

Buffer Overflows

Address space layout,
the stack discipline,
+ C's lack of bounds-checking
= HUGE PROBLEM



FEBRUARY 26, 2024

Statements of Support for Software Measurability and Memory Safety



ONCD

BRIEFING ROOM

PRESS RELEASE

Read the full report [here](#)

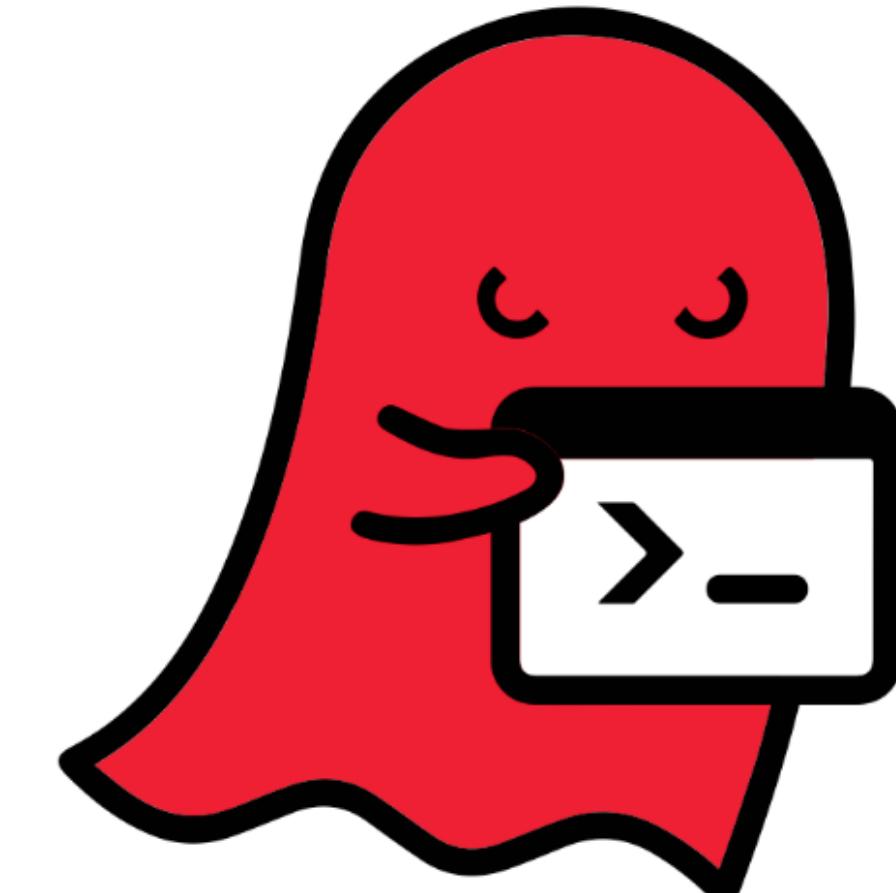
Read the fact sheet [here](#)

Today, the Office of the National Cyber Director released a new Technical Report titled "[*Back to the Building Blocks: A Path Toward Secure and Measurable Software.*](#)" This report builds upon the President's National Cybersecurity Strategy, addressing the technical community to tackle undiscovered vulnerabilities that malicious actors can exploit.

Outline

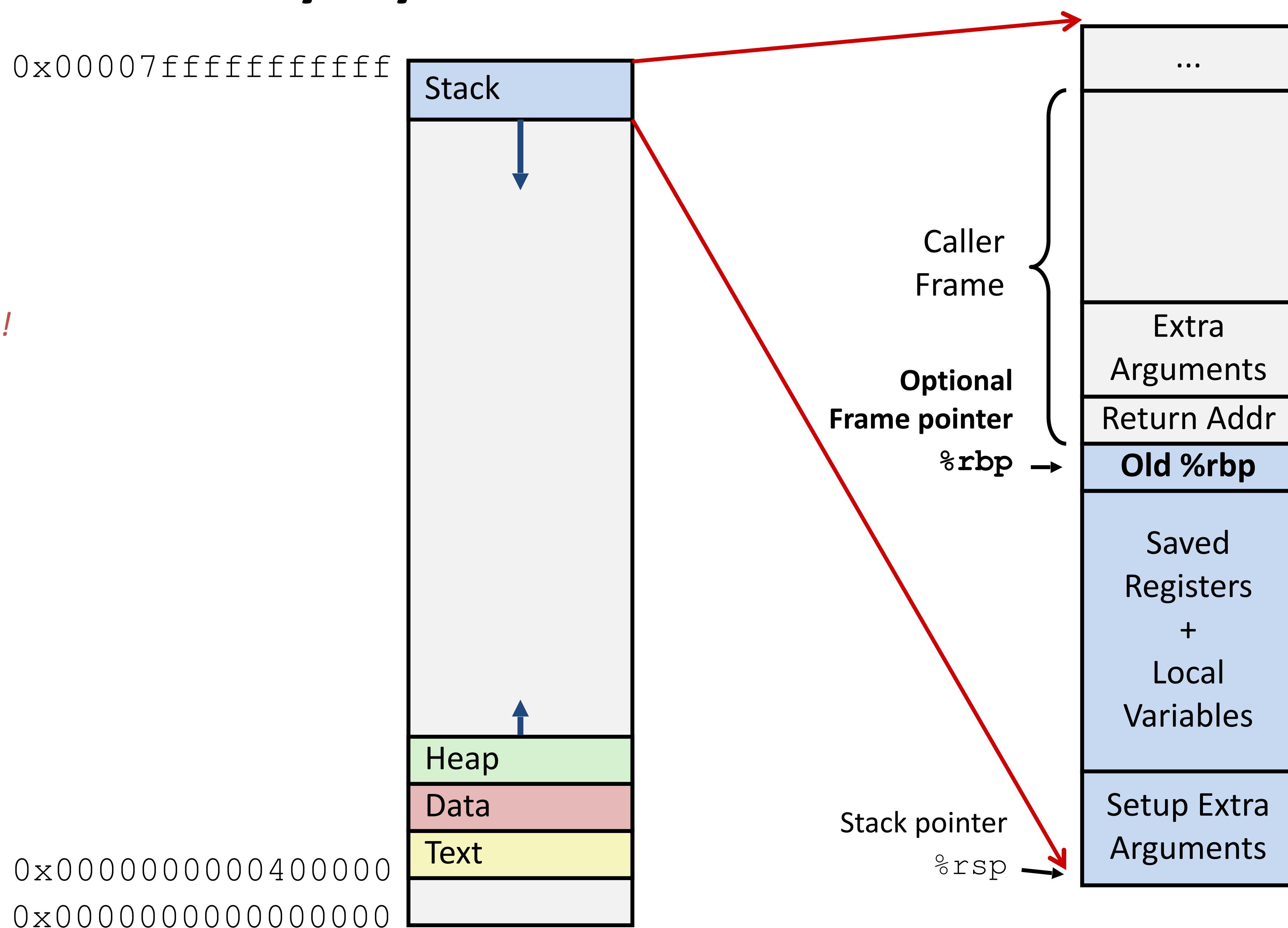
Goal: how the stack + lack of bounds checking make C program vulnerable to a certain (serious!) type of **security vulnerability**

- Understanding buffer overflows
 - Refresher on memory layout
 - C library function: gets
 - gets + echo buffer overflow example
 - You: simplified security exploit example
- Buffer overflows in the wild
 - When this is a problem
 - Real-world implications



x86-64 Linux memory layout

Not drawn to scale!



