



## x86: Procedures and the Call Stack

The call stack discipline  
x86 procedure call and return instructions  
x86 calling conventions  
x86 register-saving conventions

<https://cs.wellesley.edu/~cs240/>

1

1

2

## x86: Procedures and the Call Stack

### Outline

1. Motivation
  - a. (video 1) What we have seen so far
  - b. (video 1) Why we can't implement procedure calls with jumps alone
2. (video 1) High-level call stack example
3. Procedure control flow instructions: call and ret
4. Procedure call example (in depth!) on whiteboard
5. Caller vs/callee example
6. (Covered in lab, video) Recursion example

## Why procedures?

Why functions? Why methods?

```
int contains_char(char* haystack, char needle) {  
    while (*haystack != '\0') {  
        if (*haystack == needle) return 1;  
        haystack++;  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```

*Answer: procedural abstraction*

3

## Implementing procedures

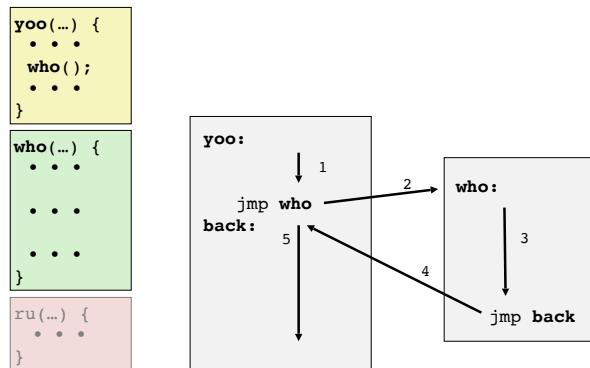
Have we already seen  
how this is done?

1. How does a caller pass arguments to a procedure? ✓
2. How does a caller receive a return value from a procedure? ✓
3. How does a procedure know where to return  
(what code to execute next when done)? ??
4. Where does a procedure store local variables? ✓??
5. How do procedures share limited registers and memory? ??

3

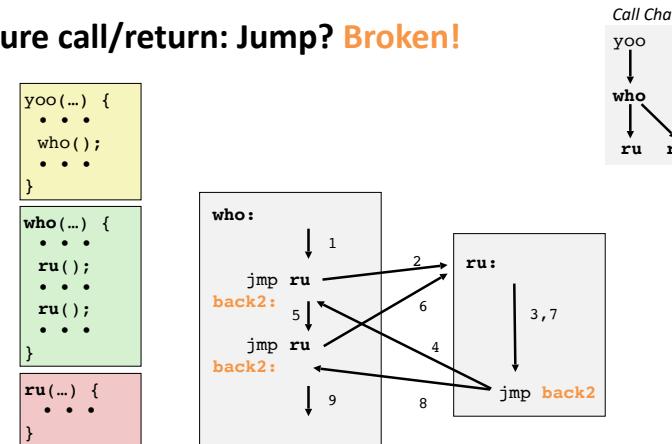
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## Procedure call/return: Jump?



But what if we want to call a function from multiple places in the code?

## Procedure call/return: Jump? Broken!



But what if we want to call a function from multiple places in the code?  
Broken: needs to track context.

## Implementing procedures

requires **separate storage per call!**

(not just per procedure)

Have we already seen  
how this is done?

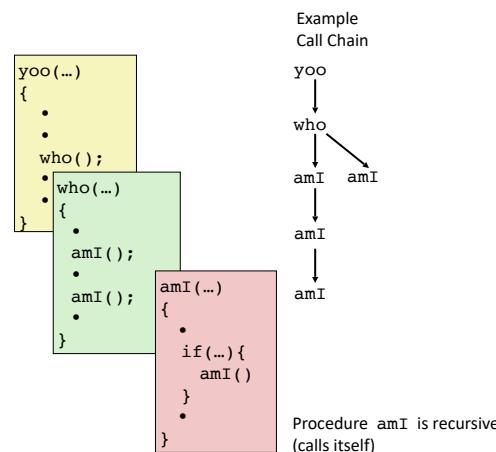
- How does a caller pass arguments to a procedure? ✓
- How does a caller receive a return value from a procedure? ✓
- How does a procedure know where to return  
(what code to execute next when done)? ??
- Where does a procedure store local variables? ✓?
- How do procedures share limited registers and memory? ??

## Memory Layout

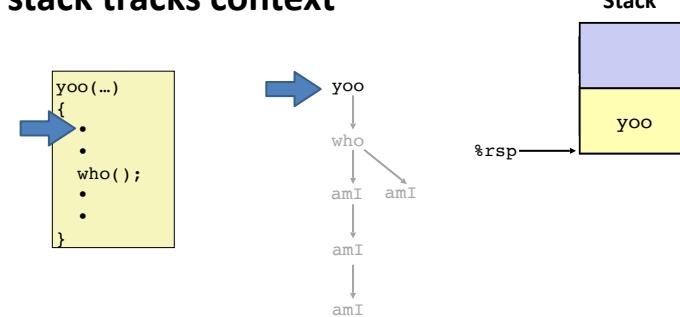
Addr	Perm	Contents	Managed by	Initialized
2 <sup>N-1</sup> ↓	RW	Procedure context	Compiler	Run-time
↓	RW	Dynamic data structures	Programmer, malloc/free, new/GC	Run-time
