
CS 333:
Natural Language
Processing

Fall 2025

Prof. Carolyn Anderson
Wellesley College

My Work in NLP

Text-to-Code Models

[Knowledge Transfer from High-Resource to Low-Resource Programming Languages for Code LLMs](#)

F Cassano, J Gouwar, F Lucchetti, C Schlesinger, CJ Anderson, ...
arXiv preprint arXiv:2308.09895

[StarCoder: may the source be with you!](#)

R Li, LB Allal, Y Zi, N Muennighoff, D Kocetkov, C Mou, M Marone, C Akiki, ...
arXiv preprint arXiv:2305.06161

[StudentEval: A Benchmark of Student-Written Prompts for Large Language Models of Code](#)

HML Babe, S Nguyen, Y Zi, A Guha, MQ Feldman, CJ Anderson
arXiv preprint arXiv:2306.04556

[MultiPL-E: a scalable and polyglot approach to benchmarking neural code generation](#)

F Cassano, J Gouwar, D Nguyen, S Nguyen, L Phipps-Costin, D Pinckney, ...
IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering

[Non-expert programmers in the generative AI future](#)

MQ Feldman, CJ Anderson
Proceedings of the 3rd Annual Meeting of the Symposium on Human-Computer ...

LLM Evaluation

[Solving and Generating NPR Sunday Puzzles with Large Language Models](#)

J Zhao, CJ Anderson
arXiv preprint arXiv:2306.12255

[Do All Minority Languages Look the Same to GPT-3? Linguistic \(Mis\)information in a Large Language Model](#)

S Nguyen, CJ Anderson
Proceedings of the Society for Computation in Linguistics 6 (1), 400-402

[Phd knowledge not required: A reasoning challenge for large language models](#)

Z Wu, F Lucchetti, A Boruch-Gruszecki, J Zhao, CJ Anderson, J Biswas, ...
arXiv preprint arXiv:2502.01584

Interdisciplinary Work

[GlyphPattern: An Abstract Pattern Recognition Benchmark for Vision-Language Models](#)

Z Wu, Y Kim, CJ Anderson
Association for Computational Linguistics

[Components of Character: Exploring the Computational Similarity of Austen's Characters](#)

CJ Anderson
Journal of Data Mining & Digital Humanities, 2025

[Tell me everything you know: a conversation update system for the rational speech acts framework](#)

CJ Anderson
Proceedings of the Society for Computation in Linguistics 2021, 244-253

Course Goal

To make you into a skilled NLP practitioner who can:

- ◆ Understand and implement core NLP algorithms and models.
- ◆ Explore the challenges posed by different aspects of human language.
- ◆ Analyze ethical concerns about language technology.
- ◆ Complete a series of projects to implement and improve NLP models.

Natural Language Processing

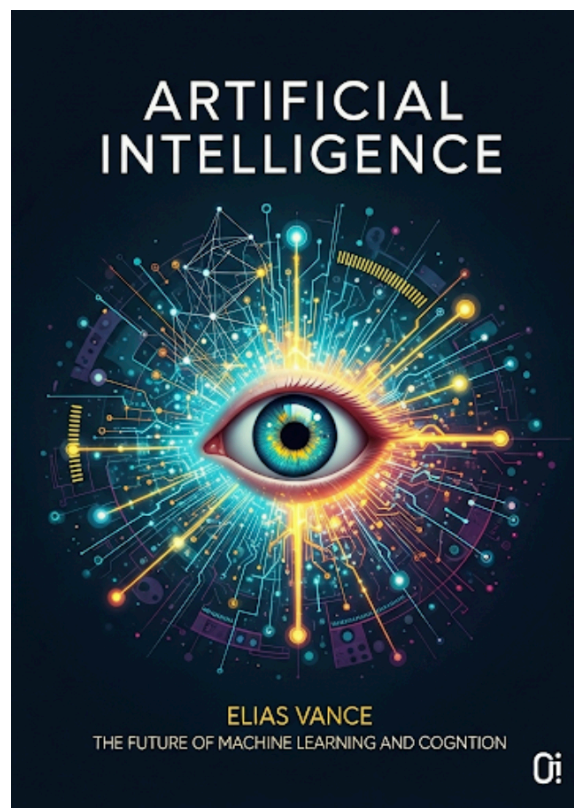
Human language

Natural Language Processing

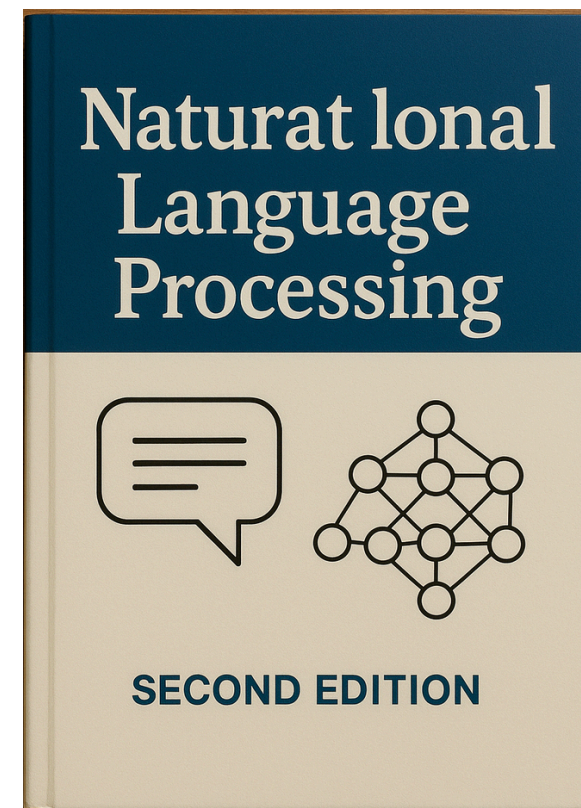
Doing stuff with language data

Is NLP AI?

