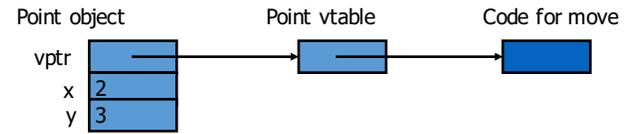


OO: optimizing with static types, code-sharing mechanisms

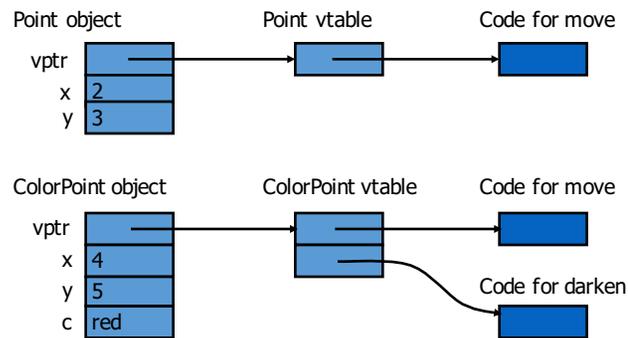
1. Prelude: C++-style representation
2. Multiple inheritance
3. Interfaces
4. Traits/mixins

Uses slides by Steve Freund

C++ Run-Time Representation

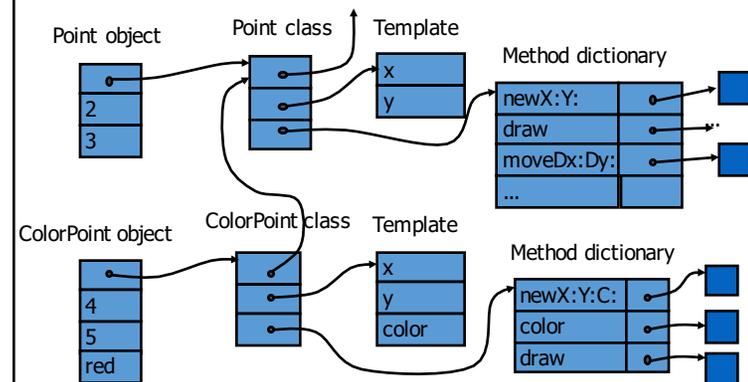


C++ Run-Time Representation



Data at same offset Function pointers at same offset

Contrast with Smalltalk representation



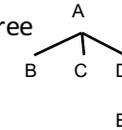
C++ goals

- Zero-cost abstraction
- Pay as you go
- ...
- High level of control over representation/performance.

Single v. Multiple Inheritance

- Single inheritance: tree

- one superclass
- Linear code reuse



- Multiple inheritance: DAG

- multiple superclasses
- Compositional code reuse

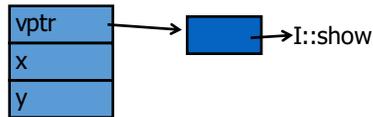


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Multiple Inheritance

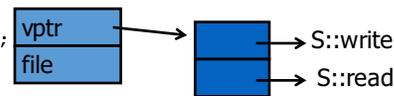
```

class Image {
    int x,y;
    virtual void show();
};
    
```



```

class Serializable {
    string file;
    virtual void write();
    virtual void read();
};
    
```



```

class SerialImage: public Image, public Serializable {
    virtual void write();
    virtual void show();
};
    
```

Multiple Inheritance

```

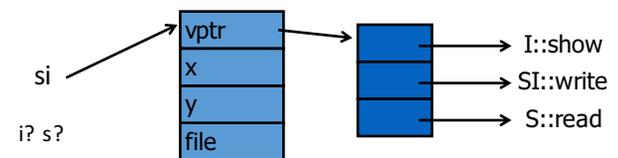
SerialImage *si = new SerialImage();
si -> show();
si -> write();
si -> read();
    
```

```

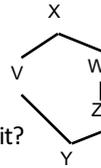
Image *i = si;
i -> show();
    
```

```

Serializable *s = si;
s -> write();
s -> read();
    
```



Downside: too many choices



If V and Z both define method **m**, what does Y inherit?
 What does **super** mean?

What if X defines a method **m** that Z but not V overrides?

If X defines fields, should Y have one or two **fs**?
 Is the answer different if V and W both define field **g**?

...

C++ approach: support all combinations of possibilities!

