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# CS240
# Lab 4 assignment - Solution
# compares a string entered by the user to the elements of an array of equal length strings, and prints
# a message if the string entered is a match for one of the elements in the array
        .data
length_validops: .word 5
length_op:
                 .word 3
                 .ascii "add", "sub", "and", "slt", "beq"
validops:
buffer:
                 .space 20
                                  # string from keyboard stored here
maxlength:
                 .word 20
                                  # length of string from keyboard stored here
length_string:
                 .space 4
prompt: .asciiz "Enter a string: "
result: .asciiz "\nValid operation "
                 .text
                 .globl main
main:
                 li $v0,4 # prompt for a string
                 la $a0,prompt
                 syscall
        # read in a string from the keyboard into address buffer in memory (max chars 20)
                 li $v0.8
                 la $a0,buffer
                 lw $a1,maxlength
                 syscall
                                  # address of string in $a0
        # find length of string by looping and counting characters until a lf occurs
                                  # address of buffer in $s0
                 move $s0,$a0
                 li $t0,'\n'
                 li $t1,0
                                  # length of string in $t1
lengthloop:
                                  # get a byte from the string
                 lb $t2,0($s0)
                 beq $t2,$t0,endlengthloop # if it is not a lf, add 1 to the count
                 addi $t1,$t1,1
                 addi $s0,$s0,1
                 j lengthloop
                                  # and repeat
endlengthloop: sw $t1,length_string # store the length of the string in memory
        # loop to check all the elements of the array against the string entered by the user
                 lw $t3,length_validops
                 lw $t4,length_op
                 la $a1,validops
                                           # address of current element being examined in $a1
                                           # (initialized to base address)
checkloop:
                 beq $t3,$zero, exit
                                           # compare the string with the current element of the array
                 jal compareStrings
                 bne $v0,$zero, endcheckloop
                                                   # if the result if 1, there is a match
                 addi $t3,$t3,-1
                                           # if not a match, decrement the count of elements checked
                 add $a1,$a1,$t4
                 j checkloop
                                           # and repeat
endcheckloop: li $v0,4
                                           # print the success message is there is a match
                 la $a0,result
                 syscall
exit:
                 li $v0,10
                 syscall
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# compareStrings takes 2 parameters, \$a0 is the address of the string input by the user, # \$a1 is the address of the current element in the array to compare the string to # the return value in \$v0 will be 1 if the string was a match, and 0 otherwise (1 = true, 0 = false)

compareStrings: move \$s3,\$a0

move \$s4,\$a1

comparelength: lw \$t0,length\_op #compare lengths of the two strings

lw \$t1,length\_string

bne \$t0,\$t1,notfound #if lengths are not equal, strings do not match

# lengths are equal, so loop and compare the characters one by one of the two strings

li \$v0,1 # initialize result to 1 (assume strings match, loop will set

# result to 0 if there is not a match)

compareloop: beq \$t0,\$zero,done

lb \$t5,0(\$s3) # compare the two strings, character by character

lb \$t6,0(\$s4)

bne \$t5,\$t6,notfound # as soon as there's a mismatch, get out

addi \$s3,\$s3,1 addi \$s4,\$s4,1 addi \$t0,\$t0,-1

j compareloop # repeat with the next pair of characters

notfound: li \$v0,0 # set result to 0 (strings do not match)

done: jr \$ra