

Procedures and the Call Stack

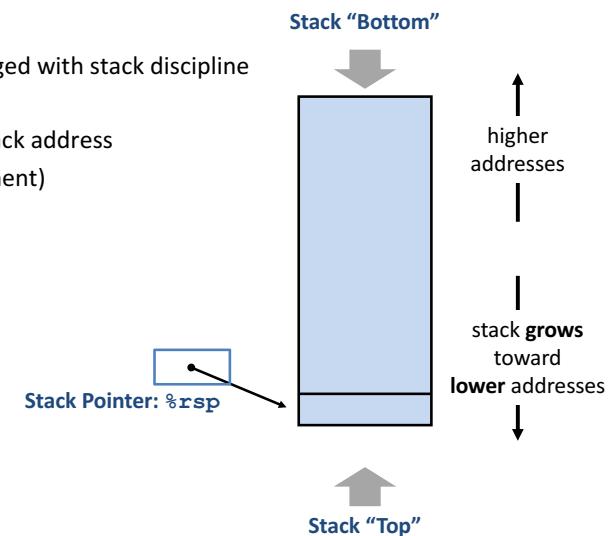
Topics

- Procedures
- Call stack
- Procedure/stack instructions
- Calling conventions
- Register-saving conventions

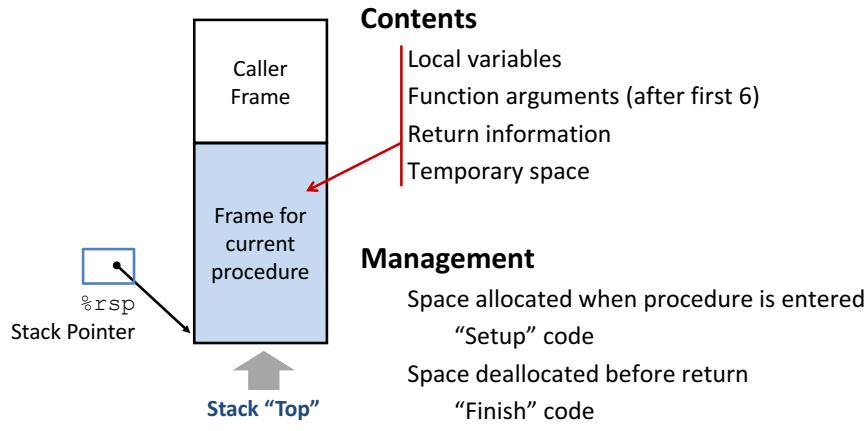
Call Stack

Memory region managed with stack discipline

%rsp holds lowest stack address
(address of "top" element)



Stack frames support procedure calls.



Why not just give every *procedure* a permanent chunk of memory to hold its local variables, etc?

Procedure Control Flow Instructions

Procedure call: `callq label`

1. Push return address on stack
2. Jump to *label*

Return address: Address of instruction after `call`. Example:

```
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: movq %rax, (%rbx)
```

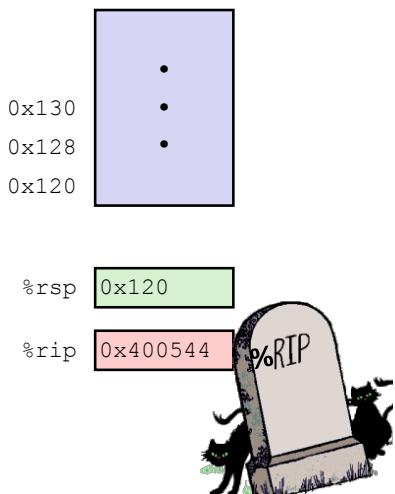
Procedure return: `retq`

1. Pop return address from stack
2. Jump to address

Call Example (step 1)

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
.
.
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: mov    %rax, (%rbx)
.
```

```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
400550: mov    %rdi,%rax
.
.
400557: retq
```

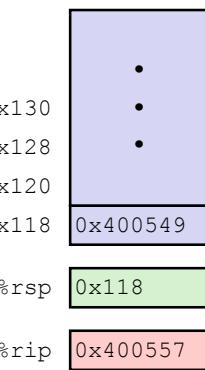


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Return Example (step 1)

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
.
.
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: mov    %rax, (%rbx)
.
```

```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
400550: mov    %rdi,%rax
.
.
400557: retq
```