↓	RW	Global variables/ static data structures	Compiler/ Assembler/Linker	Startup
↓	R	String literals	Compiler/ Assembler/Linker	Startup
↓	X	Instructions	Compiler/ Assembler/Linker	Startup
0				

reminder

## Call stack tracks context



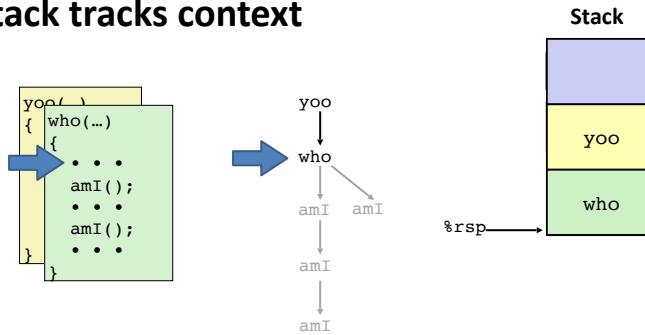
## Call stack tracks context



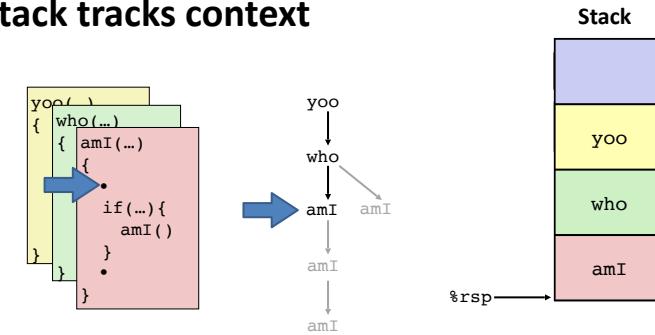
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## Call stack tracks context



## Call stack tracks context



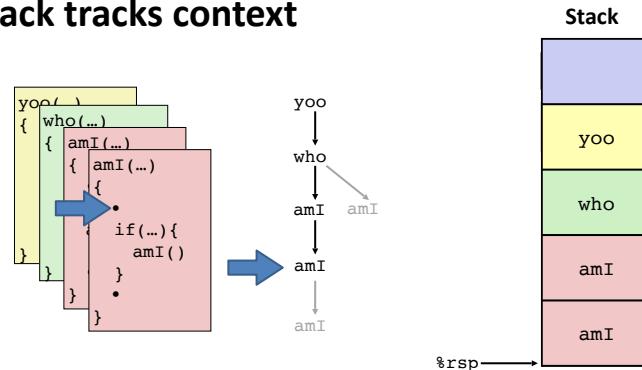
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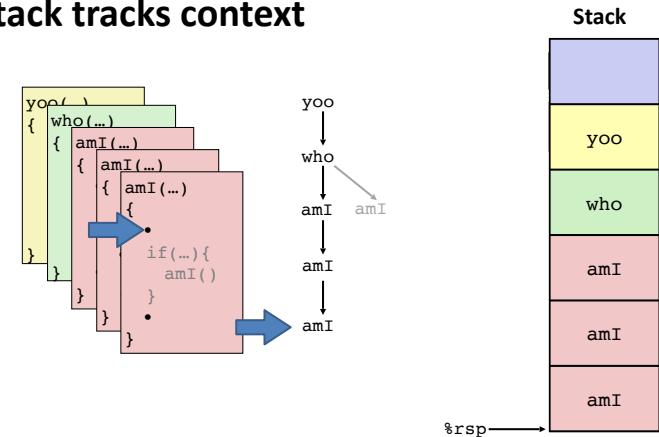
11

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## Call stack tracks context



## Call stack tracks context



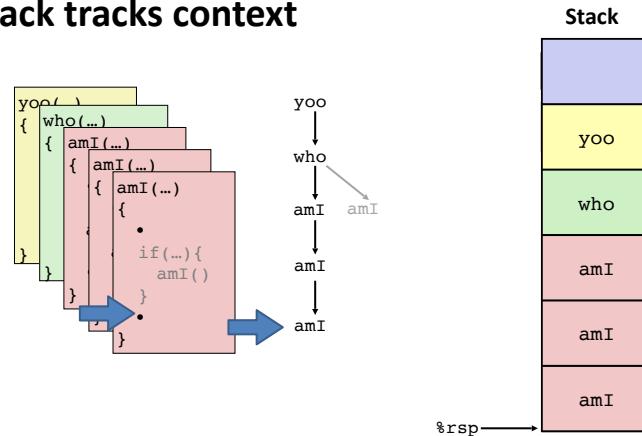
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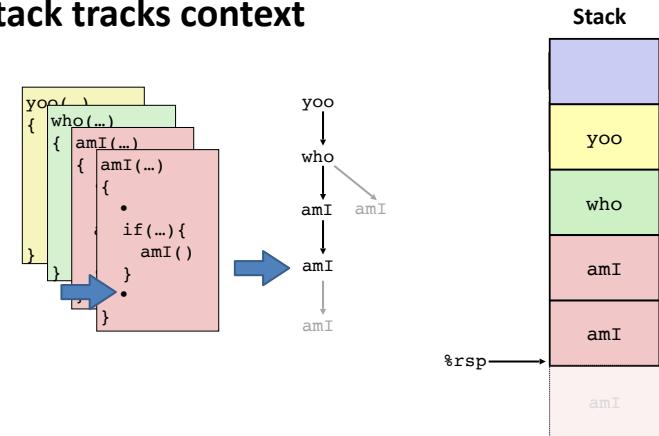
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## Call stack tracks context



## Call stack tracks context



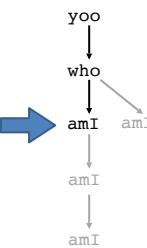
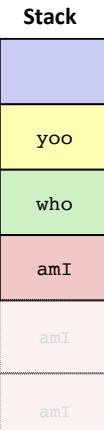
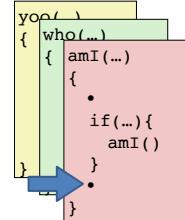
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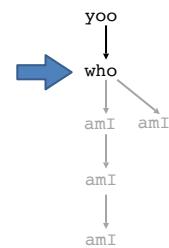
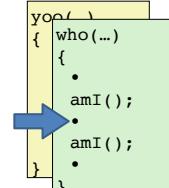
16

## Call stack tracks context



%rsp

## Call stack tracks context

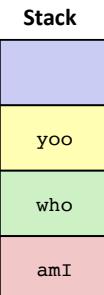
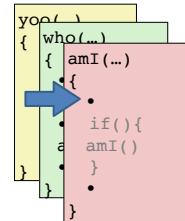


%rsp



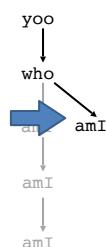
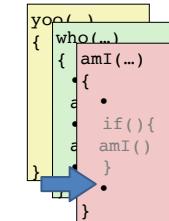
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## Call stack tracks context

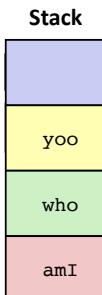


%rsp

## Call stack tracks context



%rsp



20

17

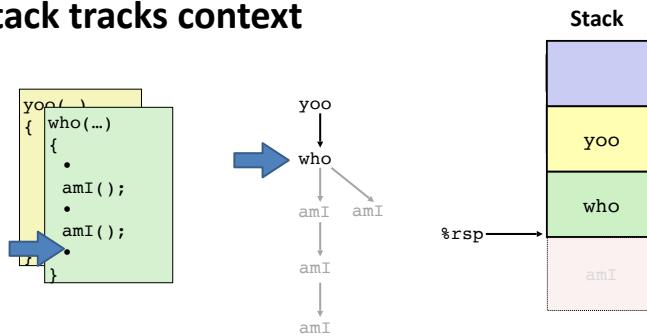
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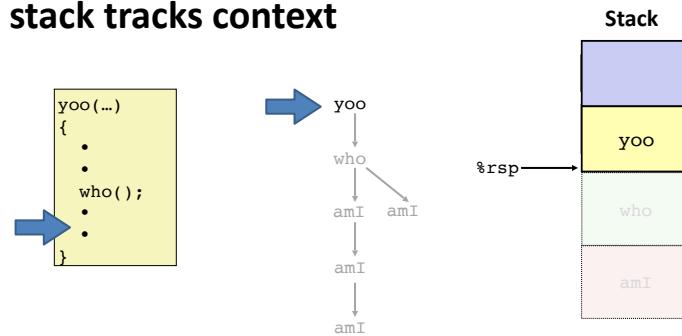
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20

## Call stack tracks context



## Call stack tracks context

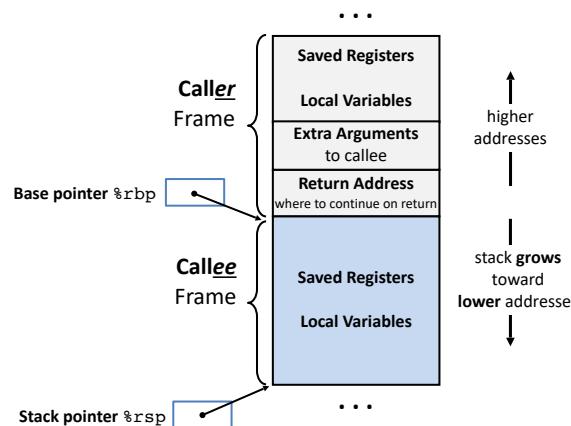


## The call stack supports procedures

**Stack frame:** section of stack used by one procedure *call* to store context while running.

**Procedure code manages stack frames explicitly.**

- **Setup:** allocate space at start of procedure.
- **Cleanup:** deallocate space before return.



## Procedure control flow instructions

### Procedure call: `callq target`

1. Push return address on stack
2. Jump to *target*

**Return address:** Address of instruction after *call*.