C: String library code

C standard library function **gets()**

```
/* Get string from stdin */
char* gets(char* dest){
    int c = getchar();
    char* p = dest;
    while (c != EOF && c != '\n') {
        *p++ = c; ←
        c = getchar();
    }
    *p = '\0';
    return dest;
}
```

pointer to start of an array

same as:

```
*p = c;
p = p + 1;
```

What could go wrong when **using** this code?

What will happen if the input string from stdin is longer than the space allocated at dest?

0

```
/* Get string from stdin */
char* gets(char* dest) {
    int c = getchar();
    char* p = dest;
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        c = getchar();
    }
    *p = '\0';
    return dest;
}
```

The C code will not compile. (A)

An out-of-bounds exception. (B)

It will only get the part of the input. (C)

It depends on the memory layout. (D)

None of the above (E)

What will happen if the input string from stdin is longer than the space allocated at dest?



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    char* p = dest;
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        *p++ = c;
        c = getchar();
    }
    *p = '\0';
    return dest;
}
```

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C: String library code

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}
```

pointer to start of an array

same as:

```
*p = c;
p = p + 1;
```

What could go wrong when **using** this code?

Same problem in many C library functions:

strcpy: Copies string of arbitrary length

scanf, **fscanf**, **sscanf**, when given **%s** conversion specification

C: Vulnerable buffer code using gets (...)

```
/* Echo Line */
void echo() {
    char buf[4]; /* Way too small! */
    gets(buf);
    puts(buf);
}
```

}] These two lines of code introduce a vulnerability!

```
int main() {
    printf("Type a string:");
    echo();
    return 0;
}
```

```
$ ./bufdemo
Type a string:123
123
```

```
$ ./bufdemo
Type a string: 0123456789012345678901234
Segmentation Fault
```

```
$ ./bufdemo
Type a string: 012345678901234567890123
012345678901234567890123
```

Vulnerable buffer code using gets : disassembled x86

echo code

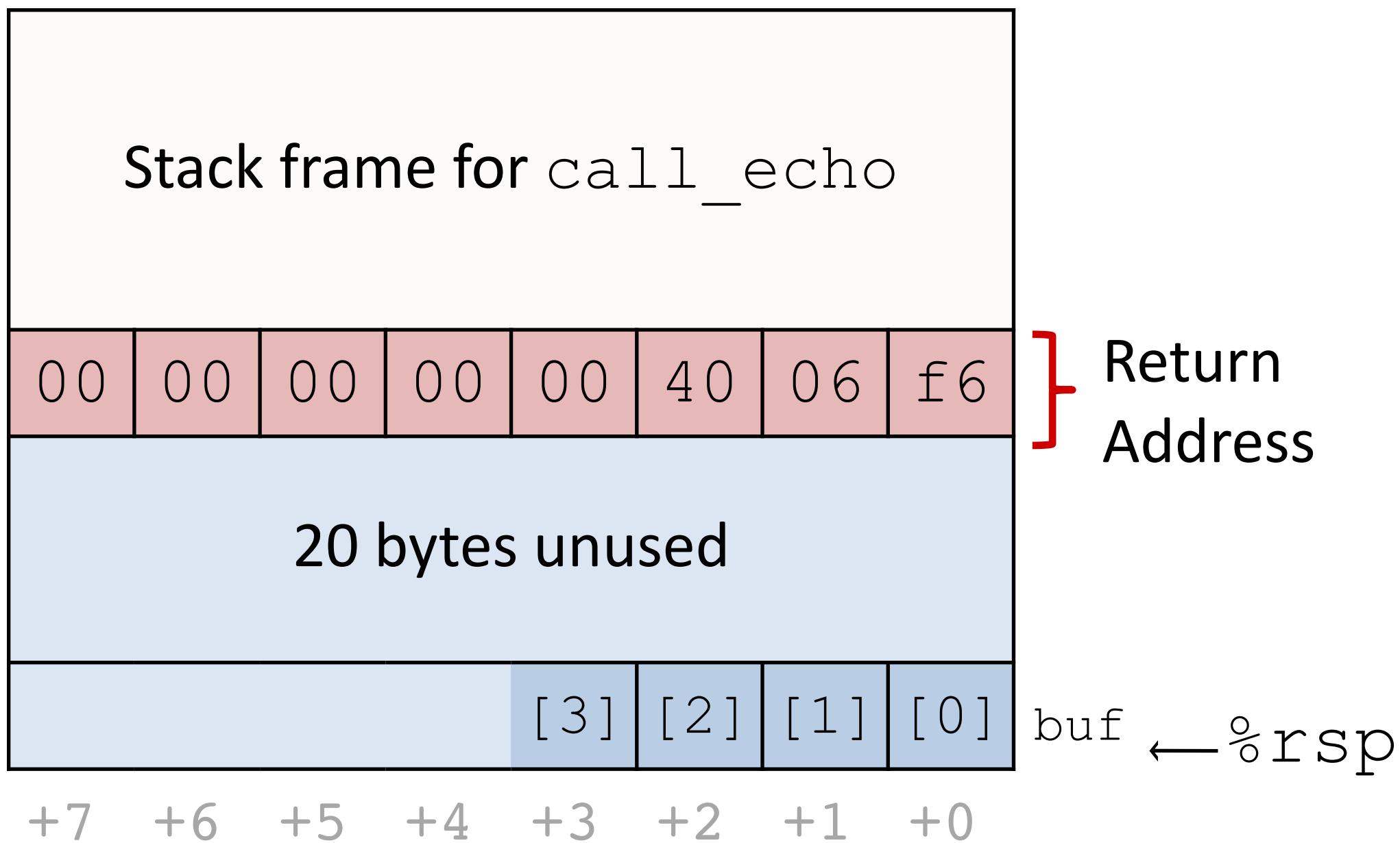
```
00000000004006cf <echo>:  
 4006cf: 48 83 ec 18          sub    $24,%rsp  
 4006d3: 48 89 e7          mov    %rsp,%rdi  
 4006d6: e8 a5 ff ff ff      callq  400680 <gets>  
 4006db: 48 89 e7          mov    %rsp,%rdi  
 4006de: e8 3d fe ff ff      callq  400520 <puts@plt>  
 4006e3: 48 83 c4 18          add    $24,%rsp  
 4006e7: c3                  retq
```

caller code

```
4006e8: 48 83 ec 08          sub    $0x8,%rsp  
4006ec: b8 00 00 00 00      mov    $0x0,%eax  
4006f1: e8 d9 ff ff ff      callq  4006cf <echo>  
4006f6: 48 83 c4 08          add    $0x8,%rsp  
4006fa: c3                  retq
```

