



Local Bindings and Scope

https://cs.welleslev.edu/~cs251/f19/

Local Bindings and Scope

Topics

- Control scope with local bindings
- Shadowing
- Scope sugar
- Nested function bindings
- Avoid duplicate computations
 - style and convenience
 - efficiency (big-O)

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let expressions Interchangeable: (), [], or {}

Syntax:

Each **xi** is any variable. **e** and each **ei** are any expressions.

Evaluation:

- 1. Under the current dynamic environment, E, evaluate e1 through en to values v1, ..., vn.
- 2. The result is the result of evaluating e under the environment, E, extended with bindings $x1 \mapsto v1$, ..., $xn \mapsto vn$.

$$E \vdash e1 \downarrow v1$$

$$\vdots$$

$$E \vdash en \downarrow vn$$

$$x1 \mapsto v1, \dots, xn \mapsto vn, E \vdash e \downarrow v$$

$$E \vdash (let ([x1 e1] \dots [xn en]) e) \downarrow v$$
[let]

let expressions

```
(+ (let ([x 1]) x)
  (let ([y (let ([a 2]) a)]
        [z 4])
    (-zy))
```

let expressions control scope.

Scope of a binding = area of program that is evaluated while that binding is in environment.

Visualize scope via *lexical contours*.

let expressions control scope.

Let expression bindings are in the environment *only* during evaluation of the body.

Errors: cannot use x or y outside scope of bindings.

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Shadowing

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and and or are sugar!

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let is sugar!

Syntax: (let ([x1 e1] ... [xn en]) e)Each xi is any variable. e and each ei are any expressions.

Evaluation:

- 1. Under the current dynamic environment, E, evaluate e1 through en to values v1, ..., vn.
- 2. The result is the result of evaluating e under the environment, E, extended with bindings $x1 \mapsto v1$, ..., $xn \mapsto vn$.

```
E \vdash e1 \downarrow v1
...
E \vdash en \downarrow vn
x1 \mapsto v1, ..., xn \mapsto vn, E \vdash e \downarrow v
E \vdash (let ([x1 e1] ... [xn en]) e) \downarrow v
[let]
```

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let is sugar!

```
(let ([x1 e1] ... [xn en]) e)
desugars to
((lambda (x1 ... xn) e) e1 ... en)
```

Example:

```
(let ([x (* 3 5)]) (+ x x))
desugars to
 ((lambda (x) (+ x x)) (* 3 5))
```

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Local function bindings

Private helper functions bound locally can be good style. Need letrec to allow recursion*.

Better style:

- Functions can use bindings in the environment where they are defined: count-to-x can use x.
- Unnecessary parameters are usually bad style:
 to in previous example

Nested functions: style

Good style to define helper functions inside the functions they help if they are:

- Unlikely to be useful elsewhere
- Likely to be misused if available elsewhere
- Likely to be changed or removed later

Trade-off in code design:

- reusing code saves effort and avoids bugs
- makes the reused code harder to change later

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(if (> (first xs) (bad-max (rest xs))) Fast vs. unusable (first xs) (bad-max (rest xs))) (bad-max (range 50 0 -1))→ bm 50,... → bm 49,... → bm 48,. bm 1 (bad-max (range 1 51)) bm 1,... om 50 bm 2.... bm 3,... 250 bm 2,... times Assume 10⁻⁷ seconds each Then: $50 \times 10^{-7} \sec vs \ 1.12 \times 10^{8} \sec = 3.5 \text{ years}$ (bad-max (list 1 2 ... 100)) takes > 4 x 1015 years. Our sun is predicted to die in about 5 x 109 years. Local Bindings and Scope 15

Avoid repeated recursion

Consider this code and the recursive calls it makes

- Ignore calls to first, rest, and null? (small constant amounts of work)

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Efficient max

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Efficient and concise max

```
(define (maxlist xs)
    (if (null? xs)
        null ; not defined on empty list
        (max (first xs) (maxlist (rest xs)))))
; even better implementations to come later
```

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