```
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: movq %rax,(%rbx)
```

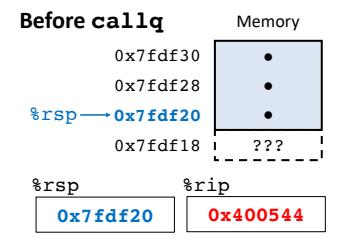
### Procedure return: `retq`

1. Pop return address from stack
2. Jump to return address

## Call example



```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
.
.
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
.
.
```



```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
400550: mov    %rdi,%rax
.
.
400557: retq
```

### `callq target`

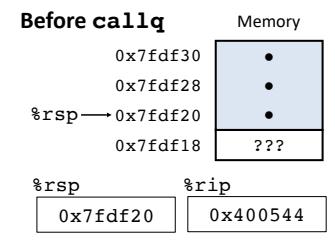
1. Push return address on stack
2. Jump to `target`

25

## Call example



```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
.
.
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
.
.
```



```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
400550: mov    %rdi,%rax
.
.
400557: retq
```

### `callq target`

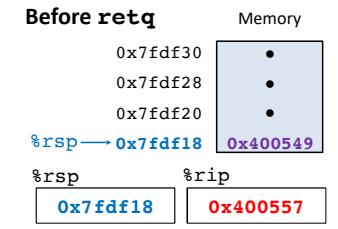
1. Push return address on stack
2. Jump to `target`

26

## Return example



```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
.
.
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
.
.
```



```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
400550: mov    %rdi,%rax
.
.
400557: retq
```

### `retq`

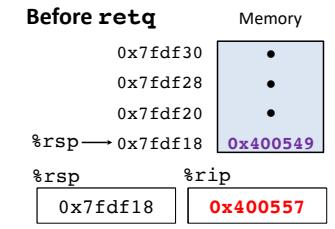
1. Pop return address from stack
2. Jump to return address

27

## Return example



```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
.
.
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
.
.
```



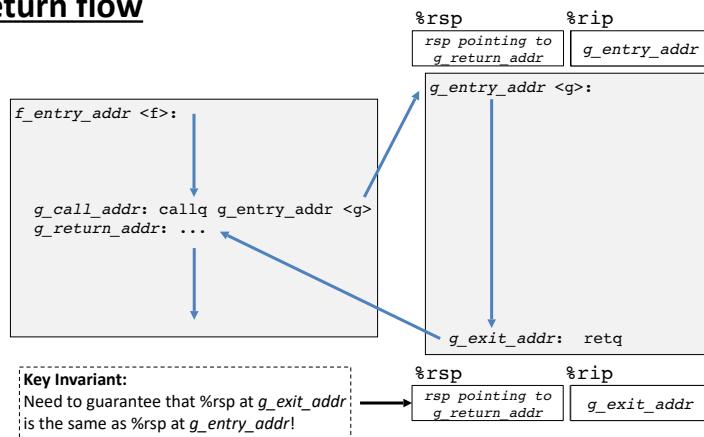
```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
400550: mov    %rdi,%rax
.
.
400557: retq
```

### `retq`

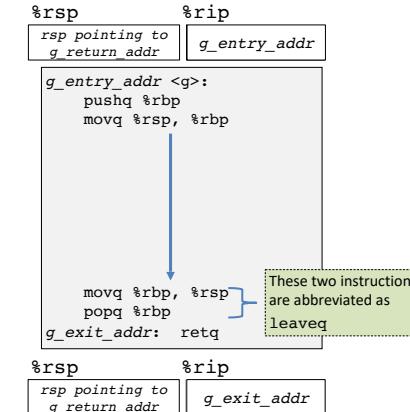
1. Pop return address from stack
2. Jump to return address

28

## Call/Return flow



**%rbp prologue/epilog is easy way to guarantee %rsp invariant**



29

30

## Procedure data flow conventions

Recall:

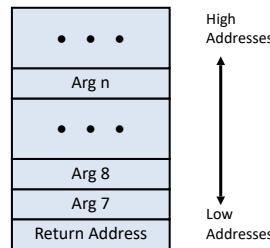
First 6 arguments: passed in registers

Arg 1	<code>\$rdi</code>	Diane's
Arg 2	<code>\$rsi</code>	Silk
Arg 3	<code>\$rdx</code>	Dress
Arg 4	<code>\$rcx</code>	Costs
Arg 5	<code>\$r8</code>	\$8
Arg 6	<code>\$r9</code>	9

Return value: passed in `%rax`

`%rax`

Remaining arguments:  
passed on stack (in memory)



## Procedure call / stack frame example

```

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

```

```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

```

Passes address of local variable (in stack).

```

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```

```

long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}

```

Uses memory through pointer.

31

32

## Procedure call example (step 0)

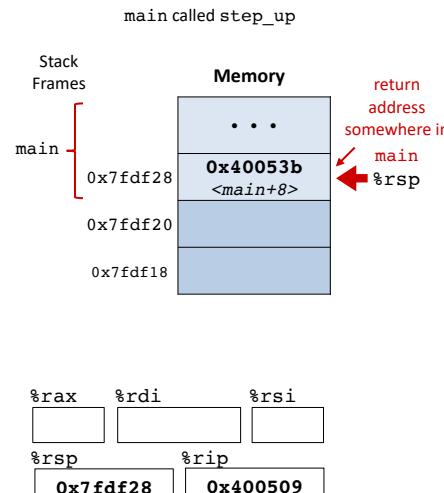
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



33

## Procedure call example (step 1)

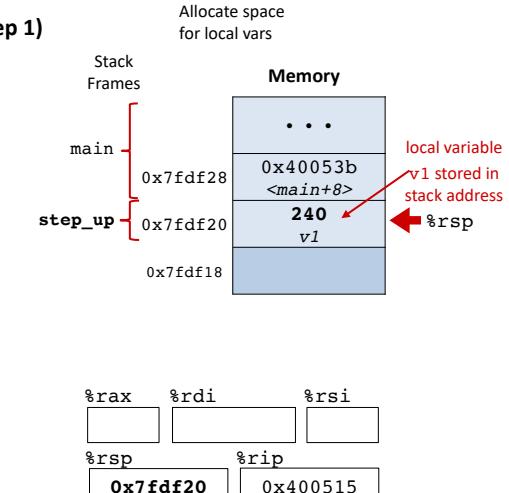
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