Buffer overflow example: before input

Before call to gets



```
void echo() {  
    char buf[4];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
}
```

```
echo:  
    subq $24, %rsp  
    movq %rsp, %rdi  
    call gets  
    ...
```

call_echo:

```
...  
4006f1: callq 4006cf <echo>  
4006f6: add $0x8, %rsp  
...
```

Buffer overflow example: input #1

After call to gets

Stack frame for call_echo									
00	00	00	00	00	40	06	f6		
00	32	31	30	39	38	37	36		
35	34	33	32	31	30	39	38		
37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30		
+7	+6	+5	+4	+3	+2	+1	+0		

Return Address
buf ← %rsp

Null Terminator

```
void echo() {  
    char buf[4];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
}
```

```
echo:  
    subq $24, %rsp  
    movq %rsp, %rdi  
    call gets  
    ...
```

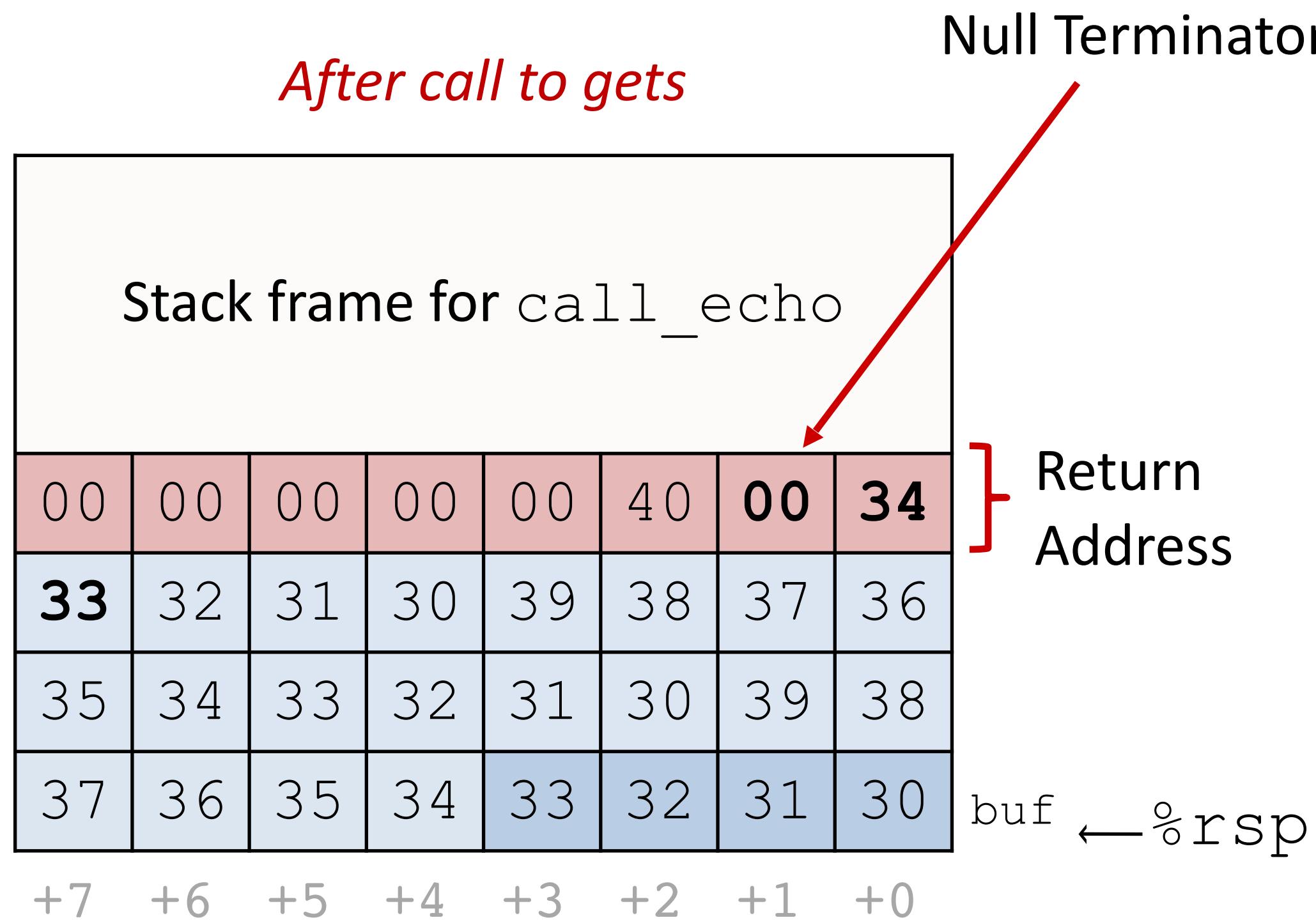
call_echo:

```
...  
4006f1: callq 4006cf <echo>  
4006f6: add $0x8, %rsp  
...
```

```
$ ./bufdemo  
Type a string: 01234567890123456789012  
01234567890123456789012
```

Overflowed buffer, but did not corrupt state

Buffer overflow example: input #2



```
void echo() {  
    char buf[4];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
}
```

