techniques for correctness and reliability.
Coined "software engineering".
Software avoided mission abort on first moon landing!



Apollo 11 code print-out