34

## Procedure call example (step 2)

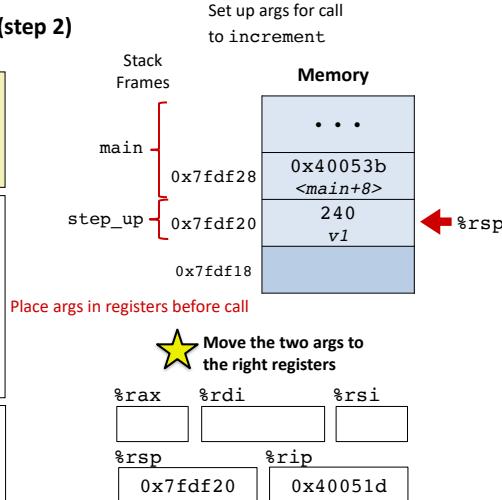
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



35

## Procedure call example (step 2)

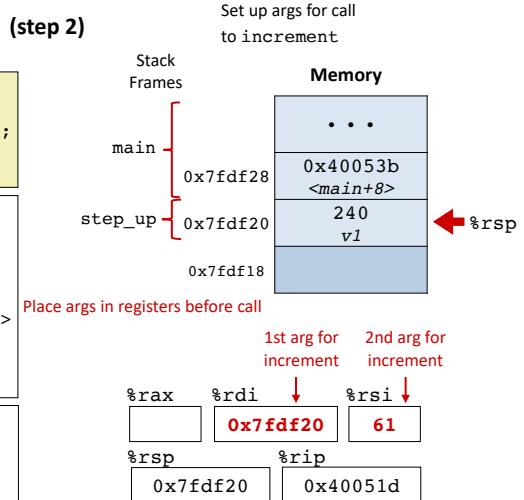
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



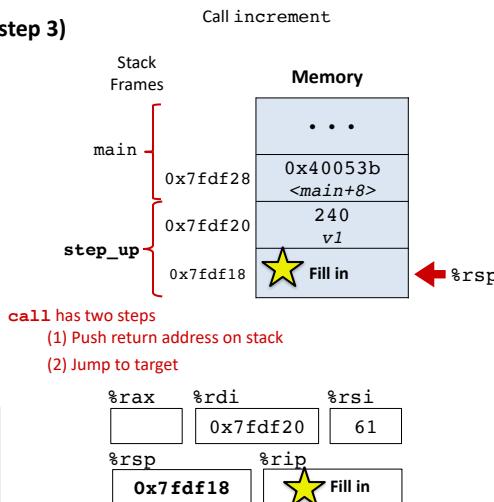
36

## Procedure call example (step 3)

```
long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq
```



37

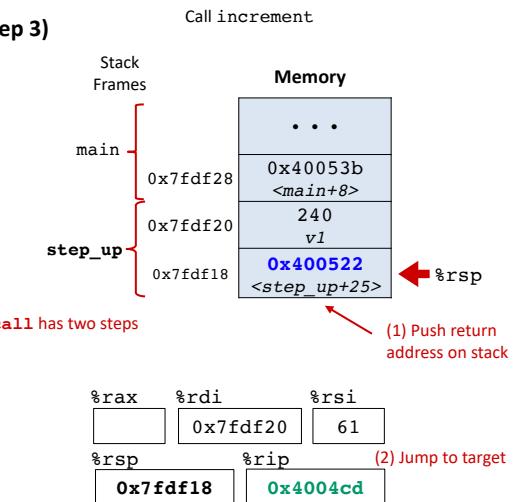
## Procedure call example (step 3)

```
long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq
```

**increment:**



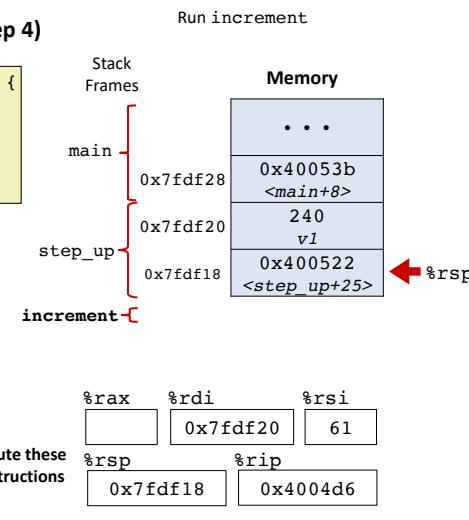
38

## Procedure call example (step 4)

```
long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq
```



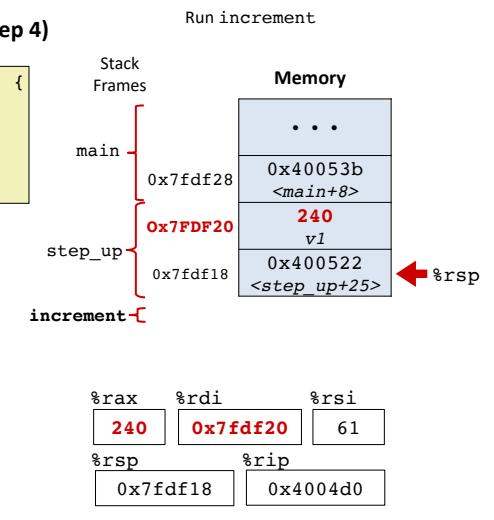
39

## Procedure call example (step 4)

```
long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq
```



40

## Procedure call example (step 4)

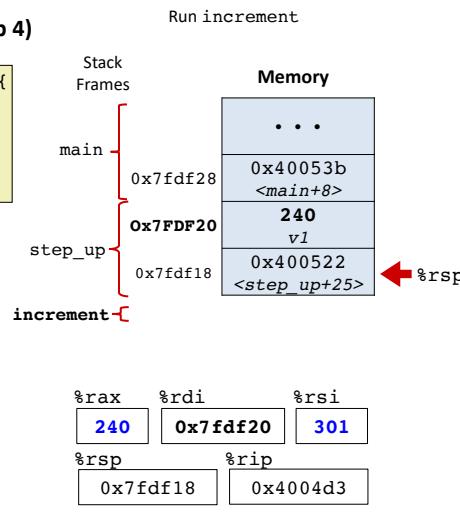
```

lo long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



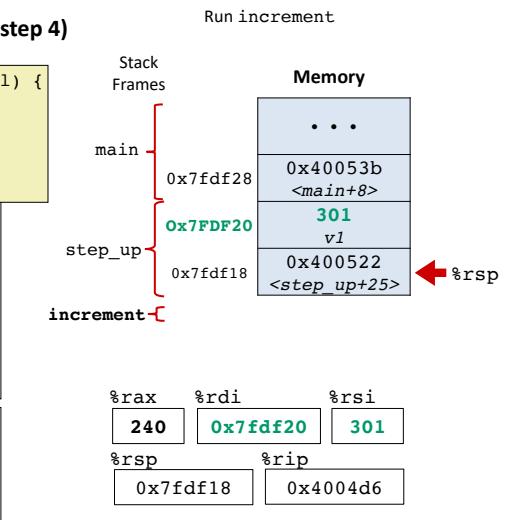
```