Artificial Intelligence

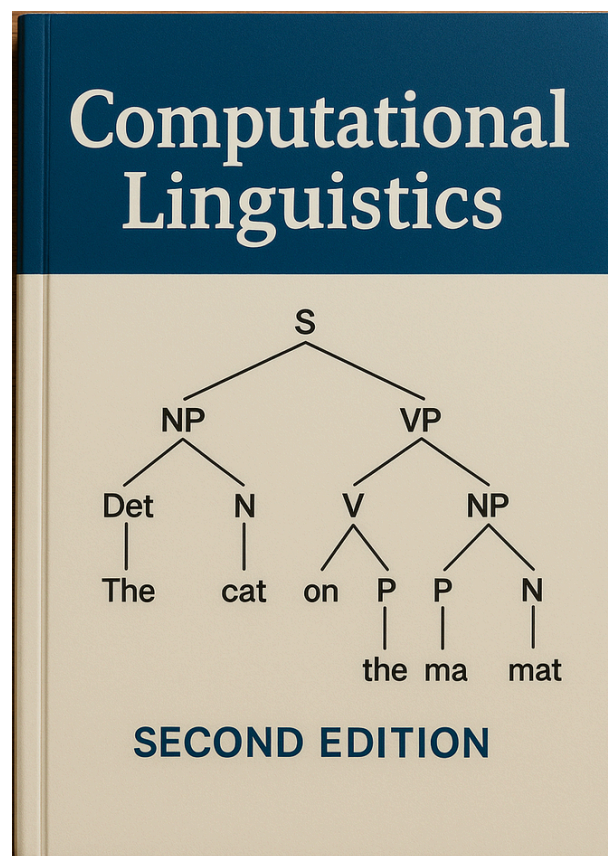


Natural Language Processing

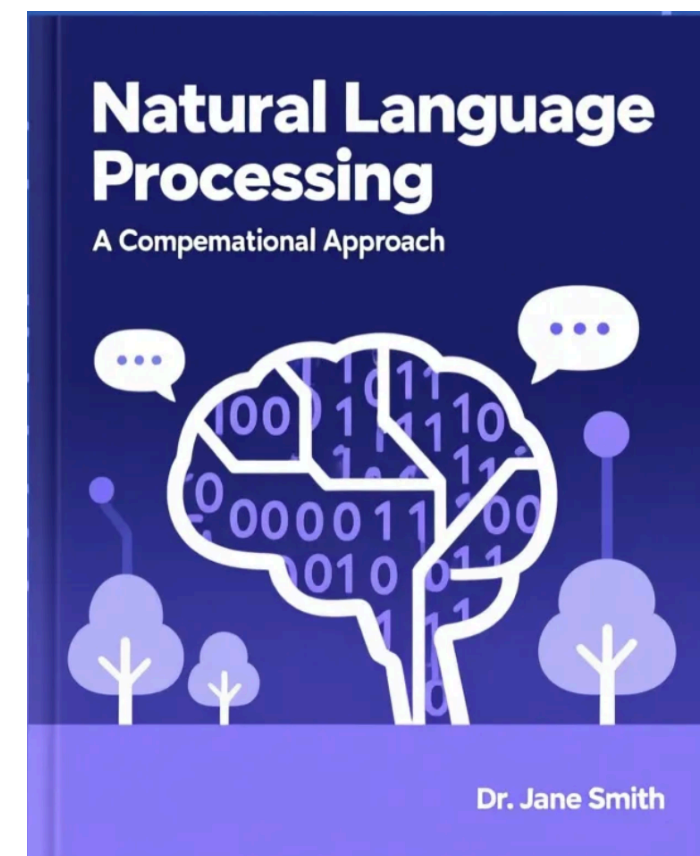


Is NLP Computational Linguistics?