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Procedure Data Flow

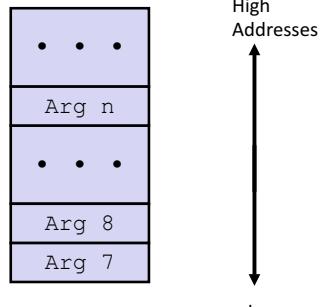
First 6 arguments passed in registers

Arg 1	%rdi
	%rsi
	%rdx
	%rcx
	%r8
Arg 6	%r9

Return value

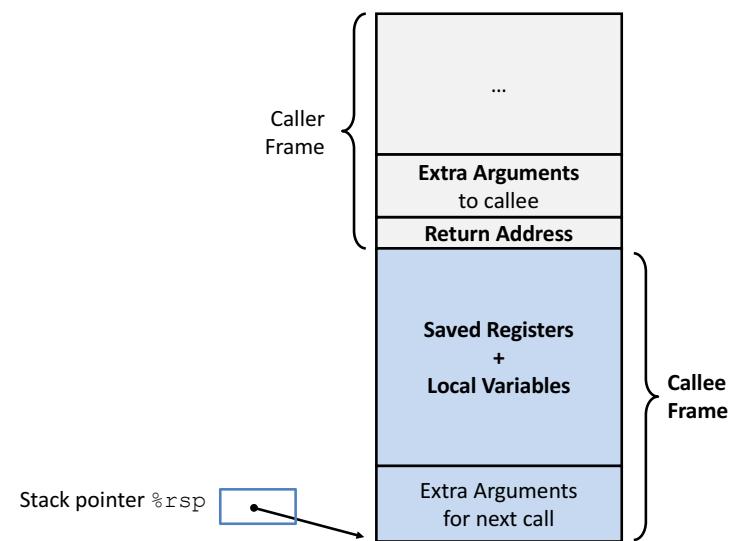
%rax

Remaining arguments passed on stack (in memory)



Only allocate stack space when needed

Stack Frame



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Example: increment

```
long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}
```

```
increment:
    movq    (%rdi), %rax
    addq    %rax, %rsi
    movq    %rsi, (%rdi)
    ret
```

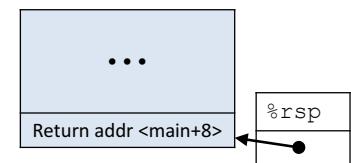
Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument p
%rsi	Argument val , y
%rax	x , Return value

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Procedure Call Example (initial state)

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

Initial Stack Structure



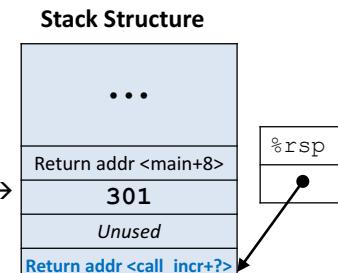
```
call_incr:
    subq    $16, %rsp
    movq    $240, 8(%rsp)
    movl    $61, %esi
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
    call    increment
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax
    addq    $16, %rsp
    ret
```

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Procedure Call Example (step 4)

```
long call_incr() {
    long increment(long* p, long val) {
        long x = *p;
        long y = x + val;
        *p = y;
        return x;
    }
    subq    $16, %rsp
    movq    $240, 8(%rsp)
    movl    $61, %esi
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
    call    increment
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax
    addq    $16, %rsp
    ret
```

v1 in call_incr →

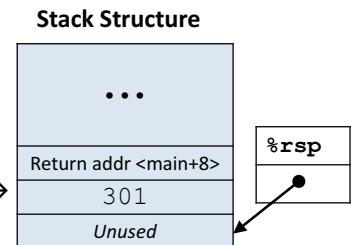


```
increment:
    movq    (%rdi), %rax # x = *p
    addq    %rax, %rsi # y = x+61
    movq    %rsi, (%rdi) # *p = y
    ret
```

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Procedure Call Example (step 6)

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}
```



v1 in call_incr →

```
call_incr:
    subq    $16, %rsp
    movq    $240, 8(%rsp)
    movl    $61, %esi
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
    call    increment
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax ← Update %rax: v1+v2
    addq    $16, %rsp
    ret
```

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A Puzzle

C function body:

```
*p = d;  
return x - c;
```

assembly:

```
movsbl %dl,%edx  
movl %edx,(%rsi)  
movswl %di,%edi  
subl %edi,%ecx  
movl %ecx,%eax
```

Write the C function header, types, and order of parameters.

movsbl = move sign-extending a byte to a long (4-byte)
movswl = move sign-extending a word (2-byte) to a long (4-byte)

Register Saving Conventions

yoo calls who:

Caller Callee

Will register contents still be there after a procedure call?