lo long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



41

42

## Procedure call example (step 5a)

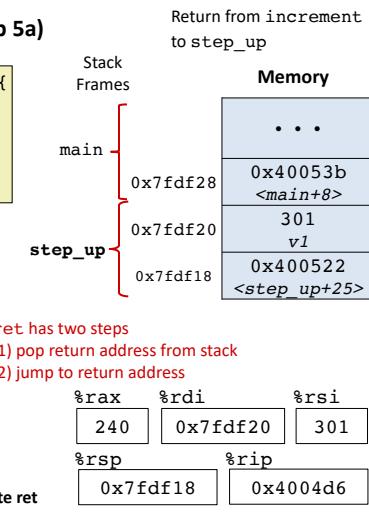
```

lo long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi) ★
4004d6: retq

```



43

## Procedure call example (step 5b)

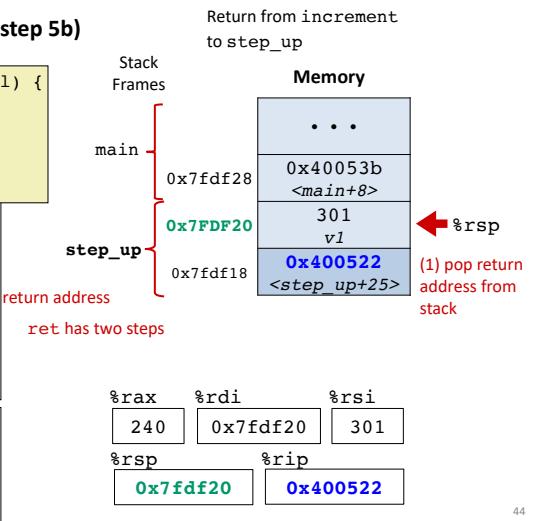
```

lo long increment(long* p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



44

## Procedure call example (step 6)

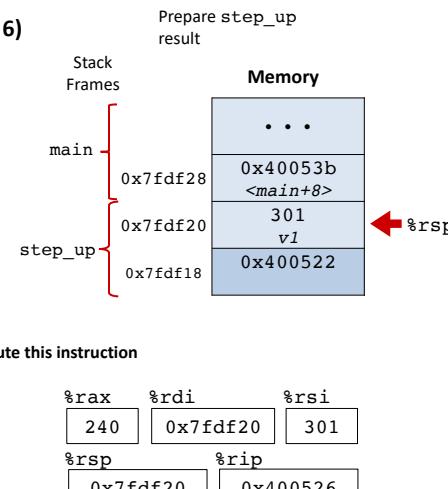
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



## Procedure call example (step 6)

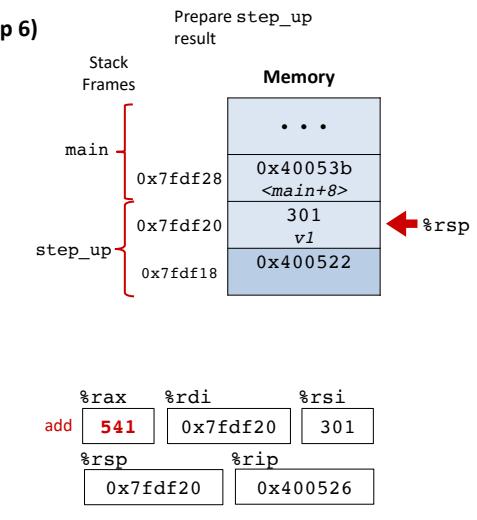
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



## Procedure call example (step 7)

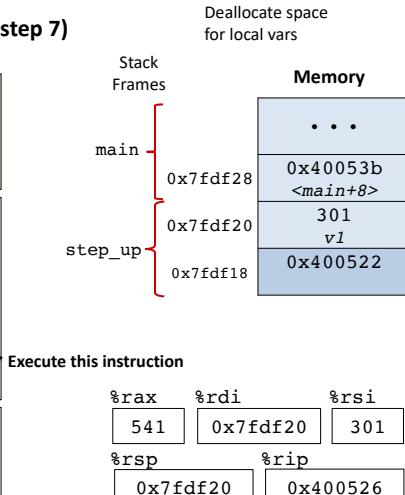
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```



## Procedure call example (step 7)

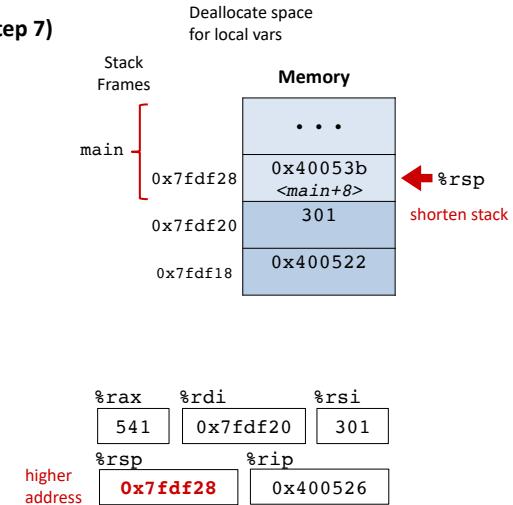
```

long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}

step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq

increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq

```

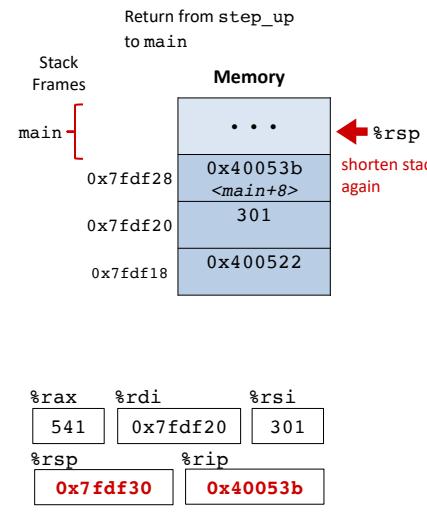


## Procedure call example (step 8)

```
long step_up() {
    long v1 = 240;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

```
step_up:
400509: subq $8, %rsp
40050d: movq $240, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq (%rsp), %rax
400526: addq $8, %rsp
40052a: retq
```

```
increment:
4004cd: movq (%rdi), %rax
4004d0: addq %rax, %rsi
4004d3: movq %rsi, (%rdi)
4004d6: retq
```



49

49

Have we now seen how this is done?

- How does a caller pass arguments to a procedure? ✓
- How does a caller receive a return value from a procedure? ✓
- How does a procedure know where to return (what code to execute next when done)? ✓
- Where does a procedure store local variables? ✓
- How do procedures share limited registers and memory? ??