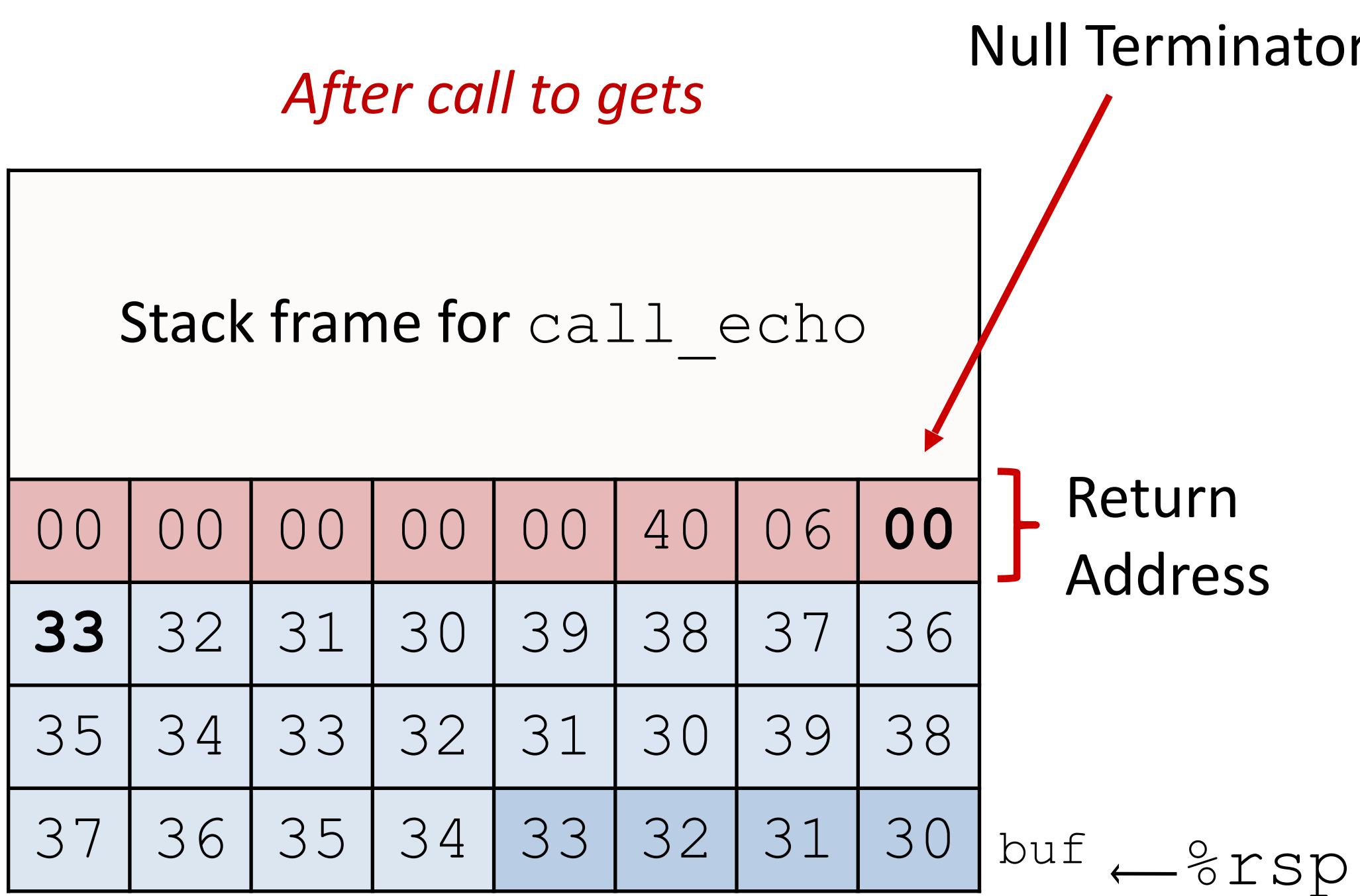
```
echo:  
    subq    $24, %rsp  
    movq    %rsp, %rdi  
    call    gets  
    ...
```

```
call_echo:  
    ...  
4006f1: callq   4006cf <echo>  
4006f6: add     $0x8, %rsp  
    ...
```

```
unix> ./bufdemo  
Type a string: 0123456789012345678901234  
Segmentation Fault
```

Overflowed buffer and corrupted return pointer

Buffer overflow example: input #3



```
void echo() {  
    char buf[4];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
}
```

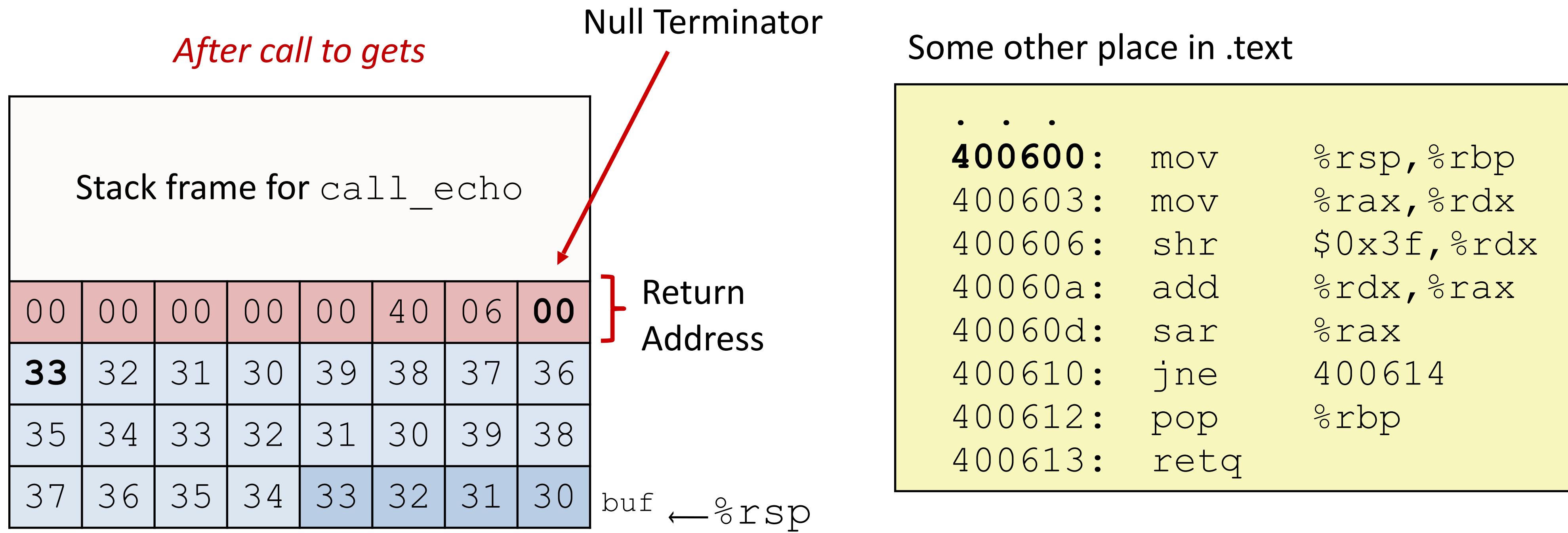
```
echo:  
    subq    $24, %rsp  
    movq    %rsp, %rdi  
    call    gets  
    ...
```

```
call_echo:  
    ...  
4006f1: callq   4006cf <echo>  
4006f6: add     $0x8, %rsp  
    ...
```

```
unix> ./bufdemo-nsp  
Type a string: 012345678901234567890123  
012345678901234567890123
```

Overflowed buffer, corrupted return pointer, but program seems to work!?

Buffer overflow example: input #3



Works because: “Returns” to unrelated code, despite what the C code had!
Lots of things happen, without modifying critical state
Eventually executes `retq` back to main

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

```
#include <stdio.h>

void delete_all_files() {
    // ... users shouldn't be able to call this
}

void read_input() {
    char buf[8];
    gets(buf);
}

int main() {
    read_input();
}
```

```
read_input:
401126: subq    $8, %rsp
40112a: leaq    (%rsp), %rdi
40112f: movl    $0, %eax
401134: call    gets
401139: addq    $24, %rsp
40113d: ret
```

```
delete_all_files:
40003e: call    evil
            ...
            ...
```

```
main:
            ...
            ...
400048: call    read_input
40004d: addq    $8, %rsp
400051: ret
```

Simplified exploit example (no padding)

read_input:

```
401126: subq    $8, %rsp  
40112a: leaq    (%rsp), %rdi  
40112f: movl    $0, %eax  
401134: call    gets  
401139: addq    $24, %rsp  
40113d: ret
```

delete_all_files:

```
40003e: call    evil  
        ...
```

main:

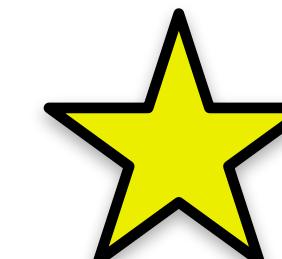
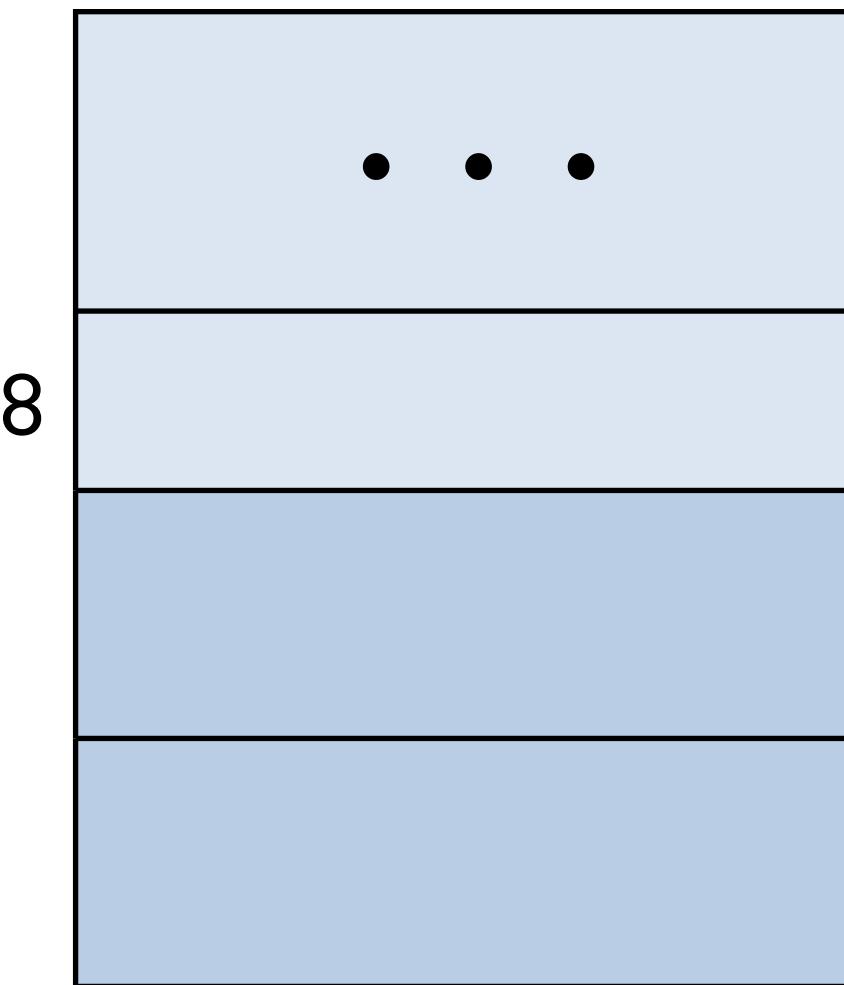
```
...      ...  
400048: call    read_input  
40004d: addq    $8, %rsp  
400051: ret
```

Stack
Frames

main

0x7fdf28

Memory



Update the stack and registers diagram to the state
at the red line

%rsp



%rip

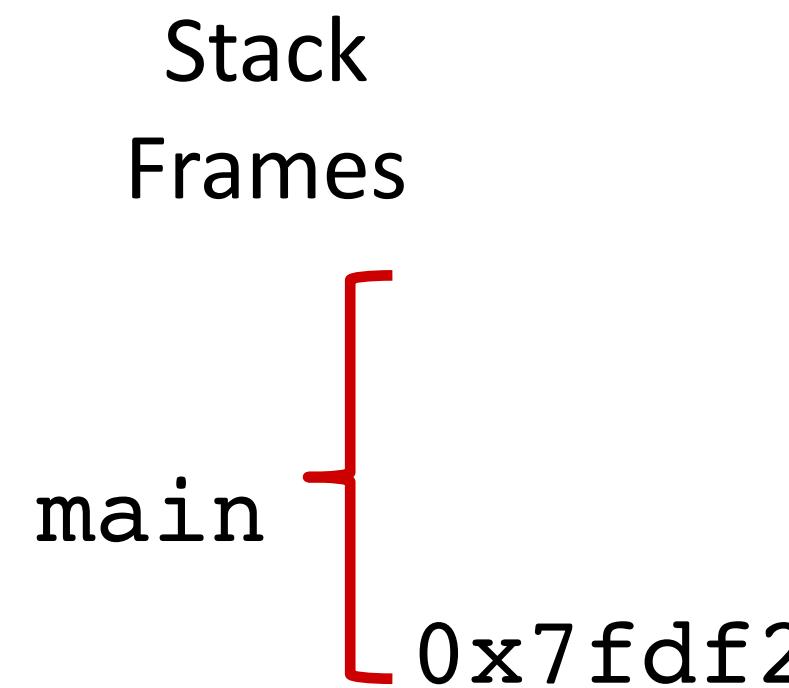


Simplified exploit example (no padding)

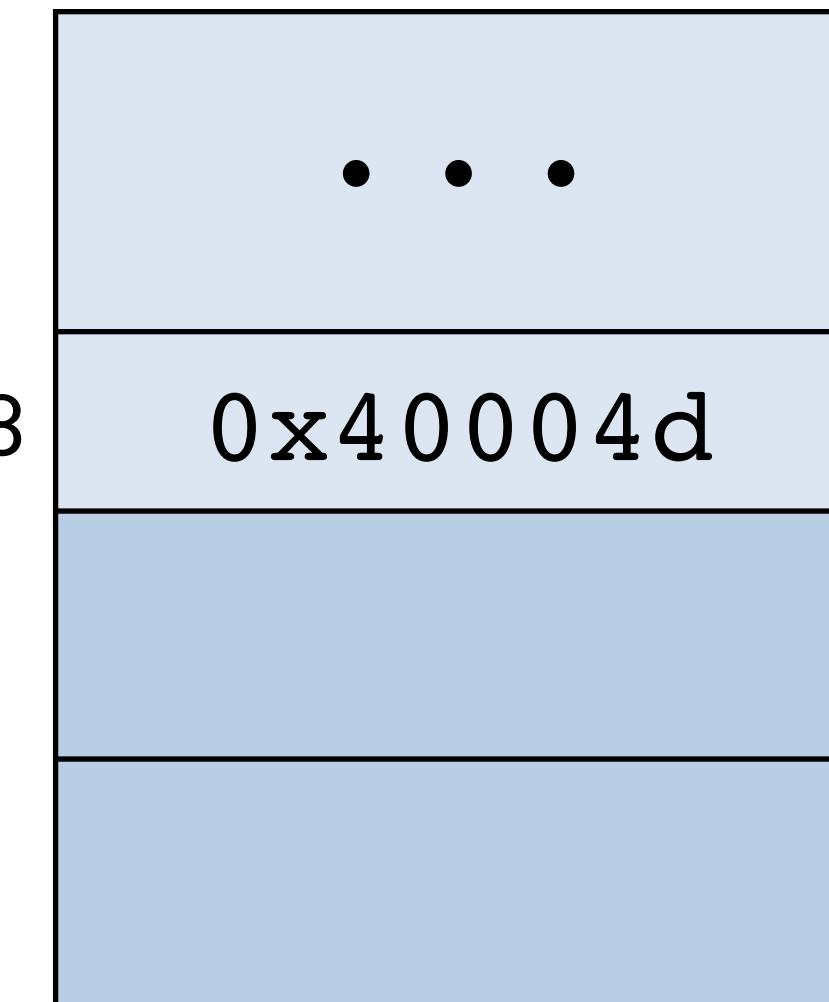
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read_input:  
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40113d: ret
```