```
yoo:  
...  
movq $12345,%rbx  
call who  
addq %rbx,%rax  
...  
ret
```

```
who:  
...  
addq %rdi,%rbx  
...  
ret
```

Conventions:

Caller Save

Callee Save

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x86-64 64-bit Register Conventions

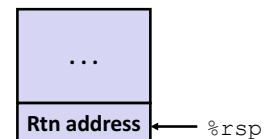
%rax	Return value – Caller saved
%rbx	Callee saved
%rcx	Argument #4 – Caller saved
%rdx	Argument #3 – Caller saved
%rsi	Argument #2 – Caller saved
%rdi	Argument #1 – Caller saved
%rsp	Stack pointer
%rbp	Callee saved

%r8	Argument #5 – Caller saved
%r9	Argument #6 – Caller saved
%r10	Caller saved
%r11	Caller Saved
%r12	Callee saved
%r13	Callee saved
%r14	Callee saved
%r15	Callee saved

Callee-Saved Example

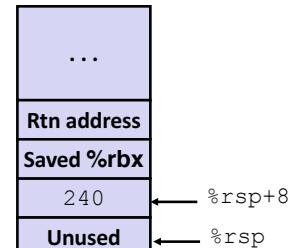
```
long call_incr2(long x) {  
    long v1 = 240;  
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);  
    return x+v2;  
}
```

Begin/End Stack Structure



```
call_incr2:  
    pushq %rbx  
    subq $16, %rsp  
    movq %rdi, %rbx  
    movq $240, 8(%rsp)  
    movl $61, %esi  
    leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call increment  
    addq %rbx, %rax  
    addq $16, %rsp  
    popq %rbx  
    ret
```

Stack Structure in call_incr2



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Recursive Function

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl $0, %eax
    testq %rdi, %rdi
    je .L6
    pushq %rbx
    movq %rdi, %rbx
    andl $1, %ebx
    shrq %rdi
    call pcount_r
    addq %rbx, %rax
    popq %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

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x86-64 stack storage example

(1)

```
long int call_proc()
{
    long x1 = 1;
    int x2 = 2;
    short x3 = 3;
    char x4 = 4;
    proc(x1, &x1, x2, &x2,
          x3, &x3, x4, &x4);
    return (x1+x2) * (x3-x4);
}
```

Return address to caller of call_proc

```
call_proc:
    subq $32,%rsp
    movq $1,16(%rsp) # x1
    movl $2,24(%rsp) # x2
    movw $3,28(%rsp) # x3
    movb $4,31(%rsp) # x4
    • • •
```

←%rsp

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Procedure Summary

call, ret, push, pop

Stack discipline fits procedure call / return.*

If P calls Q: Q (and calls by Q) returns before P

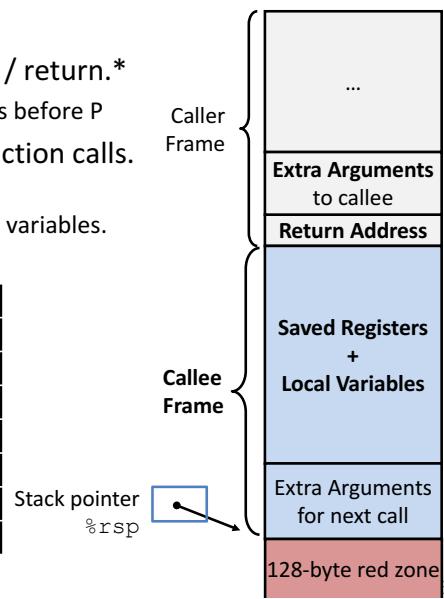
Conventions support arbitrary function calls.

Register-save conventions.

Stack frame saves extra args or local variables.

Result returned in %rax

%rax	Return value – Caller saved
%rbx	Callee saved
%rcx	Argument #4 – Caller saved
%rdx	Argument #3 – Caller saved
%rsi	Argument #2 – Caller saved
%rdi	Argument #1 – Caller saved
%rsp	Stack pointer
%rbp	Callee saved



*Take 251 to learn about languages where it doesn't.