Computational Linguistics

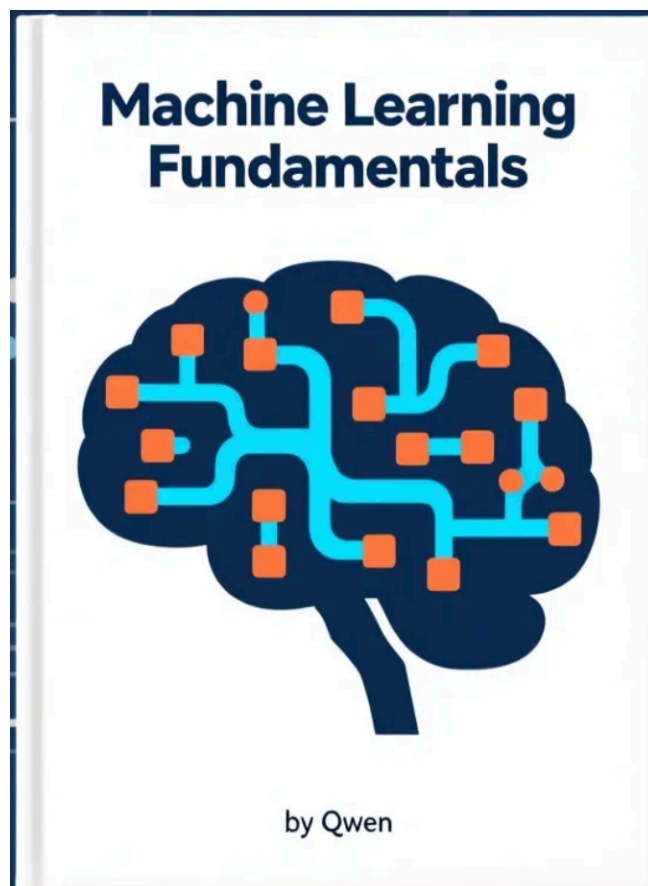


Natural Language Processing

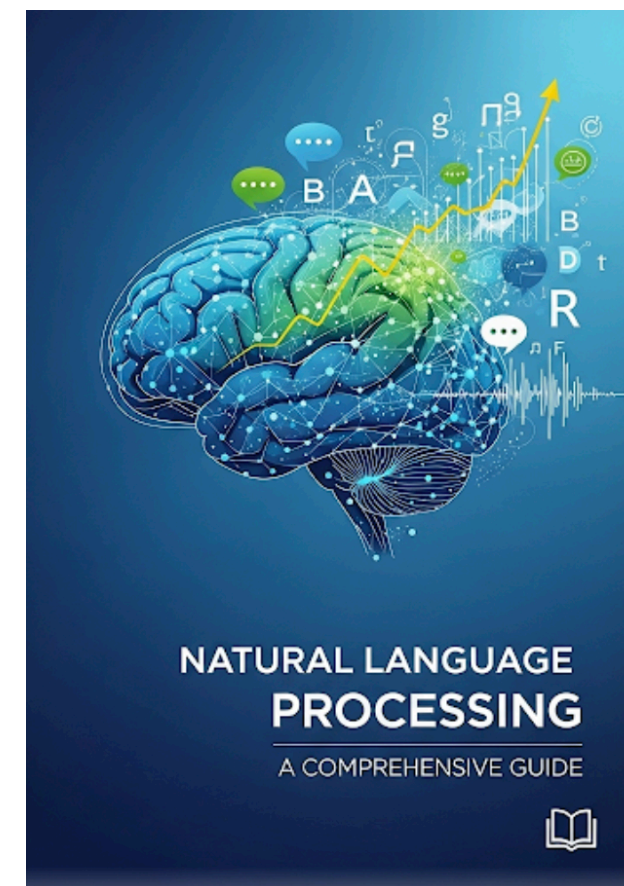


Is NLP Machine Learning?

Machine
Learning



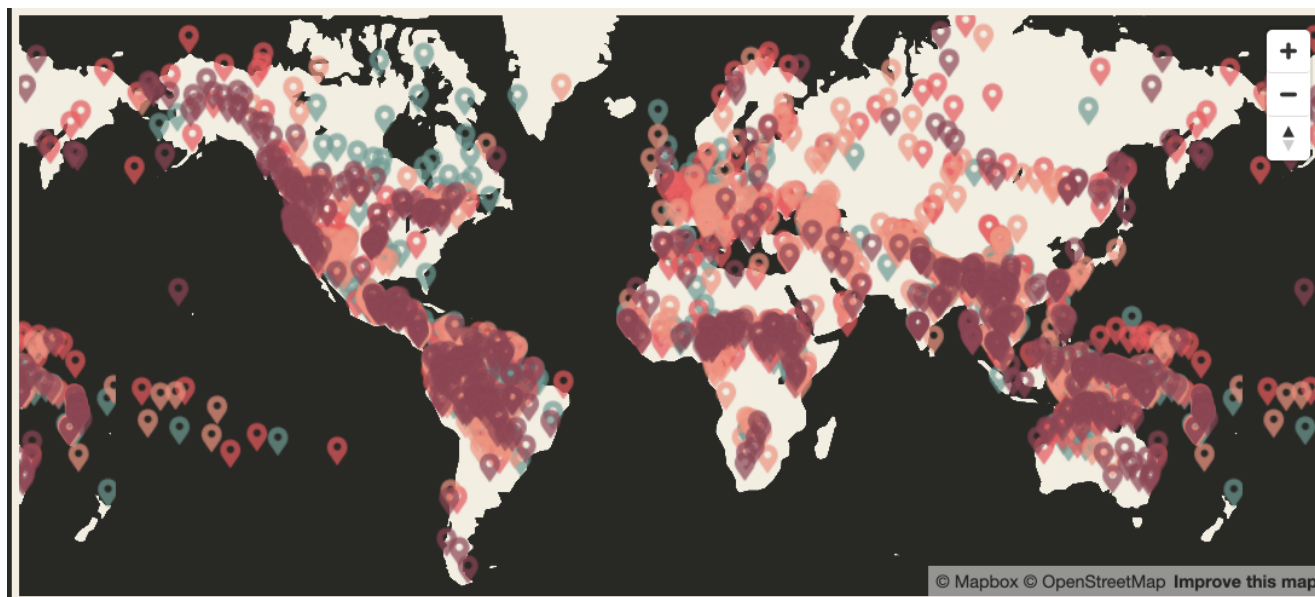
Natural Language
Processing



Natural Language

Natural Language

- ◆ There are around 7000 human languages
- ◆ 50% of the world's languages are **endangered**
- ◆ Languages can be spoken or signed



Layers of Linguistic Representation



Up Top: Pragmatics



B asks a yes-no question, but A does not respond with yes or no.