50

50

## Register saving conventions

yoo calls who:  
Caller      Callee

```
yoo(...){  
    ...  
    who();  
    ...  
}
```

Will register contents still be there after a procedure call?

```
yoo:  
    ...  
    movq $12345, %rbx  
    call who  
    addq %rbx, %rax  
    ...  
    ret
```

```
who:  
    ...  
    addq %rdi, %rbx  
    ...  
    ret
```

Conventions:  
Caller Save  
Callee Save

51

51

## x86-64 register conventions

\$rax	Return value – Caller saved
%rbx	Callee saved
%rcx	Argument #4 – Caller saved
%rdx	Argument #3 – Caller saved
%rsi	Argument #2 – Caller saved
%rdi	Argument #1 – Caller saved
%rsp	Stack pointer
%rbp	Callee saved
%r8	Argument #5 – Caller saved
%r9	Argument #6 – Caller saved
%r10	Caller saved
%r11	Caller Saved
%r12	Callee saved
%r13	Callee saved
%r14	Callee saved
%r15	Callee saved

52

52

## Callee-save example (step 0)

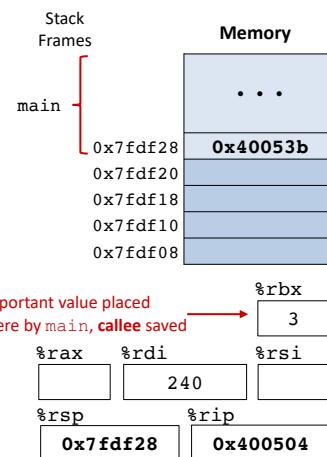
Similar function, but now takes an arg for the local variable

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}
```

```
step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax
400525: addq $16, %rsp
400529: popq %rbx
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
callee saved: %rbx

main called step\_by(240)



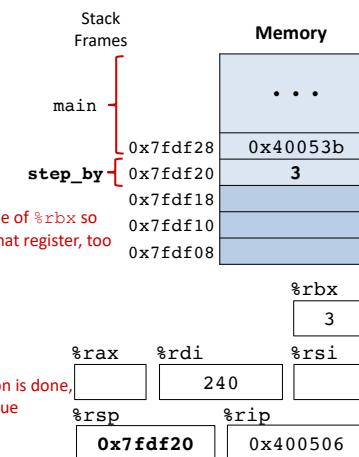
## Callee-save example (step 1)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}
```

```
step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx ← Save the value of %rbx so we can use that register, too
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax
400525: addq $16, %rsp
400529: popq %rbx ← Once this function is done, restore saved value
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
callee saved: %rbx

Save register %rbx



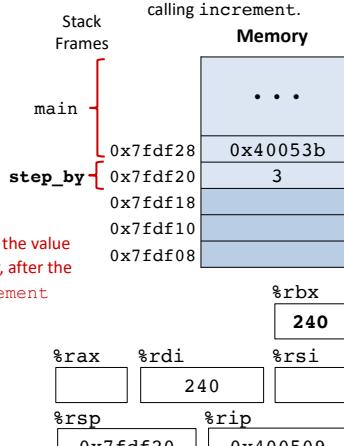
## Callee-save example (step 2)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}
```

```
step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx ← Need to save the value
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp) x to use later, after the
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi call to increment
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax
400525: addq $16, %rsp
400529: popq %rbx
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
callee saved: %rbx

Copy argument x to %rbx for continued use after calling increment.



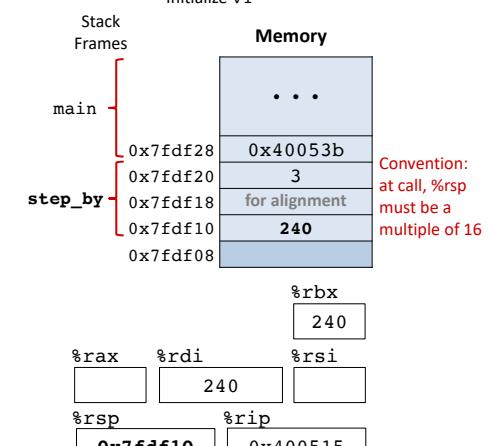
## Callee-save example (step 3)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}
```

```
step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax
400525: addq $16, %rsp
400529: popq %rbx
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
callee saved: %rbx

Set up stack frame  
Initialize v1



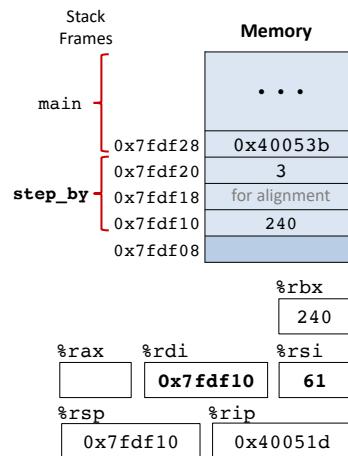
## Callee-save example (step 4)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}

step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax
400525: addq $16, %rsp
400529: popq %rbx
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
 callee saved: %rbx

Set up arguments



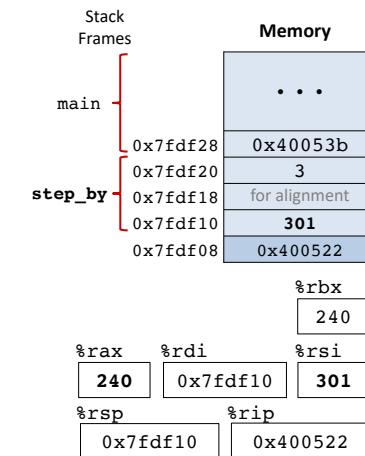
## Callee-save example (step 5)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}

step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax
400525: addq $16, %rsp
400529: popq %rbx
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
 callee saved: %rbx

Call, execute, and return from increment



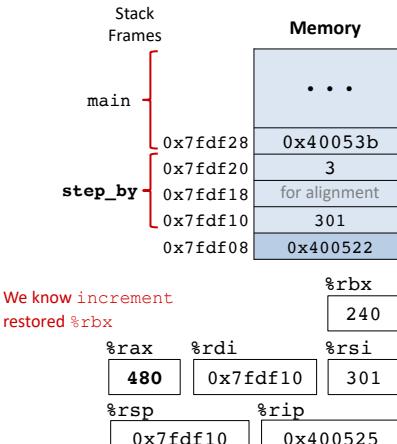
## Callee-save example (step 6)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}

step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax ←
400525: addq $16, %rsp
400529: popq %rbx
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
 callee saved: %rbx