```
delete_all_files:  
40003e: call    evil  
...  
...
```

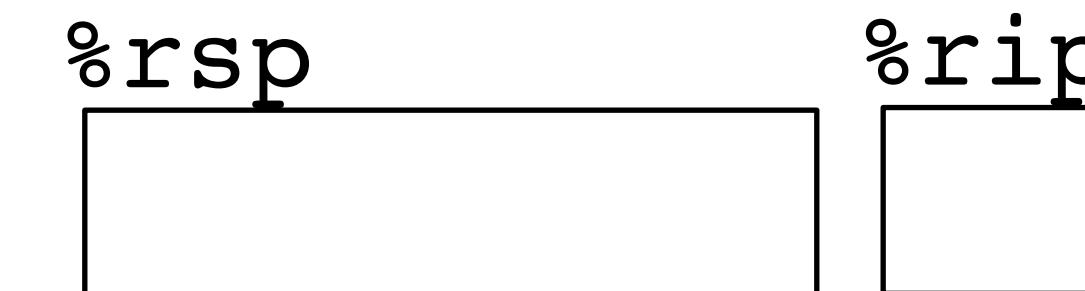
```
main:  
...  
...  
400048: call    read_input  
40004d: addq    $8, %rsp  
400051: ret
```



Memory



Update the stack and registers diagram to the state at the red line



Simplified exploit example (no padding)

```
read_input:  
401126: subq    $8, %rsp  
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40113d: ret
```

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delete_all_files:  
40003e: call    evil  
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```
main:  
...  
400048: call    read_input  
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400051: ret
```

Stack
Frames

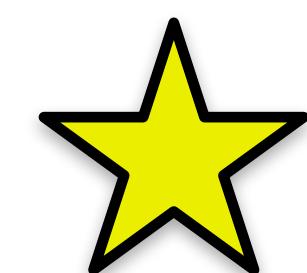
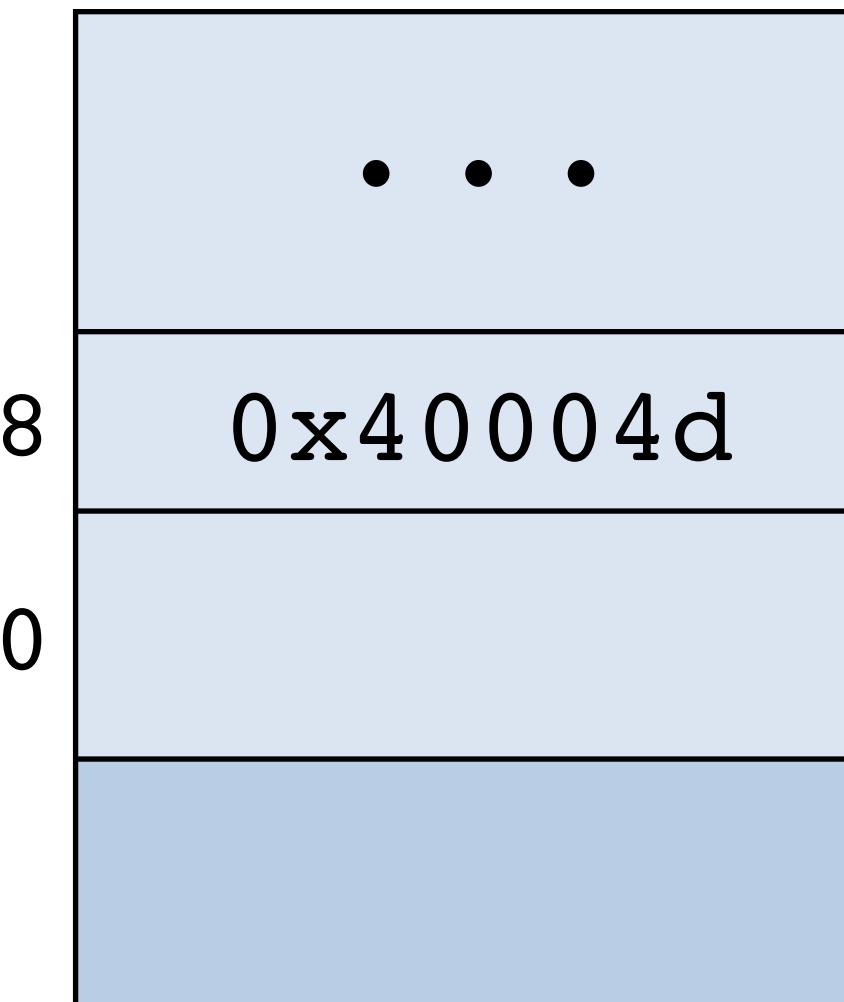
main

0x7fdf28

read_input

0x7fdf20

Memory



Discuss: what address would we want to appear, and where, to have our exploit delete all files?

Draw out the bytes (in hex) of the exploit string.