Up Top: Pragmatics



A literally says: it is 7 in the morning.

Up Top: Pragmatics



A implies: it's way too early for ice cream.

Up Top: Pragmatics



Pragmatics: the meaning of sequences of sentences.

Next Layer: Semantics



How do we know what B's question means?

Next Layer: Semantics



What does the sequence of words *wanna go get ice cream* mean?

Next Layer: Semantics



Too complicated to explain here-- go take semantics!

Next Layer: Semantics



What does the sequence of words *it's 7 am* mean?

Next Layer: Semantics



$[[\text{it's 7am}]] = \text{NOW}(7\text{am})$

Next Layer: Semantics



$[[\text{it's 7am}]]^{c,w} = \text{True if } w_t == 7\text{am else False}$

Next Layer: Semantics



Basically: *it's 7am* is a **function** that takes a **world** and returns true for some worlds and false for others.

Next Layer: Semantics



Semantics: the **meaning** of a sentence is its **truth conditions** (the conditions under which it is true).

Middle Layer: Syntax



How do we determine the order of the words?

Middle Layer: Syntax



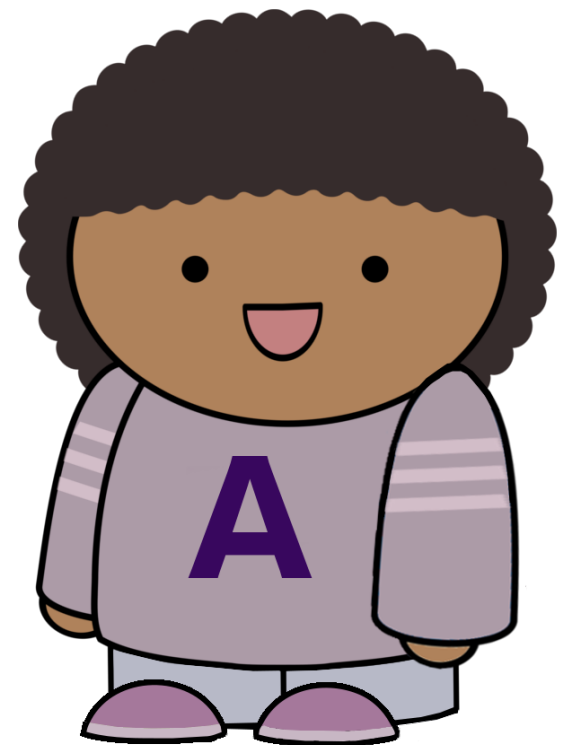
How do we determine the order of the words?

Middle Layer: Syntax

Wanna ice
cream get go?



*Must be
German...*



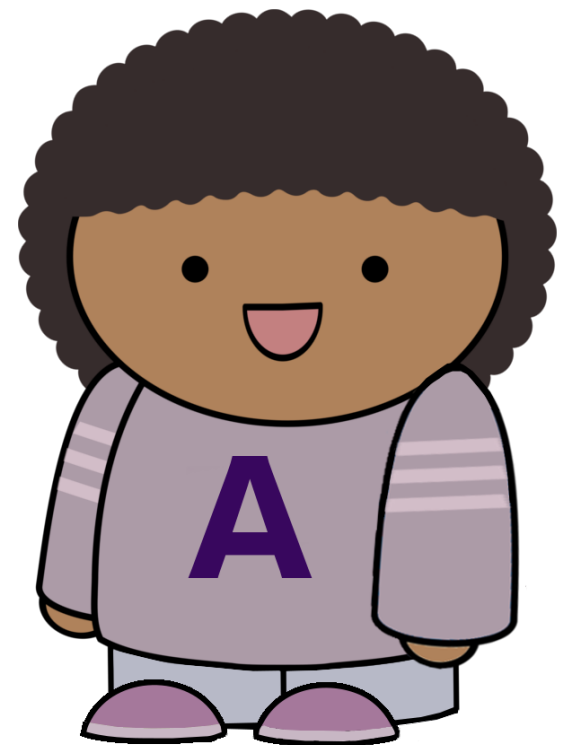
How do we determine the order of the words?

Middle Layer: Syntax

Wanna ice
cream get go?