Prepare return value



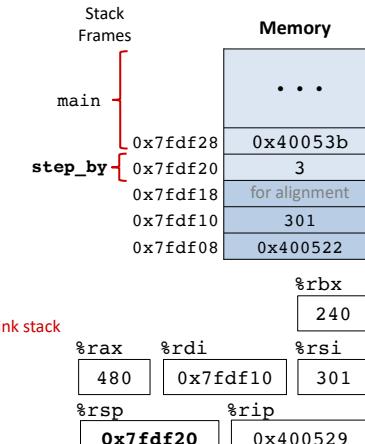
## Callee-save example (step 7)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}

step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax ←
400525: addq $16, %rsp ←
400529: popq %rbx
40052b: retq
```

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi  
 callee saved: %rbx

Clean up stack frame

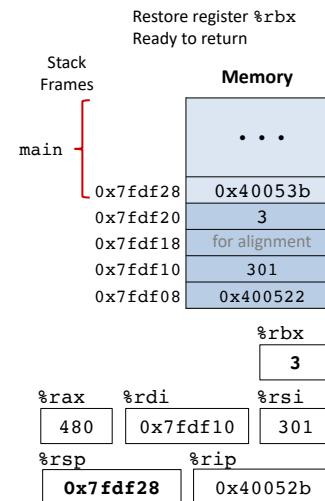


## Callee-save example (step 8)

```
long step_by(long x) {
    long v1 = x;
    long v2 = increment(&v1, 61);
    return x + v2;
}

step_by:
400504: pushq %rbx
400506: movq %rdi, %rbx
400509: subq $16, %rsp
40050d: movq %rdi, (%rsp)
400515: movq %rsp, %rdi
400518: movl $61, %esi
40051d: callq 4004cd <increment>
400522: addq %rbx, %rax
400525: addq $16, %rsp      Restore %rbx
400529: popq %rbx          for main
40052b: retq

caller saved: %rax, %rdi, %rsi
callee saved: %rbx
```



61

## Recursion example: code

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

The diagram highlights the following sections of the assembly code:

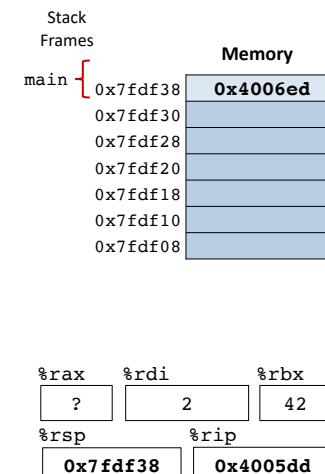
- base case/condition:** The `if (x == 0) { return 0; }` block is labeled as the base case.
- recursive case:** The `else { return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1); }` block is labeled as the recursive case.
- x&1 in %rbx across call:** An annotation points to the `andl $1, %ebx` instruction, indicating that the low bit of `x` is stored in `%rbx` before the recursive call.
- save/restore:** Annotations show `pushq %rbx` saving `%rbx` before the call and `popq %rbx` restoring it after the call.
- %rbx (callee-save):** An annotation points to the `pushq %rbx` instruction, indicating that `%rbx` is a callee-saved register.

62

## Recursion Example: pcount(2)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}

pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

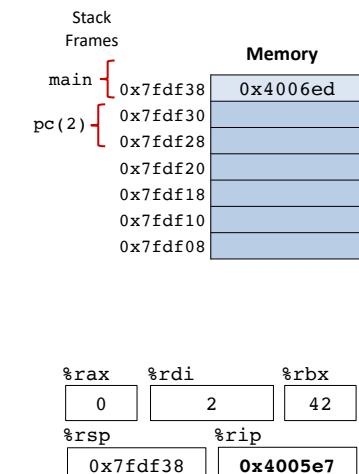


63

## Recursion Example: pcount(2)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}

pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

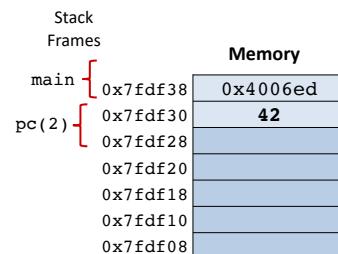


64

### Recursion Example: pcount(2)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

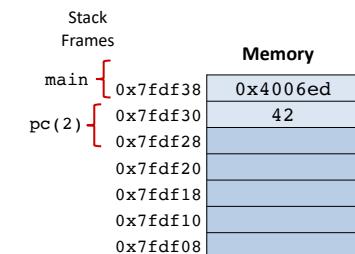
```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```



### Recursion Example: pcount(2)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```



65

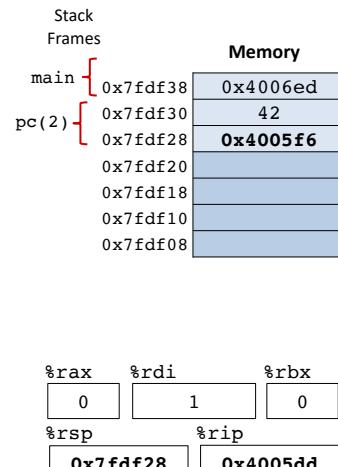
66

66

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

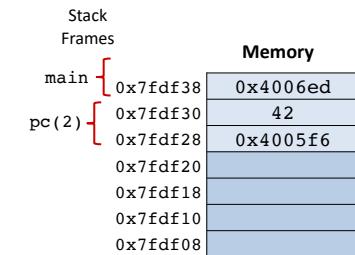
```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```



### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```



67

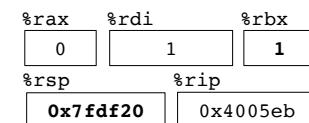
68

68

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

	Stack	Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]		0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]		42
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]		0x4005f6
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]		0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		



### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

	Stack	Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]		0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]		42
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]		0x4005f6
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]		0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		



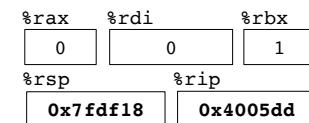
69

70

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

	Stack	Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]		0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]		42
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]		0x4005f6
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]		0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]		0x4005f6
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		

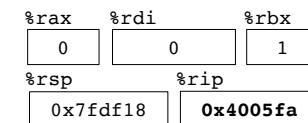


### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

	Stack	Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]		0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]		42
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]		0x4005f6
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]		0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]		0x4005f6
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		



71

72

70

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}

4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

Stack  
Frames  
Memory

main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]	
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]	

%rax    %rdi    %rbx  
 0       0       1  
 %rsp              %rip  
 0x7fdf20        0x4005f6

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}

pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

Stack  
Frames  
Memory

main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]	
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]	

%rax    %rdi    %rbx  
 0       0       1  
 %rsp              %rip  
 0x7fdf20        0x4005f6

73

74

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
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}

pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
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4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

Stack  
Frames  
Memory

main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6
pc(1)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]	
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]	

%rax    %rdi    %rbx  
 1       0       1  
 %rsp              %rip  
 0x7fdf20        0x4005f9

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
1 long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}

pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
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4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

Stack  
Frames  
Memory

main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]	
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]	

%rax    %rdi    %rbx  
 1       0       0  
 %rsp              %rip  
 0x7fdf28        0x4005fa

75

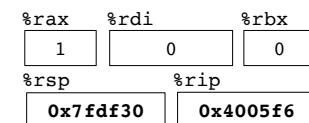
76

76

### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

Stack		Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed	
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42	
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0	
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		

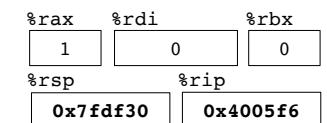


### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

Stack		Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed	
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42	
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0	
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```



### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

Stack		Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed	
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42	
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0	
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		

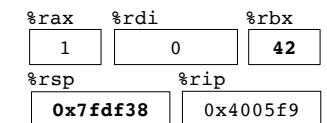


### Recursion Example: pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

Stack		Frames	Memory
main	[ 0x7fdf38 ]	0x4006ed	
pc(2)	[ 0x7fdf30 ]	42	
	[ 0x7fdf28 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf20 ]	0	
	[ 0x7fdf18 ]	0x4005f6	
	[ 0x7fdf10 ]		
	[ 0x7fdf08 ]		

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

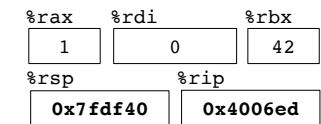


**Recursion Example:** pcount(2) → pcount(1) → pcount(0)

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
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4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

Stack Frames	Memory
main ↗	0x4006ed
0x7fdf38	42
0x7fdf28	0x4005f6
0x7fdf20	0
0x7fdf18	0x4005f6
0x7fdf10	
0x7fdf08	



**Recursion Exercise:** pcount(13)

(1) What do the stack & registers look like at the base case?  
(2) What is the final value returned by pcount(13)?

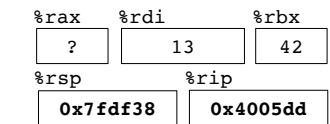
ex

Stack  
Frames

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

main ↗	Memory
0x7fdf38	0x4006ed
0x7fdf30	
0x7fdf28	
0x7fdf20	
0x7fdf18	
0x7fdf10	
0x7fdf08	
0x7fdf00	
0x7def8	



**Recursion Exercise:** pcount(13)

(1) Q: What do the stack & registers look like at the base case?  
A: See below

Solutions