%rsp

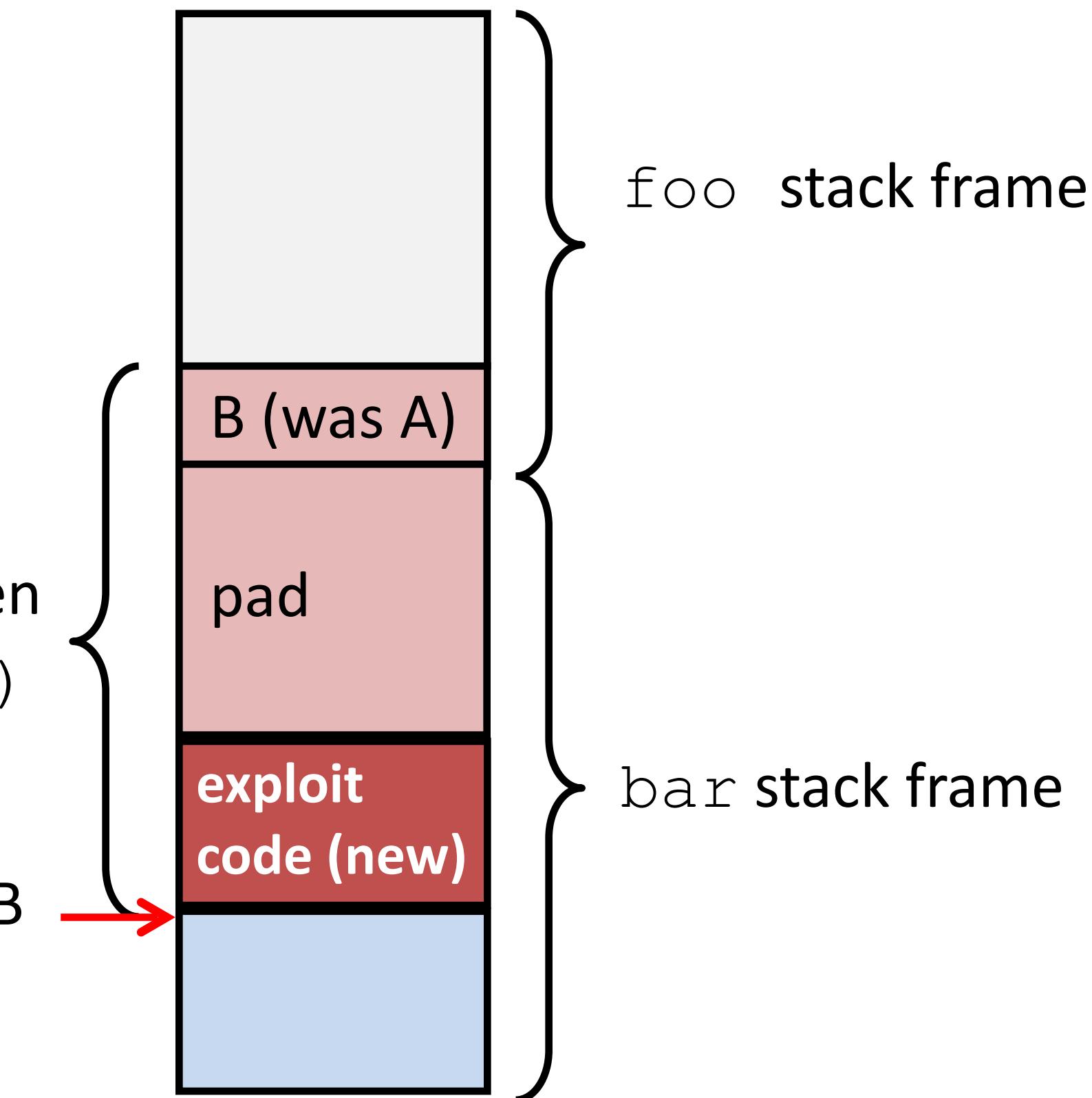
%rip

Exploiting buffer overflows: arbitrary code

```
void foo() {  
    bar();  
    ...  
}  
  
int bar() {  
    char buf[64];  
    gets(buf);  
    ...  
    return ...;  
}
```

return address A

Stack after call to gets ()



Exploiting buffer overflows: when is this a problem?

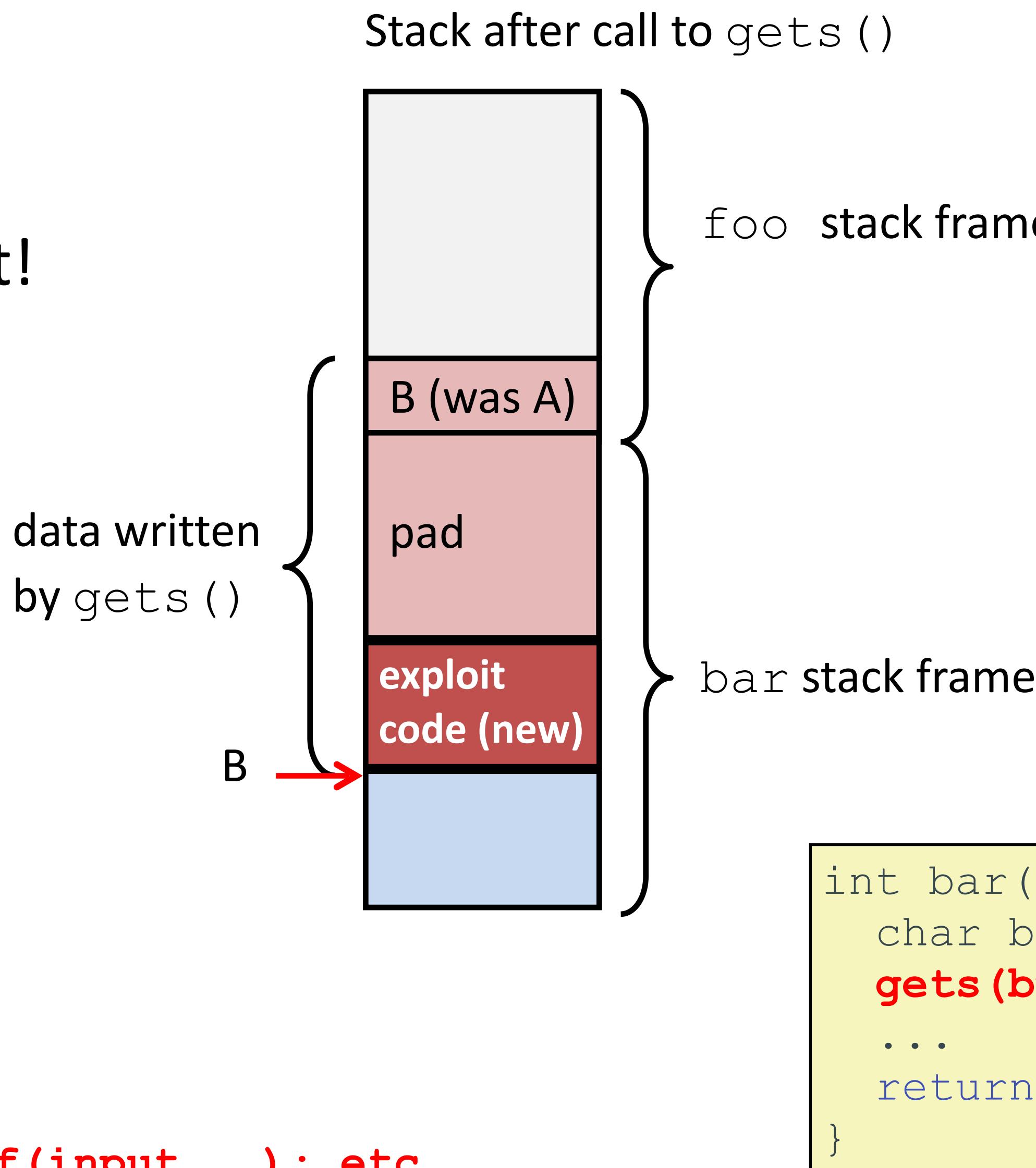
We could construct x86 code to mess up our own programs call stack

But, we trust our own code to not!

The problem: allowing **user input (untrusted source)** to potentially corrupt the stack

Combination of: untrusted input, code that does not enforce bounds

gets(input); strcpy(input, ...); scanf(input, ...); etc



Exploits in the wild

Buffer overflow bugs allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code on machines running vulnerable software.

1988: Internet worm

Early versions of the finger server daemon (fingerd) used `gets()` to read the argument sent by the client:

`finger somebody@cs.wellesley.edu`

commandline facebook of the 80s!