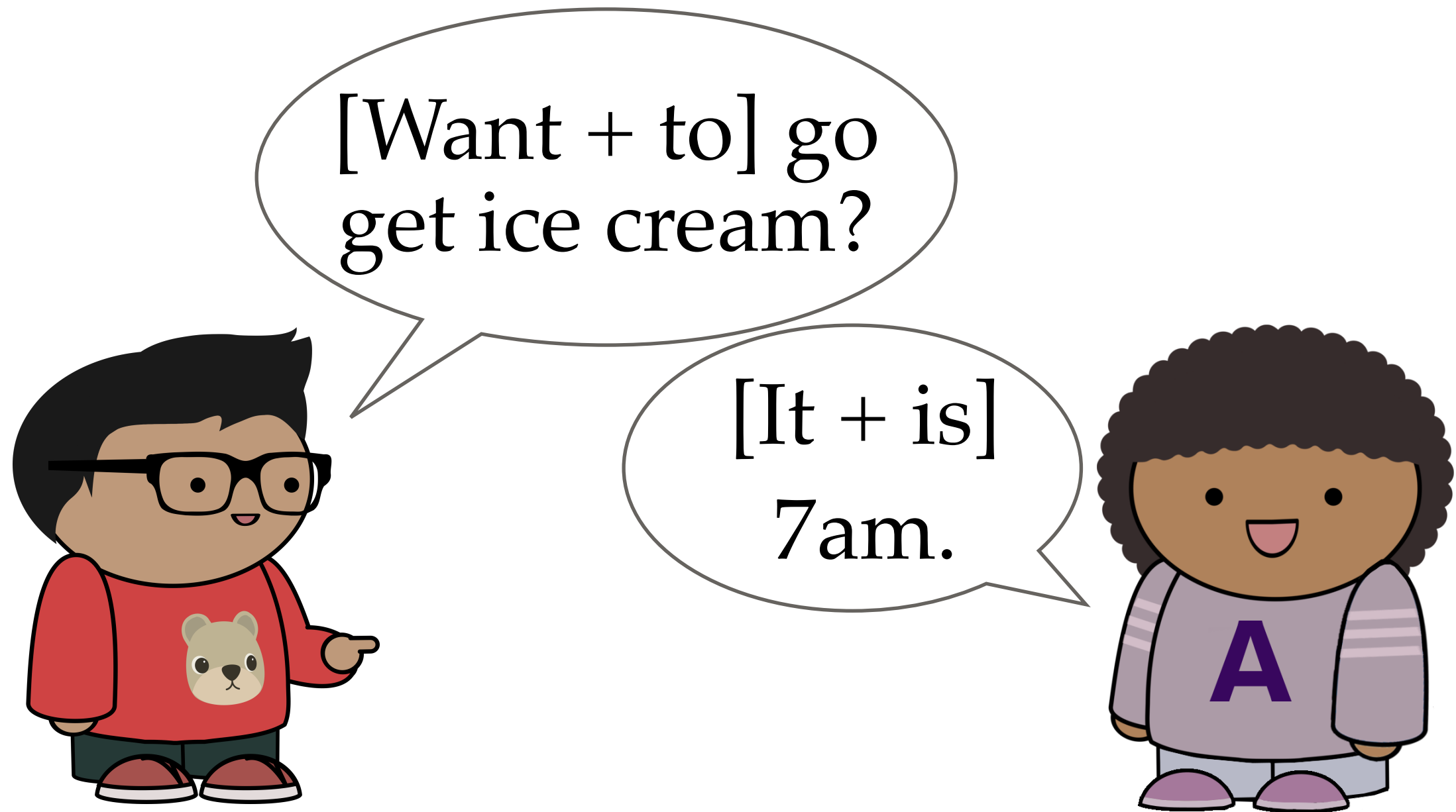


*Must be
German...*



Syntax: the structure of a sentence is determined by a set of language-specific syntactic rules.

Glue Layer: Morphology

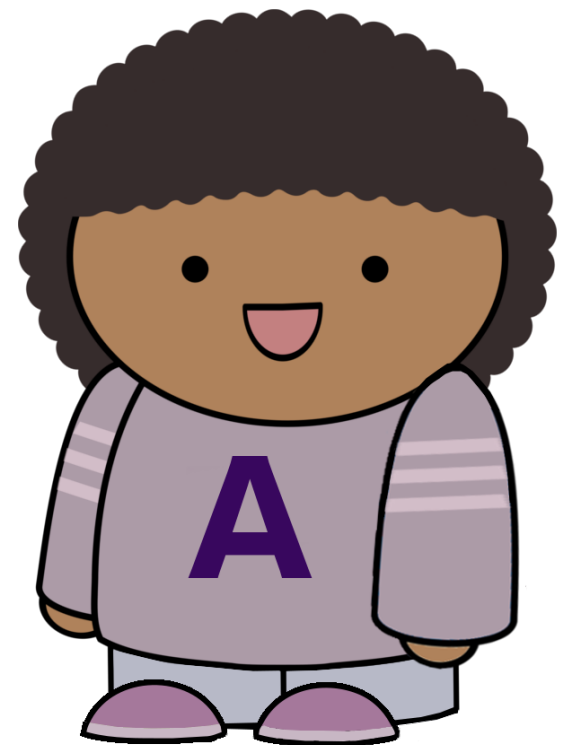


Morphology: the rules that determine how words are formed.

Lower Layer: Phonology

'wʌnə goʊ get
aɪs krim?