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ArtistCowboys

```

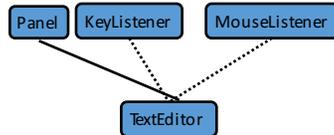
class PocketWearer {
    var pocket ...
}
class Artist extends PocketWearer {
    def draw(): Unit =
        ... // get brush from pocket and draw with it
}
class Cowboy extends PocketWearer {
    def draw(): Unit =
        ... // draw pistol from pocket and aim
}

class ArtistCowboy extends Artist, Cowboy {
    // not Scala!
}

new ArtistCowboy.draw // ??????????
  
```

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Java Interfaces



```

interface KeyListener {
    void keyPressed(KeyEvent e);
    void keyReleased(KeyEvent e);
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e);
}

interface MouseListener {
    void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e);
}

class TextEditor extends Panel
    implements KeyListener, MouseListener {
    void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) { /* code */ }
    void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) { /* code */ }
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) { /* code */ }
    void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) { /* code */ }
}
  
```

Interfaces vs. Multiple Inheritance

```

class DefaultKeyListener {
    // default is to do nothing
    void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) { }
    void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) { }
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) { }
}

class TextField : public Panel, DefaultKeyListener {
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) { /* code here */ }
    ...
}

class TerminalWindow : public Panel, DefaultKeyListener {
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) { /* code here */ }
    ...
}
  
```

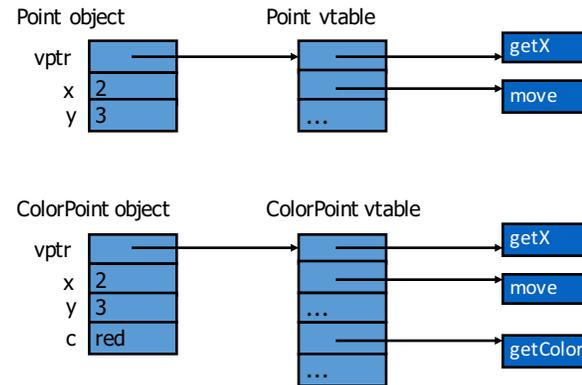
Interfaces vs. Multiple Inheritance

```
interface KeyListener {
    void keyPressed(KeyEvent e);
    void keyReleased(KeyEvent e);
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e);
}

class TextField extends Panel implements KeyListener {
    void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {}
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) { /* code here */ }
    void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) {}
}

class TerminalWindow extends Panel implements KeyListener {
    void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {}
    void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) { /* code here */ }
    void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) {}
}
```

Dispatching interface method calls?



Scala Traits

- Completely Abstract

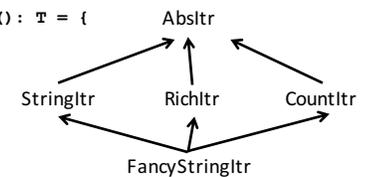
```
trait AbsIterator[T] {
    def hasNext(): boolean;
    def next(): T;
}
```

- Partially Implemented

```
trait RichIterator[T] extends AbsIterator[T] {
    def foreach(f: T => Unit): Unit = {
        while (hasNext()) f(next())
    }
}
```

Scala Traits

```
trait CountingIterator[T] extends AbsIterator[T] {
    var count = 0;
    abstract override def next(): T = {
        count = count + 1;
        super.next();
    }
    def count() = count;
}
```



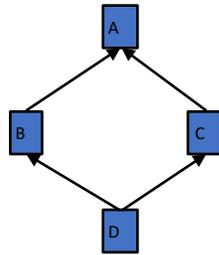
```
class FancyStringIterator(s: String)
    extends StringIterator(s)
    with RichIterator[Char]
    with CountingIterator[Char] { ... }
```

Name Resolution via Linearization

```

trait A { }
trait B extends A { }
trait C extends A { }
class D extends B with C { }

```



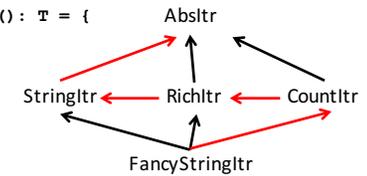
Right-first depth-first search: [D,C,A,B,A]
 Eliminate all but last occurrence: [D,C,B,A]

Scala Traits

```

trait CountingIterator[T] extends AbsIterator[T] {
  var count = 0;
  abstract override def next(): T = {
    count = count + 1;
    super.next();
  }
  def count() = count;
}

```



```

class FancyStringIterator(s: String)
  extends StringIterator(s)
  with RichIterator[Char]
  with CountingIterator[Char] { ... }

```

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mixin>