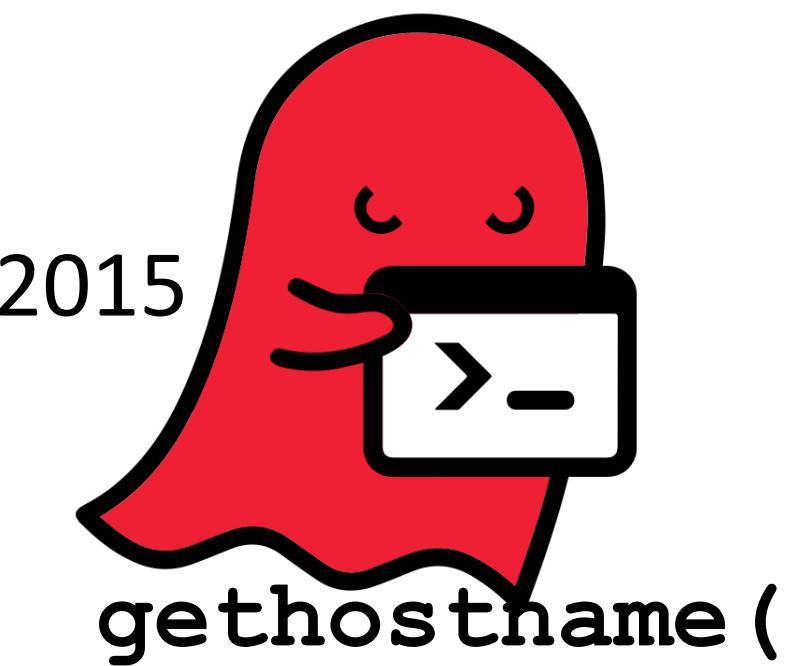
Attack by sending phony argument:

`finger "exploit-code padding new-return-address"`

...

Still happening

"Ghost:" 2015



Heartbleed (2014)

optional

Buffer over-read in OpenSSL

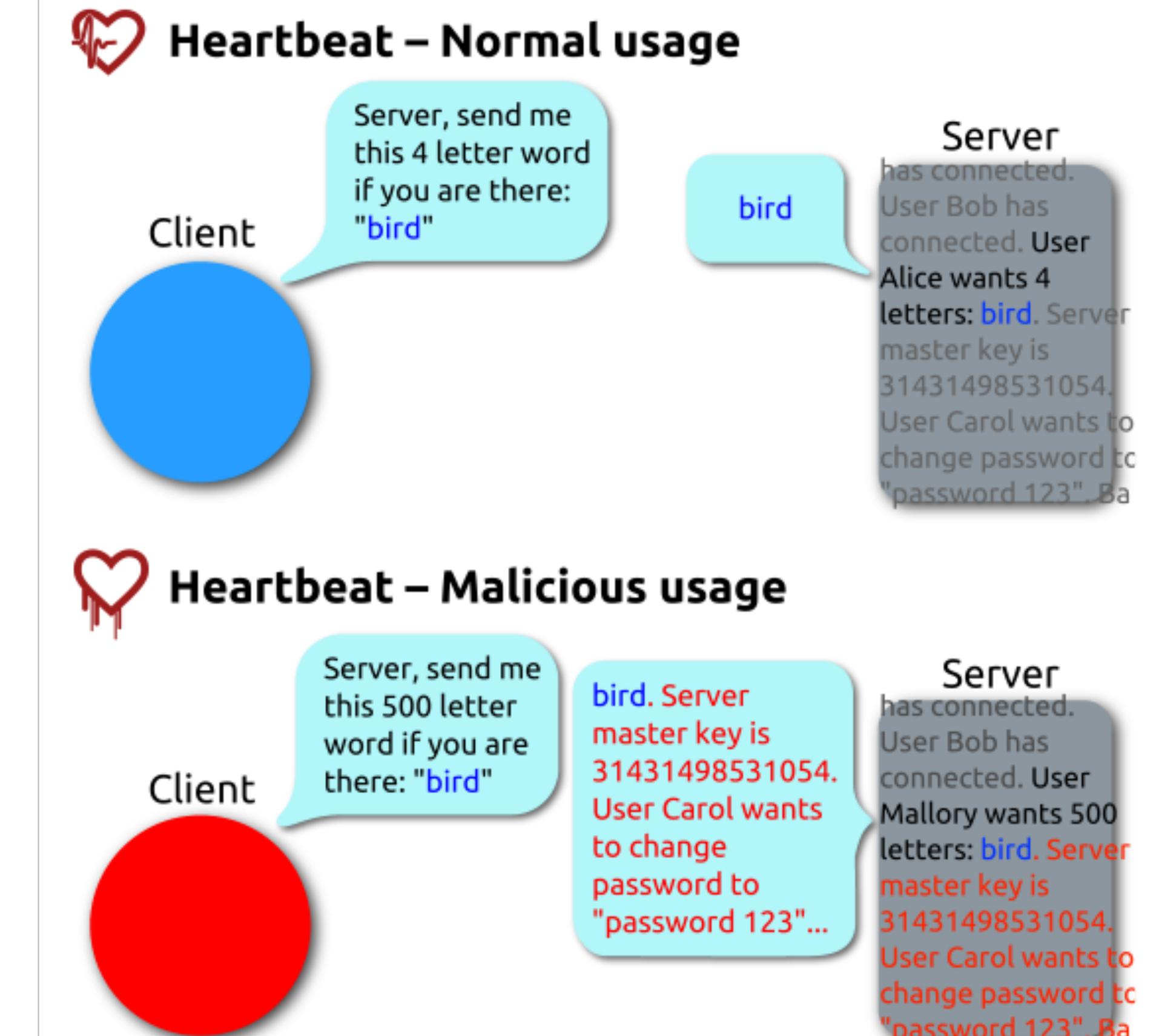
Widely used encryption library ([https](https://))
“Heartbeat” packet

Specifies length of message
Server echoes that much back
Library just “trusted” this length
Allowed attackers to read contents of memory anywhere they wanted

~17% of Internet affected

“Catastrophic”

Github, Yahoo,
Stack Overflow, Amazon AWS, ...



By FenixFeather - Own work, CC BY-SA 3.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=32276981>

Avoiding overrun vulnerabilities

1. Use a memory-safe language (not C)!
2. If you have to use C, use library functions that limit string lengths.
fgets instead of **gets**

```
/* Echo Line */
void echo() {
    char buf[4]; /* Way too small! */
    fgets(buf, 4, stdin);
    puts(buf);
}
```

strncpy instead of **strcpy**

Don't use **scanf** with **%s** conversion specification

Use **fgets** to read the string

Or use **%ns** where **n** is a suitable integer

Other ideas?

System-level protections

Available in modern OSs/compilers/hardware

(We disabled these for buffer assignment.)

1. Randomize stack base, maybe frame padding

2. Detect stack corruption

save and check stack "canary" values

3. Non-executable memory segments

stack, heap, data, ... everything except text
hardware support

Helpful, not foolproof!

Return-oriented programming, over-reads, etc.

not drawn to scale