*A weird
American*

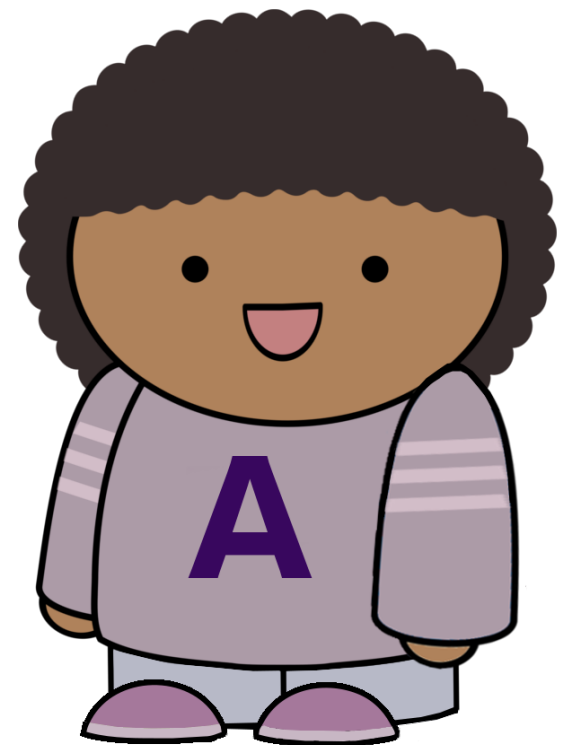


Phonology: the rules that determine how the sounds/signs of a language are organized

Lower Layer: Phonology

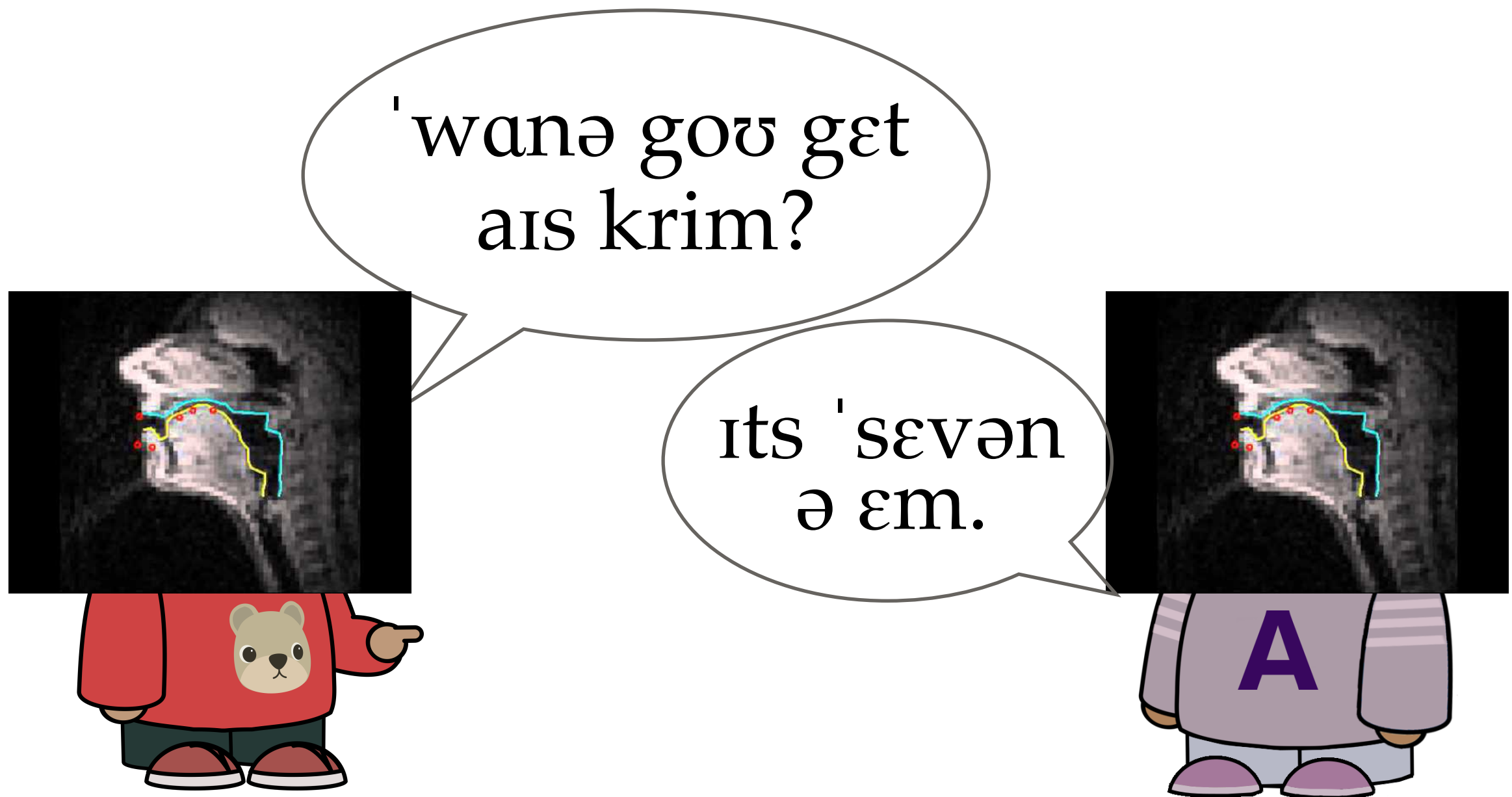
'wɒnə gəʊ get
aɪs kri:m?

*A weird
Brit*



Phonology: the rules that determine how the sounds/signs of a language are organized

Foundation: Phonology



Phonetics: how do language users produce the building blocks of language?