```
long pcount(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (x & 1) + pcount(x >> 1);
    }
}
```

```
pcount:
4005dd: movl $0, %eax
4005e2: testq %rdi, %rdi
4005e5: je 4005fa <.L6>
4005e7: pushq %rbx
4005e8: movq %rdi, %rbx
4005eb: andl $1, %ebx
4005ee: shrq %rdi
4005f1: callq pcount
4005f6: addq %rbx, %rax
4005f9: popq %rbx
.L6:
4005fa: rep
4005fb: retq
```

Stack  
Frames

Memory
main ↗ 0x4006ed
0x7fdf30 42
0x7fdf28 0x4005f6
0x7fdf20 1
0x7fdf18 0x4005f6
0x7fdf10 0
0x7fdf08 0x4005f6
0x7fdf00 1
0x7def8 0x4005f6

(2) Q: What is the final value returned by pcount(13)? A: 3

81

**Stack storage example**

(1)

optional

long int call\_proc()

```
{
    long x1 = 1;
    int x2 = 2;
    short x3 = 3;
    char x4 = 4;
    proc(x1, &x1, x2, &x2,
          x3, &x3, x4, &x4);
    return (x1+x2)*(x3-x4);
}
```

Return address to caller of call\_proc

←%rsp

```
call_proc:
    subq $32,%rsp
    movq $1,16(%rsp) # x1
    movl $2,24(%rsp) # x2
    movw $3,28(%rsp) # x3
    movb $4,31(%rsp) # x4
    • • •
```

83

84

## Stack storage example (2) Allocate local vars

```
long int call_proc()
{
    long x1 = 1;
    int x2 = 2;
    short x3 = 3;
    char x4 = 4;
    proc(x1, &x1, x2, &x2,
          x3, &x3, x4, &x4);
    return (x1+x2)*(x3-x4);
}
```

```
call_proc:
    subq $32,%rsp
    movq $1,16(%rsp) # x1
    movl $2,24(%rsp) # x2
    movw $3,28(%rsp) # x3
    movb $4,31(%rsp) # x4
    * * *
```

Return address to caller of call_proc			
x4		x3	x2
		x1	
			16
			8
			-%rsp

optional

85

85

## Stack storage example (3) setup args to proc

```
long int call_proc()
{
    long x1 = 1;
    int x2 = 2;
    short x3 = 3;
    char x4 = 4;
    proc(x1, &x1, x2, &x2,
          x3, &x3, x4, &x4);
    return (x1+x2)*(x3-x4);
}
```

Return address to caller of call_proc			
x4		x3	x2
		x1	
			Arg 8
			Arg 7
			-%rsp

optional

```
call_proc:
    * * *
    leaq 24(%rsp),%rcx # &x2
    leaq 16(%rsp),%rsi # &x1
    leaq 31(%rsp),%rax # &x4
    movq %rax,8(%rsp) # ...
    movl $4,(%rsp) # 4
    leaq 28(%rsp),%r9 # &x3
    movl $3,%r8d # 3
    movl $2,%edx # 2
    movq $1,%rdi # 1
    call proc
    * * *
```

Arguments passed in (in order):  
%rdi, %rsi, %rdx, %rcx, %r8, %r9

24

16

8

-%rsp

86

## Stack storage example (4) after call to proc

```
long int call_proc()
{
    long x1 = 1;
    int x2 = 2;
    short x3 = 3;
    char x4 = 4;
    proc(x1, &x1, x2, &x2,
          x3, &x3, x4, &x4);
    return (x1+x2)*(x3-x4);
}
```

```
call_proc:
    * * *
    movswl 28(%rsp),%eax # x3
    movsbl 31(%rsp),%edx # x4
    subl %edx,%eax # x3-x4
    cltq # sign-extend %eax->%rax
    movsllq 24(%rsp),%rdx # x2
    addq 16(%rsp),%rdx # x1+x2
    imulq %rdx,%rax # *
    addq $32,%rsp
    ret
```

Return address to caller of call_proc			
x4		x3	x2
		x1	
		Arg 8	
		Arg 7	
			-%rsp

optional

87

87

## Stack storage example (5) deallocate local vars

```
long int call_proc()
{
    long x1 = 1;
    int x2 = 2;
    short x3 = 3;
    char x4 = 4;
    proc(x1, &x1, x2, &x2,
          x3, &x3, x4, &x4);
    return (x1+x2)*(x3-x4);
}
```

Return address to caller of call_proc			
			-%rsp

optional

```
call_proc:
    * * *
    movswl 28(%rsp),%eax
    movsbl 31(%rsp),%edx
    subl %edx,%eax
    cltq
    movsllq 24(%rsp),%rdx
    addq 16(%rsp),%rdx
    imulq %rdx,%rax
    addq $32,%rsp
    ret
```

-%rsp

88

## Procedure Summary

### call, ret, push, pop

Stack discipline fits procedure call / return.\*

If P calls Q: Q (and calls by Q) returns before P

Conventions support arbitrary function calls.

Register-save conventions.

Stack frame saves extra args or local variables. Result returned in %rax

%rax	Return value – Caller saved
%rbx	Callee saved
%rcx	Argument #4 – Caller saved
%rdx	Argument #3 – Caller saved
%rsi	Argument #2 – Caller saved
%rdi	Argument #1 – Caller saved
%rsp	Stack pointer
%rbp	Callee saved