Layers of Linguistic Abstraction

PRAGMATICS It's 7am $\Rightarrow$ it's a weird time for ice cream so I don't know how to respond.

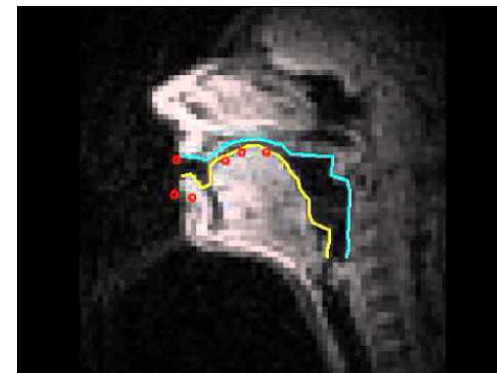
SEMANTICS $[[\text{It's 7am}]] \rightarrow \text{True if now}(w) == 7\text{am else False}$

SYNTAX $\{7, \text{it's}, \text{am}\} \rightarrow \text{It's 7am.}$

MORPHOLOGY $\{7 \rightarrow 7, [\text{it is}] \rightarrow \text{it's}, \text{am} \rightarrow \text{am}\}$

PHONOLOGY its 'sɛvən ə ɛm.

PHONETICS



Natural and Artificial Language Learning

How do people learn language?

Humans learn language instinctively:

- ♦ Language has a **critical acquisition period**
- ♦ Language acquisition begins before birth and follows predictable developmental stages
- ♦ Humans can't decide **not** to learn language
- ♦ Language acquisition does not seem to correlate with intelligence
- ♦ All human cultures have language; no other species do
- ♦ All human languages are equally expressive

Example: Child Language Acquisition

Example 2

Example 1



cj and ember manning liked



Gareth Roberts @garicgymro · 45m

Just overheard from two of my kids:

Osian (5;1): Look how I caught Mickey!

Eirwen (8;2): Do you mean caught?

Osian: ... yeah.

Eirwen: But you can keep saying caught!

Osian: Look how I caught him!

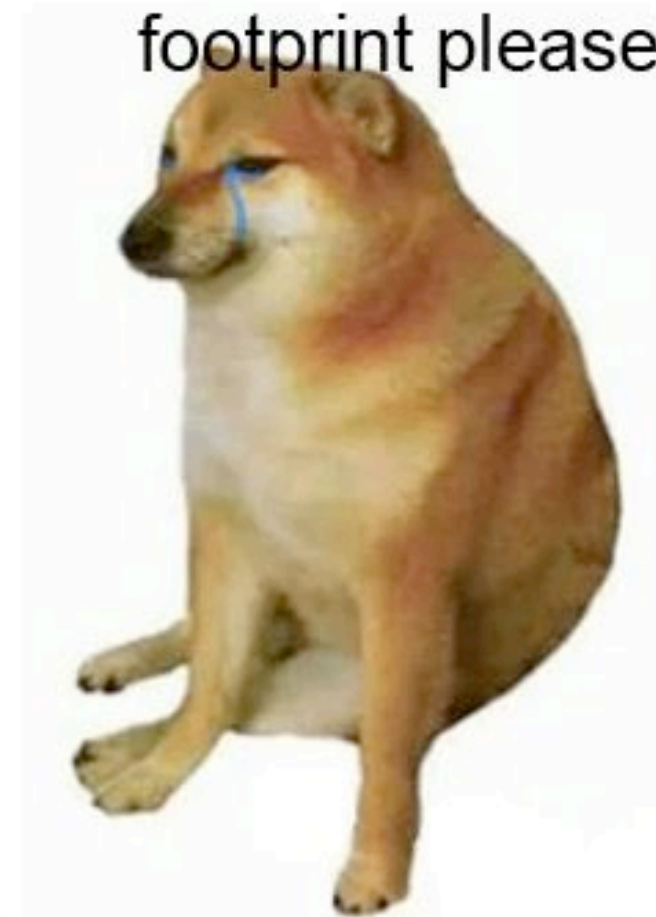


Learning Language



human infants

with fast mapping, i
can learn the meaning
of a word in 3
exposures in my
human brain powered
by food



large language models

1 trillion
parameters and
a carbon
footprint please

Practicalities

Schedule

- ◆ Room: SCI L039
- ◆ Lecture: 9:55-11:10 on Tuesdays and Fridays
- ◆ Assignments are due on **Thursdays at 10 PM**

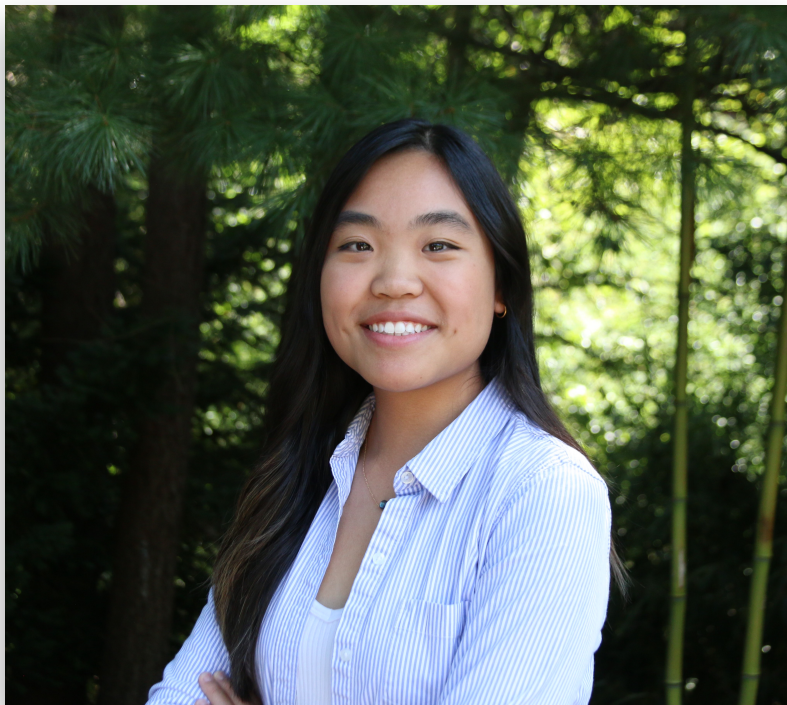
Help Hours

- Mondays 4-5:30pm
- Thursdays 4-5
- By appointment (schedule using online calendar)

Come to my help hours to ...

- ♦ Get help with CS333
- ♦ Talk about NLP

Tutors



Ashley Sheng
Tutor



Caroline Witty
Tutor

Readings

This course has required weekly readings. Most are from the course textbook: *Speech and Language Processing* by Jurfasky & Martin. The third edition is free online.

All readings are listed on the schedule.

Please finish each week's required reading before coming to class on Tuesday.

Quizzes

There will be a **quiz** in class **every Tuesday** to test your understanding of the assigned reading.

- + open note, closed computer
- + timed but very brief (1-2 questions)

Homework will be in Python

Please set up a Python 3.12 virtual environment.



This will be a
fun programing
language to
learn

wait this is a snake

photo credit: Kat Maddox

Assignments

- ◆ Assignments are due on **Thursdays at 10 PM**
- ◆ Homework submission will be through Gradescope.
- ◆ There are **9** weekly assignments.
- ◆ **HW 0** is due this Thursday.

Intellectual Curiosity Points

If you follow the homework assignment instructions, you can earn up to 90 points.

You can earn up to 10 additional points by demonstrating intellectual curiosity: doing something **beyond** what is described.

Late Policy

You have **5 late days** for the semester, which you can use all at once, or spread across assignments. **Subsequent late days will come at a cost of 5 HW points.**

Important: I will not answer questions on late work during help hours.

If you have a prolonged illness or unexpected circumstance, let me know and **we'll work together** to make a **custom plan.**

Sickness

Please don't come to class sick.

If you are sick, let me know and **we'll work together** to make a **plan**.

Collaboration policy

In this class, you can talk at a high-level with other students about assignments, but **you cannot show them your code.**

If you discuss a homework problem with another student, **please note this** on your assignment when you submit it.

You may not use ChatGPT, Bard, Codex or any other AI system unless explicitly stated in the homework assignment.

AI policy

You may not use ChatGPT, Bard, Codex or any other AI system on assignments unless explicitly stated in the homework assignment.

If you would like to use generative AI for any other purpose during the semester, **you must receive permission first**. Send me an email describing how you'd like to use it, and I'll let you know what I think.

AI Policy

- ♦ The impact of GenAI on programming education is a key research area of mine. I'm very happy to talk more about why my policy is what it is.
- ♦ My goal is to give you the necessary foundation to become an expert in NLP (if you choose). This requires significant programming expertise.
- ♦ *Automation is about trading learning for efficiency.* This can be worthwhile! But not when your goal is to learn.

AI Policy

- ♦ The impact of GenAI on programming education is a key research area of mine. I'm very happy to talk more about why my policy is what it is.
- ♦ My goal is to give you the necessary foundation to become an expert in NLP (if you choose). This requires significant programming expertise.
- ♦ *Automation is about trading learning for efficiency.* This can be worthwhile! But not when your goal is to learn.
- ♦ For the **final project**, there are some tasks where the trade-off may be appropriate (for instance, webscraping to build a dataset— not a learning goal for this class).

Midterms and Final Paper

- **Midterm 1**: in-class programming exam on Oct. 10th
- **Midterm 2**: in-class paper exam on Nov. 7th
- **Final paper** on a research topic of your choice due at the end of term

Course Goal

To make you into a skilled NLP practitioner who can:

- ◆ Understand and implement core NLP algorithms and models.
- ◆ Explore the challenges posed by different aspects of human language.
- ◆ Analyze ethical concerns about language technology.
- ◆ Complete a series of projects to implement and improve NLP models.

Next class: text processing

Wrangling data is frustrating

Natural Language Processing

is mostly
DATA WRANGLING

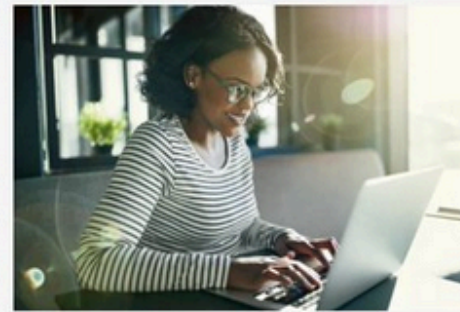


Can we make it **fun**?



No.

OK but can we eliminate frustration?



Also no.

Sorry.